DHANALAKSHMI SRINIVASAN UNIVERSITY SAMAYAPURAM - 621112



B.Sc. Nursing (4 Years Program)

SYLLABUS AND REGULATIONS

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I. PHILOSOPHY

(Adapted from Indian Nursing Council)We believe that.

Health is a state of well- being that enables a person to lead a psychologically, socially and economically productive life. Health is a right of all the people. Individuals, families and communities have a responsibility towards maintaining their health.

Nursing contributes to the health services in a vital and significant way in the health care delivery system. It recognizes national health goals and is committed to participate in the implementation of National Health Policies and programmes. It aims at identifying health needs of the people, planning and providing quality care in collaboration with other health professional and community groups.

Scope of nursing practice encompasses provision of promotive, preventive, curative and rehabilitative aspects of care to people across their life span in wide variety of health care settings. Practice of nursing is based upon application of basic concepts and principles derived from the physical, biological and behavioural sciences, medicine and nursing.

Nursing is based on values of caring, and aims to help individuals to attain independence in self-care. It necessitates development of compassion and understanding of human behaviour among its practitioners to provide care with respect and dignity and protect the rights of individuals & groups.

Undergraduate nursing program is broad based education within an academic framework specifically directed to the development of critical thinking skills, competencies & standards required for practice of professional nursing and midwifery as envisaged in National Health Policy 2002.

The teachers have the responsibility to be role models and create learning environment that enables students to acquire inquiry driven, self directed learning and foster an attitude of life long learning.

Under graduate nursing education program prepares its graduates to become exemplary citizen by adhering to code of ethics and professional conduct at all times in fulfilling personal, social and professional obligations so as to respond to national aspirations.

II. AIMS:

The aim of the undergraduate nursing program is to:

- Prepare graduates to assume responsibilities as professionals, competent nurses and midwives in providing promotive, preventive, curative, and rehabilitative services,
- Prepare nurses who can make independent decisions in nursing situations, protect the rights
 of and facilitate individuals and groups in pursuit of health, functions in the hospital,
 community nursing services, and conduct research studies in the areas of nursing practice.
 They are also expected to assume the role of teacher, supervisor, and manager in aclinical
 / public health settings.

III. OBJECTIVES:

On completion of four year B.Sc. Nursing Program the graduate will be able to:

- 1. Apply knowledge from physical, biological and behavioral sciences, medicine including alternative systems and nursing in providing nursing care to individuals, families and communities.
- 2. Demonstrate understanding of life styles and other factors, which affect health ofindividuals and groups.
- 3. Provide nursing care based on steps of nursing process in collaboration with individuals and groups.
- 4. Demonstrate critical thinking skill in making decisions in all situations in order toprovide quality care.
- 5. Utilize the latest trends and technology in providing health care.
- 6. Provide promotive, preventive and restorative health services in line with the NationalHealth Policies and Programmes.
- 7. Practice within the frame work of code of ethics and professional conduct, and acceptable standards of practice within the legal boundaries.
- 8. Communicate effectively with individuals and groups, and members of the health teamin order to promote effective inter personal relationship and team work.
- 9. Demonstrate skills in teaching to individuals and groups in clinical and communityhealth settings.
- 10. Participate effectively as members of the health team in health care delivery system.
- 11. Demonstrate leadership and managerial skills in clinical / community health settings.

- 12. Conduct need based research studies in various settings and utilize the researchfindings to improve the quality of care.
- 13. Demonstrate awareness, interest, and contribute towards advancement of self and ofthe profession.

IV. COURSE OUTCOME:

At the end of the course the B.Sc(N) Program the graduate nurse will be able to function as a General Nurse practitioner to provide comprehensive care / supervise and train nursing students at various health care settings and educational institutions and adhere to the code of Nursing Ethics.

DHANALAKSHMI SRINIVASAN UNIVERSITY

V. REGULATIONS OF THE UNIVERSITY

SHORT TITLE AND COMMENCEMENT

These regulations shall be called "THE REGULATIONS FOR THE **BACHELOR OF NURSING DEGREE COURSE** OF DHANALAKSHMI SRINIVASAN UNIVERSITY,
Samayapuram".

The regulation and syllabi are subject to modifications by the standing Board of Studies for nursing course from time to time.

1. ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSION:

The minimum age for admission shall be 17 years on or before 31st Dec. of the year ofadmission. The minimum educational requirements shall be the passing of:

Higher Secondary school certificate Examination (12 years course)

An equivalent with 12 years schooling from a recognized board or university with minimum of 45 % aggregate marks (40% marks for SC, ST, for MBC, OBC candidates in part – III subjects of Physics, Chemistry & Biology / Botany & Zoology) and should have English as one of the subject.

Candidate shall be medically fit.

2. SELECTION OF CANDIDATES

Selection of the candidates should be based on the merit of the entrance examinationheld by university or competent authority or as per regulation of the University from time to time.

3. DURATION OF THE COURSE AND COURSE OF STUDY:

The period of certified study and training of the B.Sc. Nursing Degree course shall be offour academic years including internship.

Available Weeks / Academic year 52 Weeks

Examination (including preparation) 4 Weeks

Vacation 8 Weeks

Gazetted holidays 3 Weeks

Available Weeks 37 Weeks

Hours per week 40 hours

Hours available per academic year 1480 (37weeks x 40 hours)

4. MEDIUM OF INSTRUCTION:

English shall be the medium of instruction for all the subjects of study and for examination of the course.

5. MINIMUM WORKING DAYS IN AN ACADEMIC YEAR:

Each academic year shall consist of not less than 240 working days.

6. REGISTRATION:

A Candidate admitted into B.Sc, Nursing Degree course of the DHANALAKSHMI SRINIVASAN UNIVERSITY, Samayapuram shall submit the prescribed application form for registration duly filled along with prescribed fee and declaration in the format, to the Admission Officer on or before the cut-off date prescribed for admission.

7. ATTENDANCE REQUIRED FOR APPEARING EXAMINATION:

Examination will be conducted in both theory and practical as prescribed. The candidates will be permitted to appear for the University Examinations, only if they secure 80% of attendance in theory and practical for a subject irrespective of any kind of absence overall in a year.

The student should complete 100% of attendance in practical before course completion and the award of the Degree.

A student who does not meet the minimum attendance requirement in a year must repeat the course along with the next batch of students.

8. INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:

Internal assessment will be done in each subject of study and the marks will beawarded to the candidates as detailed in the scheme of examinations.

Minimum Internal Pass Marks for theory and practical to be 50% individually. Theminimum pass mark for theory is 13 out of 25.

The candidate appearing for arrear examination in the subject will have the same internal marks secured in the previous examination (1st attempt).

A checklist or criteria to be developed by the respective institutions for objective evaluation of assignments, records, reports, and clinical presentations.

Weightage for Internal Marks

The internal marks to be calculated based on the following criteria

Internal assessment for theory: (25 Marks)

Criteria	Weight age	Marks rounded off to 25	Marks rounded off to 50
Best of three Unit test marks	45%	12	23
Best of two Assignment marks	25%	6	12
Model Exam	30%	8	15
Total	100%	25	50

Internal assessment for Practical: (100 Marks/ 50 Marks)

Criteria	Weightage	Marks rounded
	(100%)	off to 50
Continuous assessment of Clinical Performance	30%	15
Clinical assignment	20%	10
(Case study/ Practical record/Case book)		
Clinical Presentation	10%	5
Observational /field visit/ Health talk	10%	5
Model Practical Examination	30%	15
Total	100%	50

On Completion of Internship, Internal Assessment out of 100 marks should be sent o the University for inclusion in the mark list.

9. EXAMINATIONS:

University examinations to be conducted after the completion of Eleven months of the course for the annual pattern. The University Examinations will be conducted in the annual pattern for all the four years from 1st week of August and supplementary exam in 1st week of February.

The particulars of subjects for various examinations and distribution of marks are detailed in the Scheme of Examination.

The examination for the main subjects will be conducted by the University and the marks for the internal subjects will be awarded by the subject handling faculty and forwarded to University by the concerned college.

Theory and Practical Exam for Introduction to Computer and Theory Exam or English to be conducted as College Exam and marks to be sent to University for inclusion in the mark sheet.

The Dhanalakshmi Srinivasan University Practical Examinations shall be jointly conducted by one internal and one external examiner duly appointed by the University.

To be an examiner the faculty should possess three years of experience after MSC Nursing as per the Dhanalakshmi Srinivasan University regulation. To be an examiner for nursing foundations course faculty having M.Sc. (Nursing) with any specialty shall be considered provided she / He currently handing the subject.

If a candidate fails in either theory or practical paper he/she has to re-appear for both the papers (Theory and practical).

A candidate should clear all arrear subjects before appearing for final exam in IV year.

All practical examinations must be held in the respective clinical areas.

Maximum number of candidates for Practical examination should not exceed more than 20 students per day.

The external practical examination should have the following criteria & weightage:

Criteria	Weightage (100%)	Weightage for 100 marks
Patient care at the bed side	60%	60
OSCE in skill lab	30%	30
Viva	10%	10
Total	100%	100

The question paper setters need to submit the answer key along with question paper.

Students shall be permitted to use Simple calculator during Nursing Research & Statistics examination for both new and old syllabus.

10. MARKS QUALIFYING FOR PASS:

A candidate has to pass in theory and practical exam separately in both internal and external examination of each paper.

A candidate has to secure minimum of 50% of marks in the University Theory and practical Examinations separately except for English.

Minimum pass mark for English shall be 40% only.

A candidate has to secure minimum of 50% of marks in Introduction to Computer.

A candidate has to secure minimum of 50% of marks in each Section A & B separately where two subjects are combined in single paper. If a candidate who has failed to secure the minimum pass mark of 50% either in Section A or B, the candidate has to write again both the sections irrespective the fact whether the candidate has passed in one section

11. ELIGIBILITY / MAXIMUM DURATION FOR THE AWARD OF THE DEGREE

The candidates shall be eligible for the Degree of Bachelor of Nursing when they have undergone the prescribed course of study for a period of not less than four years in Dhanalakshmi Srinivasan University and have passed the prescribed examinations in all subjects.

The maximum period to complete the course successfully should not exceed a period of eight years.

12. DECLARATION OF CLASS:

A successful candidate obtaining 75% and more marks in the grand total aggregate at

first attempt shall be declared to have passed with First class with Distinction.

A successful candidate obtaining 60% and more but less than 75% of marks in the grand total aggregate at **first attempt** shall be declared to have passed with **First Class.**

A successful candidate obtaining 50% and more but less than 60% of marks in the grand total aggregate at **first attempt** shall be declared to have passed with **Second Class.**

A successful candidate obtaining 60% and more in the grand total aggregate at **second attempt** shall be declared to have passed with **Second Class**.

A successful candidate obtaining 50% and more but less than 60% in the grand total aggregate at **second attempt** shall be declared to have passed with **Third Class.**

Ranks shall be declared on the basis of the aggregate marks obtained by a candidate in the University Examination subjects of the course. Only those candidates who have passed all the subjects in all examination at **first attempt** shall be eligible for the award of **Rank**.

VI. **COURSE OF INSTRUCTION**

S. No	Subject	Theory hrs	Practical hrs	Total Hours
	First Year	(Class and Lab)	(Clinical)	nours
1		60		60
1. 2.	English			
	Anatomy	60		60
3.	Physiology	60		60
4.	Nutrition	40+20		60
5.	Biochemistry	30	450	30
6.	Nursing Foundations	265 + 200	450	915
7.	Psychology	60		60
8.	Microbiology	45+15		60
9.	Introduction to computers	15 + 30		45
10.	Regional Language	30		30
10.	Library Work /Self Study	50		50
11.	Co-curricular activities	50		50
	Total Hours	1030	450	1480
	Second Year			
1.	Sociology	60		60
2.	Pharmacology	45		45
3.	Pathology	30		30
4.	Genetics	15		15
5.	Medical-Surgical Nursing (Adult including Geriatrics)-I	210	720	930
6.	Community Health Nursing-I	90	135	225
7.	Communication and Educational Technology	60 + 30		90
8.	Library Work / Self Study	50		50
9.	Co-curricular activities	35		35
	Total Hours	625	855	1480
	Third Year			
1.	Medical Surgical Nursing - II (Adult including Geriatrics)	120	460	580
2.	Child Health Nursing	90	270	360
3.	Mental Health Nursing	90	270	360
4.	Nursing Research & Statistics	45	*	45
5.	Library Work / Self Study	50		50
6	Co-curricular activities	50		50
	Total Hours	445	1000	1445
	Fourth Year		1000	11.0
1.	Midwifery and Obstetrical Nursing	90	180	270
2.	Community Health Nursing – II Including the concept of Middle Level Health Provider (MLHP)	90	135	225
3.	Management of Nursing Services and Education	60+30	-	90
	Total Hours	225	315	585

*Project to be carried out during internship

Note: Hours of course instruction can be planned at the institutional level.

Integrated Nursing Training (INTERNSHIP)

S. No	Subject	In weeks	Practical (In hrs)	
1.	Midwifery and Obstetrical Nursing	9	432	
2.	Community Health Nursing – II	4	192	
3.	Medical Surgical Nursing (Adult and Geriatric)	5	240	
4.	Child Health Nursing	3	144	
5.	Mental Health Nursing	2	96	
6.	Research Project*	1	45	
	Total	24	1149	
	Total Hours =1149+585=1734			

*project work to be carried out during internship

Note:

- Internship means 8 hours of integrated clinical duties in which 2 weeks of evening andnight shift duties are included.
- Internship should be carried out as 8 hours per day @ 48 hours per week.
- Students during internship will be supervised by nursing teachers.
- Students will be eligible to appear in the fourth year final examination only aftercompletion of Internship (24 weeks).
- On Completion of Internship Internal Assessment out of 100 marks should be sent to the University for inclusion in the mark list

VII. SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

Subject	Dura	Marks				
Subject	tion	Interna	l Marks	Universit	y Marks	Total
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
First Year						
Theory		12	25	38	75	100
1. Anatomy & Physiology (A&B)	3	(6+6)	(12+13)	(19+19)	(37+38)	100
2. Nutrition & Biochemistry(A&B)	3	12 (7+5)	25 (15+10)	38 (23+15)	75 (45+30)	100
3. Nursing Foundations	3	12	25	38	75	100
4. Psychology	3	12	25	38	75	100
5. Microbiology	3	12	25	38	75	100
6. English *	2	20	50	-	-	50
7. Introduction to Computers *	2	25	50	-	-	50
Practical and Viva voce 1. Nursing Foundations		50	100	50	100	200
Second Year						
Theory 1. Sociology	3	12	25	38	75	100
2. Medical Surgical Nursing – I	3	12	25	38	75	100
3. Pharmacology, Pathology & Genetics (A & B)	3	12 (6+6)	25 (13+12)	38 (19+ 19)	75 (38+37)	100
4. Community Health Nursing – I	3	12	25	38	75	100
5. Communication and Educational Technology	3	12	25	38	75	100
Practical and Viva voce 1. Medical Surgical Nursing – I		50	100	50	100	200
Third Year						
Theory 1. Medical – Surgical Nursing– II	3	12	25	38	75	100
2. Child Health Nursing	3	12	25	38	75	100
3. Mental Health Nursing	3	12	25	38	75	100
4. Nursing Research & Statistics		12	25	38	75	
<i></i>	3	(7+5)	(15+10)	(25+13)	(50+25)	100
Practical and Viva voce 1. Medical Surgical Nursing – II		25	50	25	50	100
2. Child Health Nursing		25	50	25	50	100
3. Mental Health Nursing		25	50	25	50	100
Fourth Year						
Theory 1. Midwifery and ObstetricalNursing	3	12	25	38	75	100
2. Community Health Nursing – II	3	12	25	38	75	100
3. Management of Nursing Services and Education	3	12	25	38	75	100
Practical and Viva voce 1. Midwifery and ObstetricalNursing		25	50	25	50	100
2. Community Health Nursing - II		25	50	25	50	100

* College Exam

PATTERN OF QUESTION PAPER

• For all the single subjects:

• Essay questions $: 2 \times 15 \text{ marks} = 30 \text{ marks}$

• Short Notes $: 5 \times 5 \text{ marks} = 25 \text{ marks}$

• Short Answer : $10 \times 2 \text{ marks} = 20 \text{ marks}$

Total: 75 marks

• For all combined subjects:

S. No	Subjects	Sections	No. of Essay questions (15 Marks)	No. of Short Notes (5 Marks)	No. of Short Answer (2 Marks)	Total Marks
	Anatomy and Physiology					
1.	Anatomy (37 Marks)	A	1	2	6	37
	Physiology (38 Marks)	В	1	3	4	38
	Nutrition and Biochemistry					
2.	Nutrition (45 Marks)	A	1	4	5	45
2.	Biochemistry (30 Marks)	В	1 (10 marks)	2	5	30
	Pharmacology, Pathology & Genetics					
3.	Pharmacology (38 Marks)	A	1	3	4	38
J.	Pathology (25 Marks)	В	1 (10 marks)	1	5	25
	Genetics (12 Marks)	-		2	1	12
4.	Nursing Research and Statistics					
	Nursing Research (50 Marks)	A	2	2	5	50
	Statistics (25 Marks)		1	2	-	25

English

Time: Theory – 60 hours

Placement – First Year

Course Description: The Course is designed to enable students to enhance ability to comprehend spoken and written English (and use English) required for effective communication in their professional work Students will practice their skills in verbal and written English during clinical and classroom experiences.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	10	• Speak and write grammatically correct English	 Review of Grammar Remedial study of Grammar Building Vocabulary Phonetics Public Speaking 	 Demonstrate use of dictionary Class-room conversation Exercise on use of Grammar Practice in public speaking 	 Objective
П	30	• Develop ability to read, understand and express meaningfully, the prescribed text	Read and comprehend prescribed course books	 Exercise on: ❖ Reading ❖ Summarizing ❖ Comprehension 	◆Short Answers ◆Essay Type
III	10	• Develop writing skills	◆ Various forms of composition ❖ Letter writing ❖ Note taking ❖ Precise writing ❖ Nurses notes ❖ Anecdotal records ❖ Diary writing ❖ Reports on health problems etc. ❖ Resume/CV	 Exercise on writing Letter writing Nurses notes Precise Diary Anecdote Health problems Story writing Resume/CV Essay writing Discussion on written reports/documents 	• Assessment of the skills based on the check list
IV	6	Develop skill in spoken English	 Spoken English Oral report Discussion Debate Telephonic 	 Exercise on: Debating Participating in Seminar, Panel, symposium 	•Assessment of the skills based on the check list

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			conversation	Telephonic conversation	
V	4	Develop skill in listening comprehension	 ◆ Listening Comprehension ❖ Media, audio, video, speeches etc. 	 Exercise on: Listening to audio, video tapes and identify the key points 	•Assessment of the skills based on the check list

Internal assessment: (50 Marks- Refer to regulations)

Three Unit test marks	45%
Two Assignment marks	25%
Model Exam	25%
Attendance	5%
Total	100%

References:

- 1. David (MT), English for Professional Nursing, BI Publications Pvt. Ltd., Chennai, 2007.
- **2.** Koorkkakala (T), Communicative English for BSc., Nursing Students, KJ Publications, Kerala, 2007.

Anatomy

Time: Theory – 60 hours

Placement – First Year

Course Description: The Course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge of the normal structure of various human body systems and understand the alterations in anatomical structures in disease and practice of nursing.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	5	• Describe the anatomical terms, organization of human body and structure of cell, tissues, membranes and glands	Introduction to Anatomical terms organization of the human body Human Cell structure Tissues- Definition, Types, characteristics, classification, location, functions and formation Membranes and glands — classification and structure Alterations in disease Applications and implicationsin nursing	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, microscopic slides, Skeleton & torso Demonstrate cells, types of tissues membranes and glands Record book 	Short answer questionsObjective type
II	6	• Describe the structure & function of bones and joints	 The Skeletal System Bones- types, structure, Axial & Appendicular Skeleton, Bone formation and growth Description of bones Joints- classification and structure Alterations in disease Applications and implications in nursing 	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, skeleton, loose bones, and joints Record book 	•Short answer questions •Objective type
III	7	• Describe the structure and function of muscles	The Muscular System	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, models and films Demonstrate muscular movements Record book 	•Short answer questions •Objective type

Uni t	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
IV	6	• Describe the structure & function of nervous system	The Nervous System Structure of Neurologia & neurons Somatic Nervous system Structure of brain, spinal cord, cranial nerves, spinal nerves, peripheral nerves Autonomic Nervous System-sympathetic, parasympathetic Structure, location Alterations in disease Applications and implicationsin nursing	 Lecture Discussion Explain using models, charts, slides, specimens Record book 	•Short answer questions •Objective type
V	6	• Explain the Structure & functions of sensory organs	 The Sensory System Structure of skin, eye, ear, nose, tongue, (Auditory and olfactory apparatus) Alterations in disease Applications and implications in nursing 	Discussion Explain using models, charts, slides, specimens Record book	•Short answer questions •Objective type
VI	7	Describe the structure & function of circulatory and lymphatic system	 Circulatory and lymphatic system ◆ Blood – Microscopic structure ❖ Structure of Heart ❖ Structure of blood vessels-Arterial & Venous System, ❖ Circulation: systemic, Pulmonary, coronary • Lymphatic system Lymphatic vessels and lymph ❖ Lymphatic tissues Thymus gland Lymph nodes Spleen Lymphatic nodules Alterations in disease Applications and implications in nursing 	Discussion Explain using models, charts, slides, specimens Record book	•Short answer questions •Objective type
VII	5	 Describe the structure & function of Respiratory system 	 The Respiratory System Structure of the organs of respiration Muscles of respiration: Intercostals and Diaphragm Alterations in disease Applications and implicationsin nursing 	 Lecture Discussion Explain using models, torso, charts, slides, specimens Record book 	•Short answer questions •Objective type

Uni t	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
VIII	6	 Describe the structure & function of Digestive system 	The Digestive System	 Lecture Discussion Explain using models, torso, charts, slides, specimens Record book 	Short answer questionsObjective type
IX	4	 Describe the structure & function of excretory system 	 The Excretory System(Urinary) Structure of organs of urinary System: Kidney, ureters, urinary bladder, urethra, structure of skin Alterations in disease Applications and implications in nursing 	 Lecture Discussion Explain using models, torso, charts, slides, specimens Record book 	•Short answer questions •Objective type
X	4	 Describe the structure & function of endocrine system 	 The Endocrine System Structure of Pituitary, Pancreas, thyroid, Parathyroid, thymus and adrenal glands Alterations in disease Applications and implications in nursing 	 Lecture Discussion Explain using models, Torso, charts, slides, specimens Record book 	•Short answer questions •Objective type
XI	4	• Describe the structure & function of Reproductive system	The Reproductive System including breast Structure of female reproductive organs Structure of male reproductive organs Structure of breast Alterations in disease Applications and implications in nursing	 Lecture Discussion Explain using models, Torso, charts, slides, specimens Record book 	•Short answer questions •Objective type

Internal assessment: (25 Marks-Refer to regulations)

Three Unit test marks	45%
Two Assignment marks	25%
Model Exam	25%
Attendance	5%
Total	100%

Bibliography:

- 1. Singh (I), Anatomy & Physiology for Nurses, JP Brothers Publications, 2005.
- 2. Kathleen (JW), Ross & Wilson Anatomy and Physiology in Health and Illness, Churchil Livingston Publication, Philadelphia, 8th Edition, 1999.
- 3. Tortora, Principles of Anatomy & Physiology, John Wiley & Sons, New York, 8thEdition, 2003.

Physiology

Time: Theory – 60 hours

Placement – First Year

Course Description: The Course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of the normal physiology of various human body systems and understand the alterations in physiology in disease and practice of nursing.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	4	• Describe the physiology of cell, tissues, membranes and glands	 Cell Physiology Tissue – formation, repair Membranes & glands – functions Alterations in disease Applications and implications in nursing 	• Lecture Discussion	Short answer questionsObjective type
II	4	Describe the bone formation and growth and movements of skeleton system	 Skeletal System Bone formation and growth Bones – Functions and movements of bones of axial and appendicular skeleton, bonehealing Joints and joint movement Alterations in disease Applications and implications in nursing 	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, models and films Demonstration of joint movements 	Short answer questionsObjective type
III	4	Describe the muscle movements and tone and demonstrate muscle contraction and tone	 Muscular System Muscle movements, Muscle tone, Physiology of muscle contraction, levels and maintenance of posture Alterations in disease Applications and implications in nursing 	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, models and films Demonstration of muscle movements, tone and contraction 	Short answer questionsObjective type
IV	7	 Describe the physiology of nerve stimulus, reflexes, brain cranial and spinal nerves Demonstrater eflex action and stimulus 	 Nervous System Functions of Neuralgia & Neurons Stimulus & Nerve- Impulse-Definitions & Mechanism Functions of brain, spinal cord, cranial and spinal nerves Cerebrospinal fluid-composition, circulation and function Reflex arc, reflex action and reflexes Autonomic functions – Pain: Somatic, visceral and referred 	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, models and films Demonstration of nerve stimulus reflex action, reflexes. 	Short answer questionsObjective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Autonomic learning and biofeedback Alterations in disease Applications and implications in nursing 		
V	8	 Describe the physiology of blood and functions of Heart Demonstrate blood cell count, coagulation, grouping, Hb: BP and Pulse monitoring 	 Circulatory System Blood formation, composition, blood groups, blood coagulation Hemoglobin: Structure, Synthesis and breakdown, Variation of molecules, estimation Functions of Heart, Conduction, Cardiac cycle, circulation – Principles, Control, factors influencing BP and Pulse Alterations in disease Applications and implications in nursing 	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, films Demonstration of blood cell count, coagulation, grouping, Hemoglobin estimation, Heart conduction system. Measurement of pulse, BP 	 Short answer questions Objective type
VI	6	 Describe the physiology and mechanisms of respiration Demonstrates spirometry 	 The Respiratory System Functions of respiratory organs Physiology of respiration Pulmonary ventilation, Volume Mechanics of respiration Gaseous exchange in lungs Carriage of oxygen & carbondioxide Exchange of gases in tissues Regulation of respiration Alterations in disease Applications and implications in nursing 	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, films Demonstratio n of spirometry 	● Short answer questions ● Objective type
VII	6	 Describe the physiology of digestive system Demonstrates BMR 	The Digestive System Functions of organs of digestive tract. Movements of alimentary tract, Digestion in mouth, stomach, small intestines, Large intestines, Absorption of food. Functions of liver, gall bladder and pancreas Metabolism of carbohydrates, protein and fat	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, films 	Short answer questionsObjective type
VIII	5	• Describe the physiology of excretory System	The Excretory System • Functions of kidneys, ureters, urinary bladder & urethra Composition of urine • Mechanism of urine formation	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, films 	Short answer questionsObjective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Functions of skin Regulation of body temperature Fluid and electrolyte balance Alterations in disease Applications and implications in nursing 		
IX	4	 Describe the physiology of Sensory Organs 	 The Sensory Organs Functions of skin, eye, ear, nose, tongue. Alterations in disease Applications and implications in nursing 	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, films 	Short answer questionsObjective type
X	5	•Describe the physiology of Endocrine glands	The Endocrine System ◆ Functions of Pituitary, pineal body, thymus, Thyroid, parathyroid, pancreas, Suprarenal, Placenta and ovaries & Testes ◆ Alterations in disease ◆ Applications and implications in nursing	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, films 	Short answer questionsObjective type
XI	5	•Describe the physiology of male and female reproductive system	 The Reproductive System Reproduction of cells – DNA, Mitosis, Meosis, Spermatogenesis, oogenesis. Functions of female reproductive organs; Functions of breast, Female sexual cycle. Introduction to embryology Functions of male reproductive organs, Male function in reproduction, Male fertility system, Alterations in disease Applications and implications in nursing 	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, films, models, specimens 	Short answer questionsObjective type
XII	2	● Describe the physiology of Lymphatic and Immunological System	Lymphatic and Immunological System Circulation of lymph Immunity Formation of T-cells and B cells Types of Immune response Antigens, Cytokines Antibodies	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, films 	Short answer questionsObjective type

Internal assessment: (25 Marks-Refer to regulations)

Three Unit test marks	45%
Two Assignment marks	25%
Model Exam	25%
Attendance	5%
Total	100%

Reference Books

- 1. Sembulingam (K), Essentials of Medical Physiology, J.P.Brothers Publications, NewDelhi, 4th Edition, 2006.
- 2. Chaudhuri, Concise Medical Physiology, New Central Book Agency Pvt. Ltd., Calcutta,4th Edition, 2002.
- 3. Kathleen (JW), Ross & Wilson Anatomy and Physiology in Health and Illness, Churchil Livingston Publication, Philadelphia, 8th Edition, 1999.
- 4. Tortora, Principles of Anatomy & Physiology, John Wiley & Sons, New York, 8thEdition, 2003
- Thibodeau (GA), Anthony's Textbook of Anatomy & Physiology, Elsevier, 18th
 Edition, 2007

Nutrition

Placement – First Year

Time: Theory – 40 hours

Practical – 20 hours

Course Description: The course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of nutrition for maintenance of optimum health at different stages of life and its application for practice of nursing.

Unit	Tin (Hı		Learning	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment
	Th.	Pr.	Objectives	Content	Activities	Methods
I	4		• Describe the relationship between nutrition & health	Introduction Nutrition: History Concepts Role of nutrition in maintaining health Nutritional problem in India National nutritional policy Factors affecting food and nutrition: Socio – economic, cultural, tradition, production, system of distribution, life style and food habits, etc. Role of food and its medicinal value. Classification of foods Food standards Elements of Nutrition: Macro and micro Calorie, BMR	• Lecture Discussion • Explaining using charts • Panel discussion	•Short answers •Objective type
II	2		● Describe the classificatio n, functions, sources and recommended daily allowances (RDA) of Carbohydrat es	Carbohydrates Classification Caloric value Recommended daily allowances Dietary sources. Functions Digestion, absorption and storage, metabolism of carbohydrates Malnutrition: Deficiencies and over consumption	• Lecture Discussion • Explaining using charts	● Short answers • Objective type
III	2		• Describe the classificatio n, functions, sources and recommended daily allowances	Fats Classification Caloric value Recommended daily allowances Dietary sources. Functions	Lecture DiscussionExplaining using charts	Short answersObjective type

Unit	Tin (H	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		(RDA) of fats	 Digestion, absorption and storage, metabolism Malnutrition: Deficiencies and over consumption 		
IV	2	• Describe the classificatio n, functions, sources and recommended daily allowances (RDA) of Protein	Proteins	Lecture DiscussionExplaining using charts	Short answersObjective type
V	3	• Describe the daily calorie requirement for different categories of people	 Energy Unit of Energy – Kcal Energy requirements of different categories of people Measurements of energy Body Mass Index (BMI) and basic metabolism Basal Metabolic Rate (BMR) – determination and factors affecting 	 Lecture Discussion Explaining using charts Exercise Demonstrat ion 	Short answersObjective type
VI	4	• Describe the classificatio n, functions, sources and recommended daily allowances (RDA) of Vitamins	Vitamins Classification Recommended daily allowances Dietary sources. Functions Absorption, synthesis, metabolism storage and excretion Deficiencies Hypervitaminosis	Lecture DiscussionExplaining using charts	Short answersObjective type
VII	4	• Describe the classificatio n, functions, sources and recommended daily allowances (RDA) of Minerals	Mineral Classification Recommended daily allowances Dietary sources. Functions Absorption, synthesis, metabolism storage and excretion Deficiencies Over consumption and toxicity	•Lecture Discussion •Explaining using charts	● Short answers ● Objective type
VIII	3	• Describe the	Water & electrolytes ■ Water: Daily requirements,	•Lecture Discussion	•Short answers

Unit	Tin (H	rs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment Methods
	Th.	Pr.	sources, functions and requirements of water & electrolytes	regulation of water metabolism, distribution of body water, • Electrolytes: Types, sources, composition of body fluids. • Maintenance of fluid & electrolyte balance • Over hydration, dehydration and water intoxication • Electrolyte imbalances.	• Explaining using charts	•Objective type
IX	5	15	 Describe the cookery rules and preservation of nutrients and Prepare serve simple beverages and different types of food. 	Cookery rules and preservation of nutrients Principles, methods of cooking and serving Preservation of nutrients Safe Food handling – toxicity Storage of food Food preservation, food additives and its principles Prevention of food adulteration Act (PFA) Food standards Preparation of simple beverages and different typesof food	 Lecture Discussion Demonstrat ion Practice Session 	• Short answers • Objective type • Assessme nt of practice sessions
X	7	5	• Describe and plan balanced diet for different categories of people	Balanced Diet Elements Food groups Recommended Daily Allowance Nutritive value of foods Calculation of balanced diet for different categories of people Planning the menu Budgeting of food Introduction to therapeutic diets: Naturopathy – Diet.	 Lecture Discussion Explaining using charts Practice Session Meal Planning 	 Short answers Objective type Exercise on menu planning
XI	4		 Describe various National programmes related to Nutrition Describe the role of nurse in assessment of nutritional 	Role of nurse in nutritional programmes National programmes relatedto nutrition Vitamin A deficiency programme National iodine deficiency disorders (IDD) programme. Mid – day meal	 Lecture Discussion Explaining using charts Slide/ Film shows Demonstrat ion of 	Short answersObjective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)		Learning	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment Methods
	Th.	Pr.	Objectives		Activities	Witthous
			status and nutrition education	programme Integrated child development scheme (ICDS) National and International agencies working towards food / nutrition. NIPCCD, CARE, FAO, NIN, CFTERI (Central food technology and research institute) etc. Assessment of nutritional status Nutrition education and role of nurse.	assessment of nutritional status	

Internal assessment for theory : (25 Marks-Refer to regulations)

Three Unit test marks	45%
Two Assignment marks	25%
Model Exam	25%
Attendance	5%
Total	100%

Reference:

- 1. Joshi (YK), Basics of Clinical Nutrition, Jaypee, Chennai, 2nd Edition, 2008. th
- 2. Mahan (LK), Krause's Food, Nutrition, Diet & Therapy, Elsevier, 13 Edition, 2007.
- 3. Srilakshmi (B), Dietetics, New Age Int (P) Ltd., Publishers, Chennai, 5th Edition, 2007.

Biochemistry

Placement: First Year Time: Theory 30 Hours

Course Description: This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge of the normal biochemical composition and functioning of human body and understand the alterations in biochemistry in disease for practice of nursing.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
I	1	 Describe the structure composition andfunctions of cell Differentiate between Prokaryoteand eukaryote cell Identify techniquesof Microscopy 	 Introduction: Definition and significance in nursing Review of structure, Composition and Functions of cell Prokaryote and Eukaryote cell organization Microscopy 	 Lecture discussion using charts, slides. Demonstrate use of microscope 	Short answer questionsObjective type
II	6	• Describe the structure and functions of cell membrane	Structure and functions of Cell membrane: Fluid mosaic model tight junction, Cytoskeleton. Transport, mechanism: diffusion, osmosis, filtration, active. Channel, sodium pump. Acid base balance maintenance & diagnostic tests. PH buffers	•Lecture discussion	Short answer questionsObjective type
III	6	• Explain the metabolism of carbohydrate	Composition and metabolismof Carbohydrates: Types, Structure, composition and uses. Monosaccharide, Disaccharides, Polysaccharides, Oligosaccharides. Metabolism Pathways of glucose Glycolysis Gluconeogenesis: Cori's cycle, Tri carboxylic acid (TCA)cycle Glycogenolysis Pentose Phosphate pathways (Hexose mono phosphate) Regulation of blood	Lecture discussion Demonstrate of blood glucose monitoring	• Short answer questions • Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
			glucose level. Investigations and their Interpretations	·	
IV	4	◆Explain the metabolism of Lipids	Composition and metabolismof Lipids: Types, structure, composition and uses of fatty acids: Nomenclature, Roles and Prostaglandins. Metabolism of fatty acid: Breakdown Synthesis Metabolism of triacylglycerols: Cholesterol Metabolism: Biosynthesis and its Regulation Bile salts and bilirubin Vitamin – D Steroid hormones Lipoproteins and their functions: VLDLs - IDLs, LDLs and HDLs Transport of lipids Atherosclerosis, Investigations and their interpretations.	 Lecture discussion using charts, slides. Demonstration of laboratory tests 	•Short answer questions •Objective type
V	6	• Explain the metabolism of amino acid and proteins	Composition and metabolismof amino acids and Proteins Types, structure, composition and uses of amino acids and proteins. Metabolism of amino acids and proteins: Protein synthesis,targeting and glycosylation. Chromatography Electrophoresis Sequencing Metabolism of Nitrogen: Fixation and Assimilation Urea Cycle Hemes and chlorophylls Enzymes and coenzymes: Classification	 Lecture discussion using charts, slides. Demonstration of laboratory tests 	 Short answer questions Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Objectives	Properties Kinetics and Inhibition Control	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
VI	2	◆Describe types, composition and utilization of vitamins & minerals	Investigations and their interpretations. Composition and vitamins and minerals: Vitamins and minerals Structure Classification Properties Absorption Storage and transportation Normal Concentration Investigations and their interpretations.	 Lecture discussion using charts, slides. Demonstration of laboratory tests 	•Short answer questions •Objective type
VII	3	● Describe Immunochemistry	 Immunochemistry Immune response. Structure and classification of immunoglobins. Mechanism of antibody Production. Antigens: HLA typing Free radical and antioxidants. Specialized Protein: Collagen, Elastin, Keratin, Myosin, Lens Protein. Electrophoretic and Quantitative, determination of immunoglobins, ELISA etc. Investigations and their interpretations 	 Lecture discussion using charts, slides. Demonstration of laboratory tests 	Short answer questionsObjective type

Internal assessment: (25 Marks- Refer to regulations)

Three Unit test marks	45%
Two Assignment marks	25%
Model Exam	25%
Attendance	5%
Total	100%

Reference:

- 1. Vasudevan (DM), Text Book of Biochemistry, J.P.Brothers Publication New Delhi, 3rdEdition, 2001.
- 2. Lehninger, Principles of Biochemistry, Worth Publishers, New York, 3rd Edition, 2002.
- 3. Striyer (L), (1988). Biochemistry, Freeman & Company, New York, 3rd Edition, 1988.
- 4. Muray (RK), Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry, McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 27th Edition, 2006.

Nursing Foundations

Placement: First Year Time: Theory - 265 hours

Practical - 650 hours (200 lab and 450 clinical)

Course Description: This course is designed to help the students to develop an understanding of the philosophy, objectives, theories and process of nursing in various Supervised Clinical settings. It is aimed at helping the students to acquire knowledge, understanding and skills in techniques of nursing and practice them in Supervised Clinical settings.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	10	Describe the conceptof health, illness and health care agencies	Introduction Concept of Health: Health Illness continuum Factors influencing health Causes and risk factors for developing illness Body defences: Immunityand immunization Illness and illness Behaviour: Impact of illness on patientand family Health Care services: Health Promotion and Prevention, Primary Care, Diagnosis, Treatment, rehabilitation and ContinuingCare Health care teams Types of health careagencies: Hospitals: Types, Organisation and Functions Health Promotion and Levels of Disease Prevention Primary health care and its delivery: Role of nurse	◆ Lecture discussion ◆ Visit to health care agencies	• Essay type • Short answers • Objective type
П	16	Explain concept and scope of nursing Describe values, codeof ethics and professional conduct for nurses in India	 Nursing as a profession Definition and Characteristics of a profession Nursing: Definition, Concepts, philosophy, objectives Characteristics, nature and scope of nursing practice Functions of nurse Qualities of a nurse 	 Lecture discussion Case discussion Role plays 	Essay typeShortanswersObjectivetype

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Categories of nursing personnel Nursing as a profession History of Nursing in India Values: Definition, Types, Values Clarification and values in professional Nursing: Caring and Advocacy Ethics: Definition and Ethical Principles Code of ethics and professional conduct for nurses 		
III	4	Explain the admission and discharge procedure Performs admission and discharge procedure	Hospital admission and discharge Admission to the hospital Unit and its preparation- admission bed Admission procedure Special considerations Medico-legal issues Roles and Responsibilitiesof the nurse Discharge from the hospital Types: Planned discharge, LAMA and abscond, Referrals and transfers Discharge Planning Discharge Planning Discharge procedure Special considerations Medico-legal issues Roles and Responsibilitiesof the nurse Care of the unit after discharge	 Lecture discussion Demonstration Lab Practice Supervised Clinical practice 	● Essay type ● Short answers ● Objective type ● Assess skills with check list ● Clinical practical examination
IV	10	● Communicate effectively with patient, families and team • members and maintain effective human relations (Projecting professional image) • Appreciate the importance of patient teaching in nursing	Communication and Nurse patient relationship Communication: Levels, Elements, Types, Modes, Process, Factors Influencing Communication Methods of Effective Communication, Attending skills -Rapport building skills -Empathy skills Barriers to effective communication,	 Lecture discussion Role play and video film on the nurses Interacting with the patient Practice Session on patient Teaching Supervised Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			● Helping Relationships (NPR): Dimensions of Helping Relationships, Phases of a helping relationship ●Communicating effectively with patient, families and team members and maintain effective human relations with specialreference to communicatingwith vulnerable group (children, women, physically and mentally challenged and elderly) ●Patient Teaching: Importance, Purposes, Process, role of nurse and integrating teaching in Nursing Process		
V	15	 Explain the concept, uses, format and steps of nursing process Documents nursing process as per the format 	The Nursing Process: Critical Thinking and Nursing Judgment Critical Thinking: Thinking and Learning Competencies, Attitudes for Critical Thinking, Levels of Critical Thinkingin Nursing. Nursing Process Overview: Application in Practice Nursing Process format: INC, Current format Assessment: Collectionof data: Types, Sources, Methods Formulating Nursing Judgment: Data interpretation Nursing Diagnosis: Identification of client problems Nursing diagnosis statement Difference between medical and nursing diagnosis Planning Establishing Priorities	 Lecture discussion Demonstration Exercise Supervised Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short answers Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Establishing Goals and Expected Outcomes, Selection of interventions: Protocols andstanding Orders Writing the Nursing Care plan Implementation Implementation the planof care Evaluation Outcome of care Review and modify Documentation and Reporting 		
VI	4	• Describe the purposes, types and techniques of recording and reporting	Documentation and Reporting: Documentation: Purposesof Recording and reporting Communication within the Health Care Team, Types of records; ward records, medical / nursing records, Common Record - Keeping forms, Computerized documentation Guidelines for Reporting: Factual Basis, Accuracy, Completeness, Currentness, Organization, Confidentiality Methods of Recording, Reporting: Change -of shift reports: Transfer reports, Incident reports. Minimizing legal Liability through effective record keeping.	 Lecture discussion Demonstration Practice Session Supervised Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short answers Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
VII	15	 Describe principles and techniques of monitoring and maintaining vital signs Monitor and maintain vital signs 	Wital signs:	 Lecture discussion Demonstration Practice Session Supervised Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short answers Objective type Assess with check list and clinical practical examination

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
VIII	30	 Describe purpose and process of health assessment Describe the health assessment of each body system Perform health assessment of each body system 	Health assessment Purposes Process of Health assessment Health History Physical examination Methods- Inspection, Palpation, Percussion, Auscultation, Olfaction Preparation for exa-mination: patient and unit General assessment Assessment of each body system Recording of health assessment	 Lecture discussion Demonstration Practice on simulators Supervised Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short answers Objective type
IX	5	Identifies the Various machinery, equipment and linen and their care	Machinery, Equipment and linen Types: Disposables and reusables-Linen, rubber goods, glass ware, metal, plastics, furniture, machinery Introduction: Indent Maintenance Inventory	Lecture discussionDemonstration	 Essay type Short
X	60	 Describe the basic, physiological and psychosocial needs of patient Describe the principles and techniques for meeting basic, Physiological and psychosocial needs of patient Perform nursing assessment, plan, implement and evaluate the care for meeting basic, physiological and psychosocial needs of patient 	Meeting needs of patient ■ Basic needs (Activities of daily living) Providing safe and clean environment: - Physical-environment: Temperature, Humidity, Noise, Ventilation, light, Odour, pests control - Reduction of Physical hazards: fire, accidents - Safety devices: Restraints, side rails, airways, trapez etc. - Role of nurse in providing safe and clean environment Hygiene:-	 Lecture discussion Demonstration Practice sessions Supervised Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Factors Influencing Hygienic Practice Hygienic care:Care of the Skin-Bath and pressure points, feet and nail, Oral cavity, Hair Care, Eyes, Ears, and Nose Assessment, Principles, Type, Equipments, Procedure, Special Considerations Patient environment: Room Equipment and linen, making patient beds Types of beds and bed making Comfort: Factors Influencing Comfort Comfort devices Physiological needs: Sleep and Rest: Physiology of sleep Factors affecting sleep Promoting Rest and sleep Sleep Disorders Nutrition:- Importance Factors affecting nutritional needs: Variables Meeting Nutritional needs: Principles, equipments, procedure and special considerations. Oral Enteral: Naso/Orogastirc, gastrostomy Parenteral: Urinary Elimination Review of Physiology of Urine Elimination, Composition and characteristics of urine Factors Influencing Urination Alternation in Urinary Elimination Types and Collection of 		
		<u> </u>			

Unit Time (Hrs) Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	urine specimen: Observation, urine testing Facilitating urine elimination: assessment, types, equipments, procedures and special considerations Providing urinal / bed pan Condom drainage Perineal care Catheterization Care of urinary drainage Care of urinary diversions Bladder irrigation Bowel Elimination Review of Physiology of Bowel Elimination, Composition and characteristics of faeces Factors affecting Bowel elimination Alteration in Bowel Elimination Types and Collection of specimen of faeces: Observation Facilitating bowel elimination: assessment, equipments, procedures and special considerations Passing of Flatus tube Enemas Suppository Sitz bath Bowel wash Care of Ostomies Mobility and Immobility Principles of Body Mechanics Maintenance of normal body Alignment and mobility] Factors affecting body alignment and mobility Hazards associated with mmobility Alternation in body		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Alignment and mobility Nursing interventions for impaired Body Alignment and Mobility: assessment, types, devices used, method andspecial considerations, rehabilitation aspects Range of motion exercises Maintaining body alignment: Positions Moving Lifting Transferring Walking O Restraints Oxygenation Review of Cardiovascular and respiratory Physiology Factors Affecting Oxygenation Nursing interventions in oxygenation Nursing interventions in oxygenation: assessment, types, equipment used, procedure and special considerations. Maintenance of patent airway Oxygen administration Suction Inhalations: dry and moist Chest Physiotherapy and postural drainage Care of Chest drainage Pulse oximetry CPR-Basic life support Fluid, electrolyte, and Acid-Base Balances Review of Physiological Regulation of Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid-Base Balances Factors Affecting Fluid, Electrolyte and Acid-Base Balances Alterations in Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid-Base Balances Alterations in Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid-Base Balances Nursing interventions in	Activities	

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid — Base Imbalances: assessment, types, equipment, procedure and special considerations ○ Measuring fluid intake and output ○ Correcting Fluid, Electrolyte Imbalance: √ Replacement of fluids: Oral and Parenteral - Venipuncture, regulating IV Flow rates, changing IV solutions and tubing, Changing IV dressing, √ Administering Blood transfusion √ Restriction of fluids ● Psychosocial Needs Concepts of Cultural Diversity, Stress and Adaptation, Self-concept, Sexuality, Spiritual Health Coping with loss, death and grieving Assessment of psychosocial needs Nursing intervention for psychosocial needs — Assist with coping and adaptation — Creating therapeutic environment Recreational and diversional therapies		
XI	20	Describe principles and techniques for infection control and biomedical waste managementin supervised Clinical settings	Infection control inClinical settings Infection control Nature of infection Chain of infection transmission Defenses against infection: natural and acquired Hospital acquired infection (Nosocomial infection) Concept of asepsis: medical asepsis, and surgical asepsis	 Lecture discussion Demonstration Practice session Supervised Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Isolation precautions (Barrier nursing): Hand washing: simple, hand antisepsis and surgical antisepsis (scrub) Isolation: source and protective Personal protecting equipments: types, uses and technique of wearing and removing Decontamination of equipment and unit Transportation of infected patients Standard safety precautions (Universal precautions) Transmission based precautions Biomedical waste management: Importance Type of hospital waste Hazards associated with hospital waste Decontamination of hospital waste Segregation and Transportation and disposal 		
XII	40	 Explain the principles, routes, effects of administration of medications Calculate conversions of drugsand dosages within and between systems of measurements 	Administration of Medications General Principles/Considerations Purposes of Medication Principles: 5 rights, Special Considerations,	 Lecture discussion Demonstration Practice session Supervised Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short answers Objective type Assess with check list and clinical practical

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		◆ Administer drugs by the following routes	Prescriptions, Safetyin Administering Medications and Medication Errors Drug forms Routes of administration Storage and maintenance of drugs and Nurses responsibility Broad classification of drugs Therapeutic Effect, Side Effects, Toxic Effects, Idiosyncratic Reaction, Allergic Reactions, Drug Tolerance, Drug Interactions, Factors Influencing drug Action, Systems of Drug Measurement: Metric System, Apothecary System, Household Measurements, Solutions. Converting Measurements Units: Conversion within one system, Conversion between systems, Dosage Calculation, Terminologies and abbreviations used in prescriptions of medications Oral Drugs Administration: Oral, Sublingual and Buccal: Equipment, procedure Parenteral General principles: decontamination and disposal of syringes and needles Types of parenteral therapies Types of syringes, needles, canula, and	Activities	examination

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			infusion sets Protection from Needle stick Injures: Giving Medications with a safety syringes Routes of parenteral therapies Intradermal: purpose, site, equipment, procedure, special considerations Subcutaneous: purpose, site, equipment, procedure, special considerations Intra Venous: purpose, site, equipment, procedure, special considerations Intra Venous: purpose, site, equipment, procedure, special considerations Advanced techniques: Epidural, intrathecal, intraosseous, intraperitonial, intraplural, intraraterial-Role of nurse Topical Administration: purposes, site, equipment, procedure, special considerations for Application to Skin Application to Skin Application to mucous membrane Direct application of liquids-Gargle and swabbing the throat Insertion of Drug into body cavity: Suppository/ medicatedpacking in rectum/vagina Instillations:, Ear, Eye, Nasal, Bladder, and Rectal Irrigations:Eye, Ear, Bladder, Vaginal and		
		<u> </u>			

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Rectal - Spraying: Nose andthroat - Inhalation: Nasal, oral, endotracheal/tracheal (steam, oxygen and medications)- purposes, types, equipment, procedure, special considerations Recording and reporting of medications administered		
XIII	10	 Describe the pre and post operative care of patients Explain the process of wound healing Explain the principles and techniques of wound care Perform care of wounds 	Meeting needs of Perioperative patients Definition and concept of Perioperative Nursing Preoperative Phase Preparation of patient for surgery Intraoperative Operation theatre set up and environment Role of nurse Postoperative Phase Recovery unit Post operative unit Post operative care, Wounds: types, Classifications, wound Healing Process, Factors affecting Wound, Complications of Wound Healing Surgical asepsis Care of the sound: types, equipments, procedure and special considerations Dressings, Suture care, Care of Drainage Application of Bandages, Binders, Splints & Slings Heat and Cold Therapy	 Lecture discussion Demonstration Practice session Supervised Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short Objective type Assess with check list and clinical practical examination
XIV	15	Explain care of patients having alterations in body	Meeting special needs of the patient Care of patients having	Lecture discussionCase	Essay typeShort answers

Unit Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	functioning	alternation in Temperature (hyper and hypothermia); Types, Assessment, Management Sensorium (Unconsciousness); Assessment, Management Urinary Elimination (retention and incontinence) Assessment, Management Functioning of sensory organs: (Visual & hearing impairment) Assessment of Self-Care ability Communication Methods and special considerations Mobility (physically challenged, cast), assessment of Self-care ability: Communication Methods and special considerations Mental state (Mentally challenged) assessment of Self-Care ability; Communication Methods and special considerations Mental state (mentally challenged) assessment of Self-Care ability; Communication Methods and special considerations Respiration (distress); Types, Assessment, Management Comfort- (Pain)- Nature, Types, Factors influencing pain, Coping, assessment, Management; Treatments related to gastrointestinal system: nasogastric suction, gastric irrigation, gastric analysis	discussions • Supervised Clinical practice	• Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
XV	5	• Explain care of terminally ill patient	Care of Terminally ill patient Concepts of Loss, Grief, grieving Process Signs of clinical death Care of dying patient: special considerations Advance directives: euthanasia, will, dying declaration, organ donation etc Medico-legal issues Care of dead body: equipment, procedure and care of unit Autopsy Embalming	 Lecture discussion Demonstration Case discussions /Role play Practice session Supervised Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short answers Objective type
XVI	6	Explain the basic concepts of conceptual and theoretical models of nursing	Professional Nursing concepts and practices Conceptual and theoretical model of nursing practice: Introduction to modelsholistic model, health belief model, health promotion model, etc Introduction to Theoriesin Nursing; Peplau's, Henderson's, Orem's, Neuman's, Roger's and Roy's Linking theories with nursing process	• Lecture discussion	 Essay type Short

Internal assessment for theory: (25 Marks-Refer to regulations)

Three Unit test marks	45%
Two Assignment marks	25%
Model Exam	25%
Attendance	5%
Total	100%

Reference

- 1. Potter & Perry, Fundamentals of Nursing, Elsevier, 6th Edition.
- 2. Harkreader, Fundamentals of Nursing: Catering and Clinical Judgment, Elsevier, 3rdEdition
- 3. Kozier, Fundamentals of Nursing: Concepts, Process & Practice, Pearson, 7th Edition
- 4. Taylor, Fundamentals of Nursing: Arts and science of Nursing Process, Saunders,7th Editon.
- 5. Fuller, Health Assessment: Nursing Approach, Lippincott, 3rd Edition
- Ackley (BJ), Nursing Diagnosis Handbook: An evidence based guide to planningcare, Mosby, 8th Edition
- 7. Craven, Fundamentals of Nursing: Human health & function, LWW, 5th Edition.

Nursing Foundations - Practical

Placement: First Year Time: Practical - 650 hours

(200 lab and 450 clinical)

Course Description: This course is designed to help the students to develop an understanding of the philosophy, objectives, theories and process of nursing in various clinical settings. It is aimedat helping the students to acquire knowledge, understanding and skills in techniques of nursing and practice them in clinical settings.

Area	Time (Hrs)	Objective	Skills	Assignments	Assessment Methods
Demonstra tion Lab General, Medical and Surgery ward	200- 450 Minimum practice time in clinical area	 Performs admission and discharge procedure Prepares nursing care plan as per the nursing process format 	Hospital admission and discharge (III): - • Admission • Prepare Unit for new patient • Prepare admission bed • Performs admission Procedure □ New Patient □ Transferin • Prepare patient records Discharge / Transfer out: • Gives discharge counseling • Perform discharge procedure (Planned discharge, LAMA and abscond, Referrals and transfers) • Prepare records of discharge / transfer. • Dismantle, and disinfect unit and equipment after discharge / transfer. Perform assessment: • History taking, Nursing diagnosis, problem list, Prioritization, Goals & Expected Outcomes, Selection of interventions. • Write Nursing Care plan • Given care as per the plan	 ◆Practice in Unit/hospital ◆Write nursing process records of patient ◆Simulated – 1 ◆Actual -1 	Evaluate with checklist Assessment of clinical performance with rating scale Completion of practical record Assessment of nursing process records with checklist Assessment of actual care given with rating scale

Area	Time (Hrs)	Objective	Skills	Assignments	Assessment Methods
		 Communicate effectively with patient, families andteam members and Maintain effective human relations Develops plan for patient teaching Prepare patient reports Presents reports Monitor vital signs Perform health assessment of each body system Provide basic nursing care to patients 	Communication: • Use verbal non verbal communication techniques Prepare a plan for patient teaching session Write patient report: • Change -of shift reports, Transfer reports, incidents reports etc. • Presents patient report Vital signs: • Measure, Records and interpret alterations in body temperature, pulse respiration and blood pressure. Health assessment: • Health History taking • Perform assessment: • General • Body system • Use various meth ods of physical examination • Inspection, Palpation, Percussion, Auscultation, Olfaction. • Identification of system wise deviations.	 Role-plays in simulated situations on communication techniques-1 Health talk-1 Write nurses notes and present the patient report of 2-3 assigned patient Lab practice Measure Vital signs of assigned patient Practice in lab & hospital Simulated exercise on CPR manikin 	 Assess role plays with the checklist on Communic ation techniques Assess health talk with the check list Assessment of communic ation techniques by rating scale Assessment of performance with rating scale Assessment of performance with rating scale
			Prepare patient's unit: • Prepare beds: • Open, closed, occupied, operation, amputation, • Cardiac, fracture, burn, Divided, & Fowlers bed • Pain assessment and provision for comfort. Use comfort devices Hygienic care • Oral Hygiene		 Completion of activity record Assessme of each skill with rating scale Completion of activity

Area	Time	Objective	Skills	Assignments	Assessment
	(Hrs)		 Baths and care of pressure points. Hair wash, Pediculosis treatment. Feeding: Oral, Enteral, Naso / Orogastric, gastrostomy and Parenteral feeding. Naso -gastric insertion, suction, and irrigation. Assisting patient in urinary elimination: Provides urinal / bed pan Condom drainage Perineal care Catheterization Car e of urinary drainage Bladder irrigation Assisting bowel Elimination: Insertion of Flatus tube. Enemas Insertion of suppository. Bowel wash, Body Alignment and Mobility: Range of motion exercises Positioning: - Recumbent, Lateral (rt / lt)Fowlers, Sims, Lithotomy,Prone, Tendelenburg positon. Assist patient in moving lifting, transferring, walking. Restraints. 		record
			 Oxygen administration Suctioning: Oropharyangeal, nasopharyngeal Chest physiotherapy and postural drainage Care of Chest drainage CPR - Basic life support Intravenous therapy 	•Observationstudy -2 •Department of Infection	
			17		

Area	Time (Hrs)	Objective	Skills	Assignments	Assessment Methods
		•Perform infection control procedures	Collect / assist for collection of specimens for investigations urine, sputum, faces, vomitus, blood and other body fluids Perform lab tests:- Urine: - Sugar, albumin, acetone Blood: - Sugar (with strip/gluco-meter) Hot and cold application: local and general Sitz bath Communicating and assisting with self-care of visually & hearing impaired patients. Communicating and assisting with self-care of mentally challenged / disturbed patient. Recreational and divertional therapies	control & CSSD •Visits CSSD write observation report – 1 •Collection of samples for culture •Do clinical posting in infection control department and write report •Practice in lab/ward	• Assess observation study with checklist • Evaluate all procedures with checklist
			Caring of patient with alteration in sensorium. Infection control: -		
		 Provide care to pre and post operative patients 	Perform following Procedures: □ Hand washing techniques		
		 Perform procedures for care of 	☐ Simple, hand antisepsis and surgical antisepsis (scrub).		
		wounds	☐ Prepare isolation unit in lab / ward.		
		• Administer drugs	☐ Practice technique of wearing and removing Personal protective equipment (PPE)		
			□ Practice Standard safety Precautions (Universal Precautions)		
			Decontamination of		

Area	Time (Hrs)	Objective	Skills	Assignments	Assessment Methods
		 Provide care to dying and dead Counsel and support relatives 	equipment and unit: - • Surgical asepsis: • Sterilization □ Handling sterilized equipment □ Calculate strengths of lotions, □ Prepare lotions □ Care of articles Pre and post operative care: - • Skin Preparations for surgery: Local • Preparation of post operative unit • Pre & Post operative teaching and counseling. • Pre & Post operative monitoring. • Care of the wound • Dressings, Suture Care, care of Drainage, Application of Bandages, Binders, splints & Slings. • Bandaging of various body parts. Administration of Medicationsin different forms and routes. • Oral, Sublingual and Buccal, • Parenteral: Intradermal, subcutaneous, Intramuscular etc. • Assist with Intra venous medications • Drug mea surements and dose calculations. • Preparation of lotions and solutions. • Preparation of of lotions and solutions. • Administers topical applications. • Insertion of drug into body cavity: Suppository & medicated packing etc. • Instillation of medicines and spray into Ear, Eye, Nose, and throat.		NICEROUS

Area	Time (Hrs)	Objective	Skills	Assignments	Assessment Methods
			Irrigations: - Eye, Ear, Bladder, vagina and rectum.Inhalations: dry and moist		
			Care of dying patient: - • Caring and packing of dead body. • Counseling and supporting grieving relatives. • Terminal care of the unit.		

Internal assessment for Practical: (100 Marks/ 50 Marks- Refer to regulations)

Continuous Assessment of Clinical Performance	30%
Clinical assignment (Case study/ Practical record/Case book)	20%
Clinical Presentation	10%
Observational /field visit/ Health talk	10%
Model Practical Examination	30%
Total	100%

Psychology

Placement: First Year Time: Theory - 60 hours

Course Description: This course is designed to assist the students to knowledge of fundaments of psychology and develop an insight into behavior of self and others. Further it is aimed at helping them to practice the principles of mental hygiene for promoting mental health in nursingpractice.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	2	 Describe the history, scope and methods of psychology 	Introduction: • History and origin of science of Psychology • Definitions and scope of Psychology • Relevance to Nursing • Methods of Psychology	• Lecture Discussion	Essay typeShort answers
II	4	• Explain the biology of human behaviour.	Biology of behavior: - Body mind relationship — Modulation process in Health and illness. Genetics and behavior: Heredity and environment Brain and Behavior: Nervous system, Neurons and synapse. • Association Cortex, Rt and Lt Hemispheres • Psychology of Sensations • Muscular and glandular contr olsof behavior. • Nature of behavior of an organism / integrated responses	• Lecture Discussion	Essay typeShort answers
III	20	Describe various cognitive processes and their applications	Cognitive Processes: • Attention: Types, determinants, Duration, and Degree, alterations. • Perception: - Meaning, Principles, factors affecting, errors. • Learning Nature: - Types, learner and learning, factors influencing, laws and theories, process, transfer, study habits. • Memory: - Meaning, types, nature, factors influencing, development theories methods of memorizing and Forgetting. • Thinking: - Types and levels, stages of development, Relationship with language and communication.	• Lecture Discussion • Psychomet ric assessment: • Practice Sessions	Essay typeShort answers

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Intelligence: - Meaning, Classification, Uses, theories. Aptitude: - Concept, types, Individual differences and variability. Psychometric assessments of cognitive, Processes. Alterations in cognitive processes Applications 		
IV	8	Describe the motivation, emotions, stress, attitudes and their influence on behavior.	Motivation and Emotional Processes: • Motivation: Meaning, Concepts, Types, Theories, Motives and behavior, Conflict and frustration, conflict resolution. • Emotions & Stress: Emotion: - Definition, components, Changes in emotions, theories, emotional adjustments, emotions in health and illness. □ Stress: Stressor, cycle, effect, adaptation & Coping • Attitude: - Meaning, nature, development, factors affecting. Behavior and attitudes. □ Attitudinal Change • Psychometric assessments of emotions and attitudes. Alterations in emotions • Applications.	● Lecture Discussion ● Role plays ● Case Discussion ● Demonstr ation	Essay typeShort answers
V	7	Explain the concepts of personality and its influence on behavior	Personality: • Definitions, topography, factors affecting personality, types, theories. • Psychometric assessments of personality. • Alterations in personality • Applications.	● Lecture Discussion ● Demonstr ation	Essay typeShort answers
VI	7	Describe psychology of people during the life cycle	Developmental Psychology: • Psychology of people at dif ferent ages from infancy to old age. • Psychology of vulnerable individuals – Challenged, women, sick, etc. • Psychology of groups.	◆ Lecture Discussion ◆ Case Discussion	Essay typeShort answers
VII	8	Describe the characteristics of mentally healthy person,	Mental hygiene and mental Health: • Concepts of mental hygiene and mental health. • Characteristics of mentally healthy person.	LectureDiscussionRoleplaysCase	Essay typeShort answers

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		explain ego defense mechanisms	 Warning signs of poor m ental health Promotive and Preventive mental health strategies and services. Ego Defense mechanisms and implications. Personal and social adjustments. Guidance and Counseling Role of nurse 	Discussion Demonstration	
VIII	4	• Explain the psychological assessments and role of nurse	Psychological assessment & tests: - Types, development, Characteristics, Principles, Uses, Interpretations, and role of nurse in psychological assessment.	 Lecture Discussion Demonstr ation Practice sessions 	• Assessment of Practice

Internal assessment for theory: (25 Marks – Refer to regulations)

Three Unit test marks	45%
Two Assignment marks	25%
Model Exam	25%
Attendance	5%
Total	100%

References:

- 1. Morgon (CT), Introduction to Psychology, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 20thedition, 2003.
- 2. Atkinson (RL), Hilgard's Introduction to psychology, Harcourt college publishers, Philadelphia, 13 edition, 2000.
- 3. Shelley, Taylor's Health Psychology, Tata McGraw hill publishing co. Ltd, Sidney, 6th Edition 2006.
- 4. Santrock (JW), Educational Psychology, Tata McGraw Hill Pub. Co. Ltd., Sidney2006.
- 5. Fernald (L.D) Introduction to Psychology A.I.T.B.S. Pub. New Delhi 2006.
- 6. Mangal (SK), Advanced Educational Psychology, Pentice Hall of India, NewDelhi, 2nd Edition, 2006.
- 7. Gross (R), Psychology for Nurses and Allied Health Professionals, Hodder Arnold, London, 2007.

Microbiology

Placement: First Year Time: Theory - 60 Hours

Course Description: - This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of fundamentals of Microbiology and identification of various Microorganisms. It also provides opportunities for practicing infection control measures in hospital and community settings.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment Methods
	Th	Pr	-		Activities	
I	5		•Explain concepts and principles of microbiology and their importance in nursing.	Introduction: - • Importance and relevance to nursing • Historical Perspective • Concepts and terminology • Principles of microbiology	• Lecture Discussion	Short answersObjective type
II	10	5	Describe structure, classification morphology and growth of bacteria, identify microorganisms.	General characteristics of Microbes: - • Structure and classification of Microbes. • Morphological types. • Size and f orm of bacteria. • Motility • Colonization • Growth and nutrition of microbes: • Temperature • Moisture • Blood and body fluids Laboratory methods for Identification of Micro – Organisms. • Staining Techniques, Gram staining, Acid fast staining, Hanging drop preparation • Culture: Various Medias.	• Lecture Discussion • Demonstra tion	 Short answers Objective type
III	10	2	Describe the methods of infection control, identify the role of nurse inhospital infection control programme	Infection Control: - • Infection: Sources Portals of entry and exit, transmission. • Asepsis • Disinfection: Types and methods. • Sterilization: Types and Methods. • Chemotherapy and antibiotics. • Standard safety measures.	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Visits to CSSD Clinical practice 	Short answersObjective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment Methods
	Th	Pr			Activities	
				 Biomedical waste management. Role of nurse . Hospital acquired infection. Hospital infection control programme Protocols, collection of samples, preparation of reportand status of rate of infection in the unit/hospital nurses accountability, continuing education etc. 		
IV	12	4	Describe the different disease producing organisms.	Pathogenic organisms: - • Micro-organisms: : Cocci – gram positive and gram negative Bacilli – gram positive and gram negative Spirochaete □ Mycoplasma □ Rickettsiae Chlamydiae • Viruses • Fungi – Superficial and Deep mycoses • Parasites • Rodents & vectors Characteristics, Source, Portal of entry, transmission of infection. Identification of disease producing micro – organisms Collection , handling and transportation of various specimens.	• Lecture Discussion • Demonstration • Clinical practice	 Short answers Objective type
V	8	4	Explain the concept of immunity, hypersensitivity and immunization	Immunity: • Immunity – Types, Classification • Antigen and antibody reaction. • Hypersensitivity – skin test • serological tests. • Immunoprophylaxis : □ Vaccines & sera– Types & Classification, Storage and handling cold chain. Immunization for various diseases Immunization Schedule	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Clinical practice 	Short answersObjective type

Internal assessment: (25 Marks Refer to regulations)

Three Unit test marks	45%
Two Assignment marks	25%
Model Exam	25%
Attendance	5%
Total	100%

Reference:

- 1. Ananthanarayanan (R), Textbook of Microbiology, Orient Longman Ltd., Madras, 1994.
- 2. Bhatia (R), Essentials of Medical Microbiology, J.P Brotheres Publishers, New Delhi,3rd Edition, 2004.
- 3. Ichhpujani (RL), Microbiology for Nurses, J.P Brotheres Publishers, New Delhi, 2ndEdition, 2003.

Introduction to Computer

Placement: First Year Time: Theory - 45 Hours

Course Description: - This course is designed for students to develop basic understanding of uses of computer and its applications in nursing.

Unit		Time Learning (Hrs) Objective	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment Methods	
	Th	Pr			Activities	
I	3		Identify and define various concepts used in computer, identify application of computer in nursing.	Introduction: Concepts of computers. Hardware and Software: trends and technology Application of computers in nursing	Lecture DiscussionDemonstration	Short answersObjective type
II	6	20	Describe and use the Disk Operating System, Demonstrate skill in the use of MS Office.	Introduction to disk – operating system: • DOS • Windows (all version) Introduction: • MS – Word • MS – Excel with pictorial presentation • MS – Access • MS – Power point	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice session 	 Short answers Objective type Practical Exam
III	2	3	Demonstrate skill in using multi- media, identify features of computer aidedteaching and testing	Multimedia: - types & uses • Computer aided teaching & testing.	◆ Lecture Discussion◆ Demonstration	 Short answers Objective type Practical Exam and Viva Voce
IV	1	3	Demonstrate use of internet and Email.	Use of Internet and e – mail	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice session 	 Short answers Objective type Practical Exam and Viva Voce
V	2	2	Describe and use the statistical packages.	Statistical packages: Types and their features.	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice session 	 Short answers Objective type Practical Exam and Viva Voce

VI	1	2	Describe the use	Hospital Management	• Lecture	• Short
			of Hospital	System: Types and uses.	Discussion	answers
			Management		 Demonstration 	 Objective
			System.			type
						Practical
						Exam
						and Viva
						Voce

Internal assessment: (25 Marks – Refer to regulations)

Three Unit test marks	45%
Two Assignment marks	25%
Model Exam	25%
Attendance	5%
Total	100%

References

- 1.N.K.Anand & Shikha Goel ,Computers for Nurses, A.I.T.B.S. Publishers ,India.2009.
- 2. Thacker N Computers for Nurses, India. 2009

Sociology

Placement : Second Year Time : Theory 60 Hours

Course Description: This course is designed to introduce the concepts of sociology related to community and social institutions in India and its relationship with health, illness and nursing.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
I	1	◆State the importance of sociology in Nursing	 Introduction Definition of Sociology Nature and Scope of the discipline Importance and application of sociology in Nursing 	•Lecture Discussion	Essay typeShort answers
II	3	Describe the inter- relationship of individual in society and community	 Individual & Society Society and Community Nature of Society Difference between society and community Process of socialization and individualization Personal disorganization 	•Lecture Discussion	• Essay type • Short answers
III	3	Describe the influence of culture on health and disease	 Culture Nature of culture Evolution of culture Diversity and uniformity of culture Culture and socialization Transcultural society Influence on health and disease Biodiversity and its conservation: Introduction Definition: Genetics species and ecosystemdiversity. Biogeographical classification of India Value of Biodiversity: consumptive use, Productive use, Social, ethical, aesthetic and option values Bio diversity at global, national and local levels. India has a mega – diversity nation. Hot-spots of biodiversity 	•Lecture Discussion •Panel Discussion	• Essay type • Short answers

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
			Threats to bio-diversity: habitat loss, poaching of wild life, man, wild life conflicts Endangered and endemic species of India Conservation of biodiversity: in-situ and ex-situ conservation of biodiversity.		
IV	4	● Identify various	Social groups and processes	● Lecture	◆Essay type
		social groups andtheir interactions	 The meaning and classification of groups Primary & Secondary Group In-group V/s. Out-group, Class Tribe, Caste Economic, Political, Religious groups, Mob, Crowd, Public and Audience Interaction & Social Processes Co-operation, Competition, Conflict Accommodation, Assimilation & Isolation Social Issues Social Issues and environment: From unsustainable to sustainable development Urban problems and related to energy Water conservation, Rain water harvesting, water shed management Resettlement and rehabilitation of people: its problems and concerns – case studies Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions, climate change, Global warming, acid rain,ocean layer depletion, Nuclear accident and Holocaust – Case studies Consumerism and waste products, waste and reclamation. 	Discussion	• Short answers

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
V	6	•Explain the growth of population in India and its impact on health	Population	Lecture Discussion Community Identification	 Essay type Short answers Assessment of report on community identification
VI	5	• Describe the institutions of family and marriagein India	Family and Marriage Family – Functions Types-Joint, Nuclear, Blended and extended family: Characteristics The Modern Family – Changes, Problems – Dowry etc., Welfare Services Changes & legislations on family and marriage in India – marriage acts Marriage: Forms and functions of marriage, Marriage and family problems in India Family, marriage and their influence on health and health practices	 Lecture Discussion Family case study 	•Essay type •Short answers •Assessment of family case study
VII	7	•Describe the class and caste system and their influence on health and health practices	Social Stratification Meaning & types of social stratification The Indian Caste system — origin & features Features of caste in India Today Social Class system and status Social Mobility — Meaning & Types Race as a biological concept, criteria of racial classification Salient features of Primary races-Racism Influence of Class, Caste and Race on health and health Practices	 Lecture Discussion Community Survey 	Short answers Assessment of report on community survey
VIII	6	•Describe the types of communities in India, their	Types of Communities in India (Rural, Urban and Regional) • Features of village	Lecture DiscussionVisits to	Essay typeShort answers

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
		practices and the impact on health	community & characteristics of Indian villages – panchayat system, social dynamics Community Development project & planning Changes in Indian Rural life Availability of health facilities in rural and its impact on health and health practices Urban – Community – features The growth of cities: Urbanisation and its impacton health and health practices Major urban problems – Urban slums Region: Problems and impact on Health	rural and urban community	• Assessment of report on community survey
IX	4	•Explain the process of social change	 Social Change Nature and process of social change Factors influencing social change: Cultural change, Cultural lag. Introduction to Theories of social change: Linear, Cyclical, Marxian, Functionial Role of nurse – Change agents 	• Lecture Discussion	Essay typeShort answers
X	4	Describe the social system and inter — relationship of social organizations	Social organization and social system Social organization: elements, types Democratic and authoritarian modes of participation, Voluntary associations Social system: Definition and Types of social system Role and status as structural elements of social system Inter-relationship of institutions	Lecture DiscussionObservatio n visits	 Essay type Short answers Assessment of visit reports
XI	2	•Explain the nature and process of social control	Social Control Nature and process of social control Political, Legal, Religious,	Lecture DiscussionCommunity Survey	Essay typeShort answersAssessment of report on

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
			Educational, Economic, Industrial and Technological systems, Norms & Values – Folkways & Mores Customs, Laws and fashion Role of nurse		community survey
XII	15	Describe the role of the nurse in dealing with social problems in India	Social Problems	 Lecture Discussion Institutional visits 	 Essay type Short answers Assessment of visit reports

Internal assessment: (25 Marks- refer to regulations)

Three Unit test marks	45%
Two Assignment marks	25%
Model Exam	25%
Attendance	5%
Total	100%

Reference:

- 1. Bhushan (V), Introduction to Sociology, Kitab Mahan, 2002.
- 2. Madan (GR), Indian Social Problems, Allied Publishers, Chennai.
- 3. Mehta (SA), Study of Rural Sociolgy in India, Chand & Co.
- 4. Ogbern (F), Handbook of Sociology, Eurasoa Publishing, New Delhi.
- 5. Majmudar (DN), An Introduction to Social Anthropology, Asia Publishing House, Bombay.
- 6. Indrani (TK), Textbook of Sociology for Nurses, Jaypee Brothers, New Delhi, 2006.
- 7. Neeraja (KP), Textbook of Sociology for Nursing Students, Jaypee Brothers, New Delhi, 2005. Rao (SD), Psychology and Sociology for Paramedicals, Jaypee Brothers, New Delhi, 2006
- 8. Agarwal, K.C. Environmental Sciences, Nidi publishers, 2001.
- 9. Bharucha Erach, The Biodiversity of India, Mapin Publication, 2001.
- 10. Brunner RC, Hazardous waste incineration, McGraw Hill Publishers, 1989.

Pharmacology, Pathology and Genetics

Pharmacology

Placement: Second Year Time: Theory 45 Hours

Course Description: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of Pharmaco-dynamics, pharmacokinetics, principles of therapeutics and nursing implications.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
I	3	◆ Describe pharmacodynamics, pharmaco-kinetics, classification and the principles of drug administration	Introduction Definition Sources Terminology used Types: Classification Pharmacodynamics: Actions, therapeutic Adverse, toxic Pharmacokinetics: absorption, distribution, metabolism, interaction, excretion Review: Routes and principles of administrationof drugs Indian pharmacopoeia: Legal issues Rational use of drugs Principles of therapeutics	• Lecture Discussion	 Short answers Objective type
II	6	◆Explain chemotherapy of specific infection and infestations and nurse's responsibilities	Chemotherapy Pharmacology of commonly used; Penicillin Cephalosporins Aminoglycosides Macrolide & Broad Spectrum Antibiotics Sulfonamides Quinolones Antiamoebic Antimalarials Anthelmintics Antiscabies agents Antiviral & anti-fungal agents Antitubercular drugs Anti leprosy drugs Anticancer drugs Immuno-suppressants Composition, action, dosage,	 Lecture Discussion Drug study / presentation 	 Short answers Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
			route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse		
III	2	◆Describe Antiseptics, disinfectants, insecticides and nurse's responsibilities	Pharmacology of commonly used antiseptics, disinfectants and insecticides Antiseptics; Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse Disinfectants Insecticides	 Lecture Discussion Drug study / presentation 	Short answersObjective type
IV	2	Describe Drugs acting on Gastro Intestinal system and nurse's responsibilities	Drugs acting on G.I system ● Pharmacology of commonly used ■ Antiemetics, ■ Emetics ■ Purgatives ■ Antacids ■ Cholinergic ■ Anticholinergics ■ Fluid and electrolyte therapy ■ Anti diarrhoeals ■ Histamines Composition, action, dosage,route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse	 Lecture Discussion Drug study / presentation 	 Short answers Objective type
V	2	Describe Drugs used on Respiratory Systems and nurse's responsibilities	Drugs used on Respiratory Systems Pharmacology of commonly used- Antiasthmatics Mucolytics Decongestants Expectorants Antitussives Bronchodilators Broncho constrictors Antihistamines Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug	 Lecture Discussion Drug study / presentation 	 Short answers Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
			interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse		
VI	2	Describe Drugs used on Urinary system and nurse's responsibilities	Drugs used on Urinary System Pharmacology of commonly used- Diuretics and antidiuretics Urinary antiseptics Cholinergic and anticholinergics Acidifiers and alkalanizers Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse	 Lecture Discussion Drug study / presentation 	Short answersObjective type
VII	4	• Describe Drugs used in De-addiction, emergency, deficiency, of vitamins & minerals, poisoning, immunization, immunesuppression and nurse's responsibilities	Miscellaneous •Drugs used in de-addiction •Drugs used in CPR andemergency •Vitamins and minerals •Immunosuppresants •Antidotes •Antivenom •Vaccines and sera	 Lecture Discussion Drug study / presentation 	Short answersObjective type
VIII	1	Describe Drugs used on skin and mucous membranes andnurse's responsibilities	Drugs used on skin and mucous membranes Topical applications for skin, eye, ear, nose and buccal cavity, Antipruritics Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse	 Lecture Discussion Drug study / presentation 	Short answersObjective type
IX	8	Describe Drugs used on Nervous system and nurse's responsibilities	Drugs acting on Nervous system Basic & applied pharmacology of commonly used: Analgesics and Anaesthetics Analgesics Non steroidal anti- inflammatory (NSAID)	 Lecture Discussion Drug study / presentation 	Short answersObjective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
			drugs Antipyretics Hypnotics and Sedatives Opioids Non-Opioids Tranquilizers General & local anesthetics Gases: oxygen, nitrous oxide, carbon-dioxide Cholinergic and anti- cholinergics: Muscle relaxants Major tranquilizers Anti-psychotics Antidepressants Anticonvulsants Adrenergics Noradregenics Mood stabilizers Acetylcholine Stimulants Composition, action, dosage,route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse		
X	5	Describe Drugs used on Cardio- vascular system and nurse's responsibilities	Cardiovascular drugs Haematinics Cardiotonics, Anti anginals Anti-hypertensives & vasodilators Anti-arrhythmics Plasma expanders Coagulants & anticoagulants Antiplatelets & thrombolytics Hypolipidemics Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse	 Lecture Discussion Drug study / presentation 	 Short Answers Objective type
XI	4	Describe drugs used for hormonal disorders and	Drugs used for hormonal disorders and supplementation,	Lecture DiscussionDrug study	Short answersObjective

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
		supplementation, contraception and medical termination of pregnancy and nurse's responsibilities	contraception and medical termination of pregnancy Insulin's & Oral hypoglycemic Thyroid supplements and suppressants Steroids, Anablics Uterine stimulants and relaxants Oral contraceptives Other estrogen – progesterone preparations Corticotrophine & Gonadotropines Adrenaline Prostaglandins Calcitonins Calcium salts Calcium regulators Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse.	/ presentation	type
XII	6	◆Demonstrate awareness of the common drugs used in alternative system of medicine	Introduction to Drugs used in alternative system of medicine: • Ayurveda, Homeopathy, Unani and Siddha etc.	Lecture DiscussionObservation al visit	Short answersObjective type

Internal assessment: (25 marks-Refer to regulations)

Three Unit test marks	45%	Three Unit test m
Two Assignment marks	25%	Two Assignment
Model Exam	25%	Model Exam
Attendance	5%	Attendance
Total	100%	Total

References:

- 1. Satoshkar, Pharmacology & Pharmacotherapeutics, 20th Edition, 2007.
- 2. Bennett (PN), Clinical Pharmacology, Churchil Livingston, New Delhi, 9th Edition, 2003.
- 3. Tripathi (KD), Essential of Medical Pharmacology, Jaypee Brothers, NewDelhi, 6th Edition, 2007.
- 4. Craig (CR), Modern Pharmacology with Clinical Application, Little Brown &Co., Newyork, 5th Edition, 1997.
- Goodman & Gilman's Pharmacological Basis of therapeutics, McGrawhill, Newyork, 10th Edition, 2001.

Pathology

Placement: Second Year Time: Theory 30 Hours

Course Description: This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge of pathology of various disease conditions and apply this knowledge in practice of nursing.

Unit	1	me [rs)	Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment method
	Th	Pr.			Activities	
I	3		 Define the common terms used in pathology. Appreciate the deviations from normal to abnormal structure and functions of the body system. 	● Introduction: - Importance of the study of pathology Definition of terms Methods and techniques Cellular and Tissue changes. Infiltration and generation Inflammations and Infections Wound healing Vascular changes ● Cellular growth, Neoplasms: Normal & Cancer cell Benign and Malignant growths In situ carcinoma Disturbances of fluid and electrolyte imbalance	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts 	 Short answers Objective type
II	10	5	◆Explain pathological changes in disease condition of various system	 Special Pathology: - Pathological changes in disease conditions of various systems. Respiratory tract Tuberculosis, Bronchitis, Pleural effusion and pneumonia. Lung abscess, emphysema, bronchiectasis. Bronchial asthma, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease & tumours. Cardio – vascular system: - 	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, slides, specimen, X-rays and scans Visit to Pathology lab, endoscopy unit and OT 	 Short answers Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)		Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment method
	Th	Pr.			Activities	
				Pericardial effusion		
				Rheumatic heart		
				disease		
				Infective endocarditis,		
				atherosclerosis		
				Ischemia, infarction&		
				aneurysm.		
				● Gastro Intestinal Tract:		
				Peptic ulcer, typhoid		
				Carcinoma of GI tract		
				- buccal, Esophageal,		
				Gastric & intestinal		
				●Liver, Gall bladder¬&		
				pancreas: -		
				Hepatitis, Chronic liver abscess,		
				cirrhosis		
				Tumours of liver, gall		
				bladder and pancreas.		
				Cholecystitis		
				◆ Kidneys & Urinary tract		
				Glomerulonephritis,		
				Pyelonephritis		
				Calculi, renal failure, renal carcinoma &		
				cystitis.		
				• Male genital systems:		
				Cryptorchidism,		
				testicular atrophy		
				Prostatic hyperplasia,		
				carcinoma penis & prostate		
				Female genital systems		
				Fibroids		
				Carcinoma cervix and		
				Endometrium.		
				Vesicular mole,		
				Choriocarcinoma		
				Ectopic gestation		
				Ovarian cyst & tumours • Cancer Breast:		
				Cancer Breast:Central nervous System:		
				Hydrocephalus,		
				Meningitis, encephalitis		
				Vascular disorders –		
				thrombosis, embolism		
				Stroke, Paraplegia,		
				quadriplegia		

Unit		me rs) Pr.	Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment method
				Tumours, meningiomas —gliomas • Metastatic tumours: • Skeletal system: Bone healing, osteoporosis, osteomyelitis. Arthritis & tumours:		
	4	3	Describe various laboratory tests in assessment and monitoring of disease condition.	 ◆ Various blood and bone marrow test in assessment and monitoring of disease conditions: Hemoglobin RBC, White cell &platelet counts Bleeding time, clottingtime and prothrombinetime Blood grouping and cross matching Blood chemistry Blood culture Serological and immunological tests Other blood tests Examination of Bone marrow. Methods of collectionsof blood specimen for various clinical pathology, biochemistry, microbiology tests, inference and normal values 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstrat ion Visit to Clinical Pathology & Bio- Chemistry lab and Blood bank 	 Short answers Objective type
IV	2	1	Describe the laboratory tests for examination of body cavity fluids, transudates and exaduates	Examination of body cavity fluids, transudates and exudates: The laboratories tests usedin CSF analysis. Examination of other body cavity fluids, transudates and exudates – sputum wound discharge etc. Analysis of gastric and duodenal contents. Analysis of semen – sperm count, motility and morphology and their	Lecture DiscussionDemonstrat ion	Short answersObjective type

Unit		me [rs]	Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment method
	Th	Pr.			Activities	
				importance in infertility. • Methods of collection of CSF and other cavity fluids,¬ specimen for various clinical pathology, biochemistry, microbiologytests, inference and normal values.		
V	1	1	•Describe the laboratory test for the examination of urine andfaeces.	Urine and faeces ● Urine: Physical characteristics Analysis Culture and sensitivity ● Faeces: Characteristics Stool examination: occult blood, ova, parasite and cyst, reducing substance etc. ● Methods of collection for various tests, inference and normal values.	Lecture DiscussionDemonstrat ion	Short answersObjective type

Internal assessment: (25 Marks - Refer to regulations)

Three Unit test marks	45%
Two Assignment marks	25%
Model Exam	25%
Attendance	5%
Total	100%

References:

- 1. Mohan (H), Textbook of Pathology, JP Publishers, Chennai, 5th Edition, 2005.
- 2. Underwood, General and systemic Pathology, Churchill Livingstone, London, 3rdEdition, 2000.
- 3. Kumar, Pathologic Basis of Disease, WB Saunders Co., New Delhi, 6th Edition, 1999.
- 4. Cotton (RE), Lecture Notes on Pathology, Blackwell Scientific Publication, London, 4 Edition, 1992.
- 5. Krishna (V), Textbook of Pathology, Orient Longman, 4 Edition, 1999.

Genetics

Placement: Second Year Time: Theory 15 hours

Course Description: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of

Genetics, its role in causation and management of defects and diseases.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment method
I	3	• Explain nature principles and perspectives of heredity	 Introduction: Practical application of geneticsin Nursing. Impact of genetic condition on families. Review of cellular division mitosis and meiosis. Characteristics and structure of genes. Chromosomes –sex determination. Chromosomal aberrations Patterns of inheritance.	• Lecture Discussion • Explain using charts, slides	 Short answers Objective type
П	3	• Explain maternal, prenatal and genetic influences on development of defects and disease	 Maternal, Prenatal and genetic influences on development of defects and diseases: Conditions affecting the mother genetic and infections. Consanguinity atopy Prenatal nutrition and food allergies. Maternal Age. Maternal drug therapy. Prenatal testing and diagnosis. Effect of Radiation, drugs and chemicals. Infertility Spontaneous abortion Neural tube defects and the roleof folic—acid in lowering the risks. Down syndrome (Trisomy 21) 	• Lecture Discussion • Explain using charts, slides	 Short answers Objective type
III	2	• Explain the screening	Genetic testing in the neonates and children:	•Lecture Discussion	• Short answers

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment method
		methods for genetic defects and diseases in neonates and children.	Screening for: Congenital abnormalities Development delay. Dysmorphism	Explain using charts, slides	• Objective type
IV	2	● Identify genetic disorders in adolescents and adults	Genetic conditions of adolescents and adults: Cancer genetics – Familial Cancer. Inborn errors of metabolism. Blood group alleles and hematological disorder. Genetics haemochromatosis. Huntington's disease. Mental illness	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, slides 	Short answersObjective type
V	5	Describe the role of nurse in genetic service and counseling	 Services related to Genetics: Genetic testing Human genome project. Gene therapy. The Eugenics movement. Genetic Counseling. Legal and Ethical issues Role of nurse 	•Lecture Discussion	Short answersObjective type

Internal assessment: (25 Marks - Refer to regulations)

Three Unit test marks	45%
Two Assignment marks	25%
Model Exam	25%
Attendance	5%
Total	100%

References:

- 1. Read (A), New Clinical Genetics, Scion Publishers, New Delhi, 2007
- 2. Gangane (SD), Human Genetics, J. P. Brothers Publication, New Delhi, 2000

Medical Surgical Nursing

(Adult including Geriatrics)-I

Placement: Second Year Time: Theory-210 hours

Practical-720 hours

Course Description: The purpose of this course is to acquire knowledge and develop proficiency in caring for with medical and surgical disorders in varieties of health care settings and at home.

Unit Tin	9	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I 15	 Appreciate the trends in Medical & Surgical Nursing Describe the role of a nurse in caringfor adult patient in hospital and community. Describe the concepts of Medical Surgical asepsis 	 Introduction: Introduction to Medical Surgical Nursing - Evolution and trends of Medical and Surgical Nursing Review of concepts of Health and illness disease- concepts, causations, classification diseases (ICD -10 or later version), Acute illness chronic illness, & Terminal illness, stages of illness Review of concepts of comprehensive Nursing carein Medical Surgical conditions based on Nursingprocess. Role of Nurse, patient and family in care of adult patient Role and responsibilities of a Nurse in Medical Surgical settings: ✓ Outpatient department ✓ In - Patient unit ✓ Home and community settings Introduction to Medical Surgical asepsis ✓ Inflammation and Infection ✓ Immunity ✓ Wound healing ✓ Care of Surgical patient ✓ Pre – operative ✓ Intra operative 	 Lecture discussion Demonstration Practice session Supervised clinical practice 	• Short answers • Objective Type • Assessment of skill with check list

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			✓ Post operative		
II	15	Describe the common signs, symptoms, problems and their specific nursing interventions	Common signs and symptoms and management Fluid and electrolyte imbalance Vomiting Dyspnea and cough,respiratory obstruction Fever Shock Unconsciousness,Syncope Pain Incontinence Edema Age related problems-geriatric	 Lecture discussion Seminar Case discussion 	• Short answers • Objective Type
III	20	Describe the etiology pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diag nostic measures and management of patients (adults including elderly) with disorders of respiratory systems	Nursing management of patients(adults including elderly)with respiratory problems Review of anatomy and physiology of respiratory system Nursing Assessment-History and physical assessment Etiolgy,Pathophysiology,c linical manifestations,diagnosis,t reatment modalities and medical,surgical,dietetics & nursing management of adults including elderly with- Upper Respiratory tract infections. Bronchitis Asthma Emphysema Emphysema Emphysema Atelectasis Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease(COPD) Bronchiectasis Pneumonia Pulmonary tuberculosis Lung abscess	 Lecture discussion Explain using Charts, graphs Models, flims , slides Demonstration Practice session Case discussions/S eminar Health education Supervised clinical practice Drug book/present ation 	 Essay type Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with check list Assessment of patient management problem

	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 ✓ Pleural effusion ✓ Cysts and Tumours ✓ Chest injuries ✓ Respiratory arrest and insufficiency ✓ Pulmonary embolism Special therapies, alternative therapies Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of respiratory disorders 		
IV 3	30	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients(adults including elderly)with disorders of digestive systems	Nursing management of patient(adults including elderly)with disorders of digestive system ■ Review of anatomy and physiology of digestive system ■ Nursing Assessment-History and Physical assessment ■ Etiology,Pathophysiology,cli nical manifestations,diagnosis,treat ment modalities and medical,surgical,dietetics & nursing management ■ Disorder of, ✓ Oral cavity-lips,gums,tongue,salivary glands and teeth ✓ Oesophagus-inflamation, Stricture,obstruction,bleed ing and tumours ✓ Stomach and deudenum- hiatus hernia,gastritis,peptic and deudenal ulcer,bleeding,tumors,pyloric stenosis ✓ Small intestinal disordersinflamation and infection,enteritis,malabsorpti on,obstruction,tumour and perforaton ✓ Large intestinal disorders-Colitis,inflamation and infection ,obstruction and tumour and lump ✓ Hernias ✓ Appendixinflamation,mass,abscess,rupt ure	 Lecture discussion Explain using Charts,graphs Models,flims ,slides Demonstraion Practice session Case discussions/S eminar Health education Supervised clinical practice Drug book/present ation 	 Essay type Short answers Objective type Assess with check list and clinical practical examination

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 ✓ Anal & Rectum:		
V	30	 Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients(adults including elderly)with blood and cardio vascular problems Describes the vascular conditions and its nursing management 	Nursing management of patient(adults including elderly)with blood and cardio vascular problems Review of anatomy and physiology of blood and cardio vascular system, Nursing Assessment-History and physical assessment Etiology,Pathophysology, clinical manifestations,diagnosis,t reatment modalities and medical,surgical,dietetics& nursing management of- Vascular system Hypertension,Hypotension Artheriosclerosis Raynaud's disease Aneurism and Perpherial vascular disorders Heart Coronary artery diseases Ischemic Heart Disease Coronary atherosclerosis Angina pectoris Myocardial infarction Valvular disorders of the heart Congential and acquired	 Lecture discussion Explain using Charts,graphs Models,flims ,slides Demonstration Practice session Case discussions/S eminar Health education Supervised clinical practice Drug book/present ation Visit to bood bank Participation in blood donation camps Counseling 	 Essay type Short Objective type Assessment of skills with check list Assessment of patient management problem

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 ✓ Rheumatic Heart diseases ● Endocarditis, pericarditis Myocarditis ◆ Cardio Myopathies ● Cardiac dyshythmias, Heart Block ◆ Congestive cardiac failure ✓ Cor-pulmonale.pulmonary edema, cardiogenic shock, cardiac tamponade ● Cardiac emergencies and arrest ● Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation(CPR) ● Blood ✓ Anaemias ✓ Polycythemia ✓ Bleeding disorders; clotting factor defects and platelets defects ✓ Thalassemia ✓ Leukaemias ✓ Leukopenias and agranulocytosis ✓ Lymphomas ✓ Myelomas ◆ Special therapies ✓ Blood transfusion, safety checks, procedure and requirements, management of adverse transfusion reaction, records for blood transfusion. ✓ Management and counselling of blood donors, phlebotomy procedure, and post donation management. Blood bank functioning and hospital transfusion committee. Biosafety andwaste management in relation to blood transfusion ✓ Role of a nurse in Organ donation, retrieval and banking Alternative therapies Nursing procedures 		
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Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Drugs used in treatment of blood and cardio vascular disorders.		
VI	10	Describe the etiology, pathophysiolog y, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients(adults including elderly)with disorder of genitor-urinary system	Nursing management of patient(adults including elderly)with genito-urinary problems Review of anatomy and physiology of genitor-urinary system Nursing Assessment-History and Physical assessment Etiology,Pathophysiology,clin ical manifestations,diagnosis,treat ment modalities and medical,surgical,detetics&nur sing management of- Nephritis Nephrotic syndrome Nephrosis Renal calculus Tumors Acute renal failure Chronic Renal failure Chronic Renal failure End stage renal disease Dialysis,renal transplant Congenital disorders,urinary infections Benign prostate hypertrophy Disorders of ureter,urinary bladder and urethrainflamation,infection,stricture, obstruction,tumour,prostrate Special therapies,alternative therapies Nusring procedures Drugs used in treatment of genitourinary disorders	 Lecture discussion Explain using Charts,graphs Models.films ,slides Demonstration Practice session Case discussions/ Seminar Supervised clinical practice Drug book/present ation 	 Essay type Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with check list Assessment of patient management problem
VII	5	Describe the etiology, pathophysiolgy , clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients(adults including	Nursing management of disorder of male (adults including elderly) reproductivesystem Review of anatomy and physiology of male reproductive system Nursing Assessment-History and Physical assessment Etiology, Pathophysiology,	 Lecture discussion Explain using Charts,graphs Models.flims ,slides Demonstration Practice session 	 Essay type Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with check list Assessment

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		elderly)with disorders of male reproductive system	clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of male reproductive system Cogenital malformation, cryptorchidism Hypospadiasis, Epispadiasis Infections Testis and adjacent structures Penis Prostate:inflamation.infection, hypertrophy, tumour Sexual dysfunction Infertility Contraception Breast, gynacomastia, tumor Climacteric changes special therapies, alternative therapies Nusring procedures Drugs used in treatment of male reproductive system	Case discussions/ Seminar Health Education Supervised clinical practice Drug book/present ation	of patient management problem
VIII	10	Describe the etiology, pathophysiolgy ,clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients(adults including elderly)with disorders of endocrine system	 Nursing management of patient(adults including elderly)with disorder of endocrine system Review of anatomy and physiology of endocrine system Nursing Assessment-History and Physical assessment Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of- ✓ Disorder of thyroid and parathyroid ✓ Diabetetes mellitus ✓ Diabetes insipidus ✓ Adrenal tumour ✓ Pitutary disorders special therapies, alternative therapies Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of disorders of endocrine system 	 Lecture discussion Explain using Charts,graphs Models.flims ,slides Demonstration Practice session Case discussions/S minar Supervised clinical practice Drug book/present ation 	 Essay type Short Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with check list Assessment of patient management problem
IX	10	Describe the etiology, pathophysiolgy,	Nursing management of patient(adults including	•Lecture discussion	Essay typeShort

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessment Methods
		clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients(adults including elderly)with disorder of skin	elderly)with disorder of integumentary system Review of anatomy and physiology of skin and it's appendage Nursing Assessment-History and Physical assessment Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of-disorder of skin and it's appendages- Lesions and abrasions ✓ Infection and infestations,Dermititis ✓ Dermatoses,infectious and Non infectious "inflammatory dermatoses" ✓ Acne Vulgaris ✓ Allergies and Eczema ✓ Psoriasis ✓ Malignant melanoma ✓ Alopecia Special therapies, alternative therapies Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of disorders of integumentary system.	Activities Explain using Charts,graphs Models.flims ,slides Demonstration Practice session Case discussions/ Seminar Health education Supervised clinical practice Drug book/present ation	answer Objective type Assessment of skills with check list Assessment of patient management problem
X	15	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients(adults including elderly)with disorder of musculo-skeletal system	Nursing management of patient(adults including elderly)with muculoskeletal problems Review of anatomy and physiology of muculoskeletal system, Nursing Assessment-History and Physical assessment Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of-	 Lecture discussion Explain using Charts,graphs Models.flims ,slides Demonstration Practice session Case discussions/S eminar Health education Supervised clinical 	 Essay type Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with check list Assessment of patient management problem

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Disorder of: ✓ Muscles, Ligaments and Joints-inflammation, infection, trauma ✓ Bones-inflammation, infection, dislocation, fracture, tumor and trauma ✓ Osteomalacia and osteoporosis ✓ Arthritis ✓ Congenital deformities ✓ Spinal column-defects and deformities, Tumor, Prolapsed inter vertebral disc, pott's spin ✓ Pagets disease ◆ Amputation ◆ Prosthesis ◆ Transplant & replacement surgeries ◆ Rehabilitation. Special therapies, alternative therapies Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of disorder of musculoskeletal system 	practice • Drug book/present ation	
XI	10	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients(adults including elderly)with disorder of Immunological problems	Nursing management of patient(adults including elderly)with Immunological problems Review of Immune system, Nursing Assessment-History and Physical assessment Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of- Immunodeficiency disorder Primary immune deficiency Phagocytic dysfunction B-cell and T-cell deficiencies Acquired immunodeficiency Syndrome(AIDS) Incidence of HIV & AIDS Epidemiology	 Lecture discussion Explain using Charts,graphs Models.flims ,slides Demonstration Practice session Case discussions/S minar Health education Supervised clinical practice Drug book/present ation Orientation visit to 	 Essay type Short Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with check list Assessment of patient management problem

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Transmission-Prevention of Transmission Standard Safety precautions Role of Nurse, Counseling Health education and home care consideration. National AIDS Control Program-NACO, Various national and international agencies Infection control program Rehabilitation. Special therapies, alternative therapies Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of disorder of immunological system 	Hospital Control system	
XII	20	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients(adults including elderly)with Communicable Diseases	Nursing management of patient(adults including elderly)with Communicable Diseases Overview of infectious disease, the infectious process Nursing Assessment-History and Physical assessment Epidemiology, infectious process, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatm ent, prevention and dietics. Control and eradication of common Communicable Diseases Tuberculosis Diarrhoeal disease Hepatitis A-E Herpes Chickenpox Smallpox Typhoid Meningitis Gas gangrene Leprosy Dengue Plague Malaria Diptheria Pertussis Poliomyelitis Measles	 Lecture discussion Explain using Charts,graphs Models.flims ,slides Demonstration Practice session Case discussions/S minar Health education Supervised clinical practice Drug book/present ation 	 Essay type Short Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with check list Assessment of patient management problem

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 ✓ Mumps ✓ Influenza ✓ Tetanus ✓ Yellow fever ✓ Filariasis ✓ HIV,AIDS ● Reproductive Tract Infections ● Special Infection control measures: Notification, Isolation, Quarantine. Immunization, Infectious Disease Hospital Special therapies, alternative therapies Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of Communicable diseases. 		
XIII	25	 Describe the Organization and physical set up operation theatre Identify the various instruments and equipmentused for common surgical procedures Describe the infection control measures in the operation theatre Describe the role of the nurse in the Peri Operative nursing care 	Peri operative nursing:	•Lecture discussion •Explain using Charts,graphs •Models.flims ,slides •Demonstration •Practice session •Supervised clinical practice •Drug book/present ation	•Essay type •Short answer •Objective type •Assessment of skills with check list

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 ✓ Types ✓ Methods of administration ✓ Effects and Stages ✓ Equipments ✓ Drugs Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation (CPR) Pain management techniques Legal Aspects 		

Internal assessment: (25 Marks-Refer to regulations)

Three Unit test marks	45%
Two Assignment marks	25%
Model Exam	25%
Attendance	5%
Total	100%

Reference Books:

- 1. Brunner (V), Medical Surgical Nursing, LWW, 10th Edition.
- 2. Black, Medical Surgical Nursing: Clinical Management for positive outcomes, Elsevier,7thEdition.
- 3. Willams, Understanding Medical Surgical Nursing, Jaypee, 3rd Edition.
- 4. Timby, Introductory Medical Surgical Nursing, LWW, 9th Edition.
- 5. Lewis, Medical Surgical Nursing Assessment & Management of Clinical Problems, Elsevier 7th edition
- 6. Ignatavicius, Critical Thinking for Collaborative Care, Elsevier, 5th Edition.
- 7. Monahan, Phipp's Medical Surgical Nursing: Health & illness perspectives practice, Jaypee, 8th Edition.
- 8. Gulanick, Nursing Care Plans: Nursing Diagnosis & Interventions, Mosby, 5th edition
- 9. Lippincott's Manual of Nursing Practice, Jaypee, Edition.
- 10. Ulrich, Nursing Care Planning Guides: For adults in acute extended & Home caresettings, Elsevier, 6th edition.
- 11. White, Foundations of Adulth Health Nursing, Thompson, 2nd edition.
- 12. Redfern, Nursing Older People, Churchill Livingstone, 4th edition.
- 13. Phillip, Berry & Kohn's Operating room techniques, Elsevier, 11th Edition.
- 14. Marks, Roxburgh's Common Skin Diseases, Arnold, 17th edition.
- 15. Thappa, Essential in Dermatology with MCQ's, Ahuja publishing

Medical Surgical Nursing

(Adult including Geriatrics)-I

Practical

Placement: Second year Time: 720 Hours

Areas	Durati on(in week)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment Methods
General Medical ward (Respirator y, GI, Endocrine, Renal, Hematolog y	6	 Provide nursing care to adult patients with medical disorders Counsel and educate patients and families 	 Assessment of the patient ✓ Taking history ✓ Perform general and specific physical examination. ✓ Identify alterations and deviations ● Practice medical surgical asepsis-Standard safety measures ● Administer medications ● Oral, IV, IM, Subcutaneous ● IV therapy ✓ IV canulation ✓ Maintenance and monitoring ● Oxygen therapy by different methods ● Nebulization ● Chest physiotherapy ● Naso gastric feeding ● Assist in common diagnostic ● Perform/Assist in therapeutic procedure ● Blood and component therapy ● Throat Suctioning ● Collect specimens for common investigations. ● Maintain elimination ✓ Catheterization ✓ Bowel wash ✓ Enema ✓ Urinary drainage ● Maintain Intake, output and documentation ● Counsel and teach relatedto specific disease conditions. 	 •Plan and give care 3-4 assigned patients •Nursing care plan-2 •Nursing case study/presentation -1 •Drug presentation-1 •Maintain drug book •Maintain Practical record book 	•Assess performance with rating scale •Assess each skill with checklist •Evaluation of case study/prese ntation •Completion of practical record.

Areas	Durati on(in week)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment Methods
General Surgical Ward(GI,U rinary,CTV S)	6	 ◆ Provide pre and post operative nursing care to adult patients with surgical disorders ◆ Counsel and educate patients and families 	 Practice medical surgical asepsis Standard safety measures Pre-operative preparation of patients Post operative care-Receiving patient, assessment, monito ring, care Care of wound and drainage Suture removal Ambulation and exercise Naso gastric aspiration Care of chest drainage Ostomy care ✓ Gastrostomy ✓ Colostomy ✓ Enterostomy Blood and component therapy Practice universal precautions 	 Plan and give care 3-4 assigned patients Nursing care plan-2 Nursing case study/presentation -1 Drug presentation-1 Maintain drug book 	•Assess performance with rating scale •Assess each skill with checklist •Evaluation of case study/prese ntation •Completion of activity record
Cardiology ward	2	 Provide nursing care to patients with cardiac disorders Counsel and educate patients and families 	 Physical examination of the cardio vascular system Recording and interpreting ECG Monitoring of patients Preparation and assistingin non-invasive and invasive diagnostic procedures. Administer cardiac drugs Cardio pulmonary Resuscitation Teach patients and families Practice medical and surgical asepsis-Standard safety measures 	 Plan and give careto 2-3 assigned patients Nursing care plan-1 Nursing case study/presentation /Heath talk-1 Maintain drug book 	•Assess performance with rating scale •Assess each skill with checklist •Evaluation of case study/prese ntation/Hea lth talk •Completion of activity record
Skin & Communic able diseases Ward	1	● Identify Skin problems ● Provide nursing care to patients with skin disorders & Communica	 Assessment of patients with skin disorders Assist in diagnostic and therapeutic procedures Administer topical medication Practice medical surgical asepsis-Standard safety 	•Plan and give careto 2-3 assigned patients •Health talk/Counseling HIV positive patients and families-1 •Maintain drug	•Assess performance with rating scale •Evaluation health talk/Counse lling

Areas	Durati on(in week)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment Methods
	weeky	ble diseases Counsel and educate patients and families	measures Use of personal protective equipment(PPE) Give Medicated baths Counselling HIV positive patients	book	session •Completion of activity record
Orthopaedic ward	2	 Provide nursing care of patient with musculosk eletal disorders Counsel and educate patient and families 	 Assessment of orthopaedic patients Assist in application of plaster cast and removal of cast Apply skin traction-buck's extension traction. Assist application and removal of prosthesis Physiotherapy-Range of motion exercises(ROM),muscle strengthening exercises Crutch maneuvering technique. Activities of daily living Ambulation Teach and counsel patients and families 	 •Plan and give careto 2-3 assigned patients •Nursing care plan-1 •Nursing case study/presentation -1 •Maintain drug book 	Assess each performance with rating scale Evaluation of Nursing care plan and Nursing case study/prese ntation Completion of activity record
Operation Theater	6	 Identify instruments used in commen operations Participate in infection control practice in the Operation Theater Set-up the table/trolle ys for common operative procedures Assist in giving anesthesia 	 Scrubbing,gowning,glo ving Identify instruments,suturing materials for common operations Disinfection,Carbolizat ion,fumigation Preparation of instrument sets for common operations Sterilization of sharps and other instruments Prepare the OT table depending upon the operation Positioning and monitoring of patients Endotracheal intubation Assisting in minor and major operations. 	 Assist as a circulatory nurse in Major cases-10 Minor cases -5 Assist as a scrub nurse in Major cases -10 Minor cases - 5 Maintain drug book 	 Assess performa nce with rating scale Completi on of activity record

Areas	Durati on(in week)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment Methods
		 Assist in the operative procedures Provide peri operative nursing care 	 Handling specimens Disposal of waste as per the guidelines 		

Internal assessment for Practical: (100 Marks/ 50 Marks-Refer to regulations)

Continuous Evaluation of Clinical Performance	30%
Clinical assignment (Case study/ Practical record/Case book)	20%
Clinical Presentation	10%
Observational /field visit/ Health talk	10%
Model Practical Examination	30%
Total	100%

Community Health Nursing – I

Placement: Second year Time: Theory – 90 Hrs

Practical – 135 Hrs

Course Description: This course is designed for students to appreciate the principles of promotion and maintenance of Health.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Methods	Assessment methods
I	2 20	Describe concept and dimensions of health Describe	 Introduction Community health Nursing Definition, concepts and dimensions of health Promotion of health Maintenance of health Determinants of health 	* Lecture Discussion * Lecture	*Short answer
		determinants of health	 Eugenics Environmental studies: Definition, Scope and Importance – Need for public services. Environment and Environmental Pollution: Definition, Causes, Effects and control measure of Physical, Air, Light, Soil, Marine, Thermal, Nuclear pollution, Ventilation, Water(Water resources: Use and Over utilization of surface and ground water, floods, drought, conflicts over water, Dams – Benefits and problems) Housing, Sanitation, Noise, Climatic change, Heat waves and its Impact on health, Solid waste management: Causes, effects and control measures of Urban and Industrial waste Disposal of waste disposal of dead bodies, Communication: Infrastructure facilities and linkages Forestation, Use and over exploitation, Deforestation, case studies, timber extraction, mining, dams and their effects on 	Discussion *Explain using charts, graphs, models, films, slides * Visits to water supply, sewage disposal, milk plants, slaughter houseetc.,	*Short answers *Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Methods	Assessment methods
			forests and tribal people. - Mineral Resources Use and exploitation, Environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies. - Acts regulating the environment: National Pollution Control Board including Acts on Air and Water. Role of individual in prevention of pollution, pollution case studies. - Bacterial and viral: Agents, host, carries and immunity. - Arthropods and Rodent - Food hygiene: Production preservation, Purchase, preparation, consumption, World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer — pesticides problems, water logging, salinity, case studies. - Acts regulating food hygiene- Prevention of food Adulteration Act, drugs and cosmetics Act - Wild life protection Act, Forest conservation Act, Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation and public awareness. - Socio — Cultural: - Customs — taboos - Marriage System - Family Structure - Status of Special groups: females, Children, elderly, challenged groups and sick persons. - Lifestyle - Hygiene - Physical activity - Recreation and sleep - Sexual Life - Spiritual life philosophy		
			98		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Methods	Assessment methods
			-Self reliance -Dietary Pattern -Education -Occupation Financial Management -Income -Budget -Purchasing Power - Security Forest resources: - Use and overexploitation, Deforestation, Case studies, Timber extraction, Mining, Dams and their effects on forest and tribal people Energy Resources - Growing energy needs - Renewable and Nonrenewable energy resources, use of alternate energy sources, case studies. Land resources: - Land as a resource, Land degradation, Man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification. Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources. Equitable use of resources for sustainable life styles. Ecosystem: - Concept of an ecosystem - Structure & Function of an Ecosystem producers, consumers and decomposers Energy flow in the ecosystem - Ecological succession - Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids - Introduction, types, characteristics, structure and functions of the following ecosystems: Forest ecosystem, Grass land ecosystems; streams, lakes, river, ocean, estuaries) Disaster Management: Floods,		
	1		<u>l</u>		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Methods	Assessment methods
			Earth quake, cyclone and Land slides.		
III	10	Describe concepts, scope, uses, methods and approaches of epidemiology	 Epidemiology Definition, concept, aims, scope, uses and terminology used in epidemiology. Dynamics of disease Transmission: epidemiological triad Morbidity and mortality: measurements. Levels of Prevention. Methods of Epidemiology Descriptive Analytical: Epidemic investigation of an outbreak Experimental 	* Lecture Discussion *Explain using charts, graphs, models, films, slides	* Essay type *Short answers
IV	25	Describe Epidemiology and nursing management of common Communicable diseases.	Epidemiology and Nursing management of common communicable discuses Respiratory infections -Small Pox -Chicken pox - Measles - Influenza - Rubella -ARI'S & Pneumonia -Mumps - Diphtheria - Whooping cough -Meningococcal Meningitis -Tuberculosis -SARS Intestinal infections Poliomyelitis -Viral hepatitis - Cholera - Diarrhoeal Diseases -Typhoid fever - Food poisoning, Food Borne Disease -Amoebiasis - Hookworm infestation - Ascariasis -Dracunculiasis - Arthropod Infections - Dengue -Malaria - Filariasis, Chickengunia	* Lecture Discussion *Explain using charts, graphs, models, films, slides *Seminar *Supervised field visits- Health centers, clinics and homes *Group projects/ Healtheducation	* Essay type *Short answers *Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Methods	Assessment methods
			 ▼ Zoo noses. ▼ Viral -Rabies -yellow fever -Japanese encephalitis -kyasnur forest disease ● Bacterial -Brucellosis - Plague, -Human Salmonellosis -Anthrax - Leptospirosis ● Rickettsial diseases -Rickettsial Zoonoses - Scrub typhus - Murine typhus - Tick typhus - Q fever ● Parasitic Zoonoses - Tetanus -leprosy - yaws ● STD & RTI, HIV/AIDS, Any other 	Networks	
V	10	Describe the Epidemiology and nursing management of common non-communicable diseases.	Epidemiology and Nursing management of common non Communicable diseases Malnutrition: under nutrition, over nutrition, nutritional deficiencies Anemia Hypertension, Stroke Rheumatic Heart disease coronary heart disease Cancer Diabetes mellitus Blindness Accidents Mental illness Obesity Iodine deficiency Fluorosis Epilepsy	* Lecture Discussion *Explain using charts, graphs, models, films, slides *Seminar *Supervised field visits- Health centers, clinics and homes *Group projects/ Healtheducation	* Essay type *Short answers *Objective type
VI	6	*Describe the concepts and scope of demography *Describe	 Demography Definition, Concepts and Scope. Methods of collection, analysis and interpretation of 	* Lecture Discussion *Community identification survey	* Essay type *Short answers *Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Methods	Assessment methods
		methods of data collection, analysis and interpretation of demographic data.	demographic data. Demographic rates and ratios.		*Assessment of survey report
VII	17	*Identify the impact of population explosion in India *describe methods of population control.	 Population and its Control Human population and environment: Population growth, Variation among nation. Population explosion and its impact on social, economic development of individual, society and Country. Population Control: Overall development, women empowerment, Social, economic and educational development, Woman and Child welfare. Limiting family size: Promotion of Small family norm Methods of Spacing (Natural, biological, Chemical, Mechanical methods, etc.,) Terminal: Surgical Methods Emergency Contraceptives Family welfare programmes: Family planning 2020 Environment and Human Health, Human Rights, Value Education 	* Lecture Discussion *Counseling *Demonstration *Practice session *Supervised field practice	* Essay type *Short answers *Objective type *Assessment of survey report

Internal assessment: (25 Marks – Refer to regulations)

Three Unit test marks	45%
Two Assignment marks	25%
Model Exam	25%
Attendance	5%
Total	100%

Field Work:

- 1. Visit to a local area to document environmental asserts reiver / forest / grassland / hill/mountain.
- 2. Visit to al local polluted site urban / rural / industrial / agriculture.
- 3. Study of common plants, insects, birds.
- 4. Study of simple ecosystems pond, river, hill slopes, etc.

Reference:

- 1. Park (JE), Textbook of Preventive and Social Medicine, Bhanarsida Bhanot Publishers, Jabalpur, 19th Edition, 2007
- 2. Stanhope (M), Public Health Nursing: Population- Centered Health care in the Community, Elsevier, 7th Edition, 2008
- 3. Rao (KS), Introduction to Community Health Nursing, S.I. Publications, Chennai, 1989
- 4. T.N.A.I., A Community Health Nursing Manual, New Gian Offset Press, New Delhi,1989
- 5. Jadhav H, Environmental Protection and Laws, Himalaya Publication, 2000.
- 6. Odum EP, Fundamental of Ecology, WB Sannders Publication, 1971.
- 7. Clarke G. Elements of Ecology, John Wiley and Sons, New York.
- 8. Verma PS and Agarwal VK. Principles of ecology, S. Chand & Co., New Delhi.
- 9. Cunningham et.at. Environmental Encyclopedia, Jaico Publication, Mumbai.
- 10. Miller TG Jr. Environmental Science, Wadsworth Publishers.
- 11. Sharma BK, Environmental Chemistry, Goel Publishers, Meeru, 2001

Community Health Nursing I- Practical

Placement: Second Year Time: Practical – 135 Hrs

Areas	Duration (in Week)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment methods
Community Health Nursing	2 wks Urban & 2 wks Rural	 Build and maintain rapport Identify demographic characteristics, health determinants and communityhealth resources Diagnose health needs of individual and families Provide primary care in health center Counsel and educate individual, family and community 	 Use techniques of interpersonal relationship Identification of health determinants of community History taking Physical examination Collect specimenssputum, malaria smear Perform simple lab tests at centre- blood for hemoglobin and urine for albumin and sugar Administer vaccines and medications to Adults Counsel and teach individual, family and community Nutrition Hygiene Self health monitoring Seeking health services Healthy life style Family welfare methods Health promotion 	• To work with2 assigned families each in urban and rural • Family study-1 • Observation report of community -1 • Health talks 2 (1 in Urban &1 in Rural)	 Assess clinical performance with rating scale Assess each skills with checklist Evaluation of family study, observation report and health talk Completion of activity record

Internal assessment for Practical: (100 Marks/ 50 Marks- Refer to regulations)

Continuous Evaluation of Clinical Performance	30%
Clinical assignment (Case study/ Practical record/Case book)	20%
Clinical Presentation	10%
Observational /field visit/ Health talk	10%
Model Practical Examination	30%
Total	100%

Communication & Education Technology

Placement: Second Year Time: Theory - 60 Hours

Practical – 30Hours

Course Description: This course is designed to help the students acquire an understanding of the principles and methods of communication and teaching. It helps to develop skill in communicating effectively, maintaining effective interpersonal relations, teaching individuals and group in clinical community health and educational settings.

Unit	Time (Hrs)		Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
	Th.	Pr.			_	
Ι	5		 Describe the communication process Identify techniques of effective communication 	Review of Communication Process Process: elements and channel Facilitators Barriers and methods of overcoming techniques	 Lecture Discussion Role plays Exercises with audio/video tapes 	 Respond to critical incidents Short answers Objective type
II	5		 Establish effective inter- personal relations with patients, families & co-workers 	Interpersonal relations	 Lecture Discussion Role plays Exercises with audio/video tapes Process recording 	Short answersObjective type
III	5		 Develop effective human relations in context of Nursing 	Human Relations Understanding self Social behavior, motivation, social attitudes Individual and groups Groups & individual Human relation in contextof Nursing Group dynamics Team work.	 Lecture Discussion Sociometry Group games Psychometric exercises followed by discussion 	 Short answers Objective type Respond to test based on critical incidents
IV	10	5	Develop basic skill of guidance and counseling	Guidance and Counseling Definitions Purpose, scope and need Basic principles Organization of counseling services Types of counseling approaches Roles and preparation of counselor Issues for counseling in Nursing: students and practitioners	 Lecture Discussion Role play on counseling in different situations followed by discussion 	 Short answers Objective type Assess performan ce in role play situations

Unit	it Time (Hrs)		Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
	Th.	Pr.		 Counseling process – steps& techniques, tools of counselor Managing disciplinary problems Management of crisis & referral 		
V	5		• Describe the philosophy & principles of education	Principles of Education & Teaching Learning Process Education: meaning, philosophy, aims functions& principles Nature and characteristicsof learning Principles and maxims of teaching Formulating objectives: general and specific Lesson planning Classroom management	 Lecture Discussion Prepare lesson plan Micro teaching Exercise on writing objectives 	 Short answers Objective type Assess lesson plans & teaching sessions
VI	10	10	Demonstrate teaching skill using various teaching methods in clinical, classroom and community settings	■ Lecture, demonstration, group discussion, seminar, symposium, panel discussion, role play, project, field trip, workshop, exhibition, programmed instruction, computer assisted learning, microteaching, problem based learning, Self instructional module, simulation etc ■ Clinical teaching methods: case method, nursing rounds & reports, bedside clinic, conference (individual & group) process recording	 Lecture Discussion Conduct 5 teaching sessions using different methods & media. 	 Short answers Objective type Assess teaching sessions
VII	10	8	 Prepare and use different types of educational media effectively 	 Educational media Purposes & types of A.V Aids, principles and sources etc. Graphic aids: chalk board, chart, graph, poster, flash cards, flannel graph, bulletin and cartoon. Three dimensional aids: objects, specimen, models 	 Lecture Discussion, Demonstration Prepare different teaching aids – projected & non projected 	 Short answers Objective type Assess the teaching aids prepared

Unit		me (rs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
	Th.	Pr.		puppets. Printed aids: Pamphlets & leaflets Projected aids: Slides,		
				overhead projector, films, TV, VCR/VCD, camera, microscope, LCD. • Audio aids: Tape recorder, public address system. • Computer		
VIII	5	7	• Prepare different types of questions for assessment of knowledge, skills and attitudes	 Assessment ● Purpose & scope of evaluation & assessment ● Criteria for selection of assessment techniques and methods ● Assessment of knowledge: Essay type question, Short answer question (SAQ), Multiple choice question (MCQ) ● Assessment of skills: Observation check list, practical exam, Viva, Objective Structured Clinical Examination (OSCE) ● Assessment of Attitude: Attitude scales. 	• Lecture Discussion • Exercise on writing different types of assessment tools	 Short answers Objective type Assess the strategies used in practice teaching sessions and exercise sessions
IX	5		• Teach individuals, groups and communities about health with their active participation	Information, Education & Communication for health (IEC) Health behavior & health education Planning for health education Health education with individuals, groups & communities Communicating health messages Methods & media for communicating health messages Using mass media.	 Lecture Discussion Plan & conduct health education sessions for individuals, group & communities 	 Short answers Objective type Assess the planning & conductof the education al session

Internal assessment: (25 Marks- Refer to regulations)

Three Unit test marks	45%
Two Assignment marks	25%
Model Exam	25%
Attendance	5%
Total	100%

Reference Books:-

- 1. Heidgerkohn (DE), Teaching and Learning in School of Nursing, Philadlphia, J.O.
- 2. Billioet Co. W.H.O. Curriculum Guide for the Schools of Nursing in India, DelhiWHO.
- 3. Neeraja, Textbook of Nursing Education, Jaypere Brothers.
- 4. Tyler (RW), Basic of Curriculum and Instruction, Chicago, The university of Chicago press.

Medical Surgical Nursing (Adult including Geriatrics) - II

Placement : Third Year Time: Theory — 120 hours

Practical – 460 hours

Course Description: The purpose of this course is to acquire knowledge and develop proficiency in caring for patients with medical and surgical disorders in varieties of health care settings and at home.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
		*Describe the	Nursing management of patient with	*Lecture	*Essay type
I	15	etiology,	disorders of Ear Nose and throat	discussion	*Short
		pathophysiology	* Review of anatomy and Physiology of	*Explain	answers
		, clinical	the Ear Nose and Throat	using charts,	*Objective
		manifestations,	* Nursing assessment-History and physical	graphs	type
		diagnostic	assessment	*Models,	*Assessment
		measures and	* Etiology, pathophysiology, clinical	films, slides	of skills with
		management of	manifestations, diagnosis, treatment	*Demonstrati	check list
		patients with	modalities and medical & surgical nursing	on	*Assessment
		disorders of Ear	management of Ear Nose and Throat	*Practice	of patient
		Nose and Throat	disorders;	session	management
			_External ear - deformities otalgia, foreign	*Case	problem
			bodies and tumors	discussions/	
			_ Middle ear - impacted wax, Tympanic	Seminar	
			membrane perforation, otitis media,	*Health	
			otosclerosis, mastoidities, tumours	education	
			_ Inner ear - Meniere's disease,	*Supervised	
			labyrinthitis, otottoxicity, tumours	clinical	
			_ Upper airway infections-common cold,	practice	
			sinusitis, rhinitis, pharyngitis, tonsillitis	*Drug book/	
			and adenoiditis, peritonsilar abscess,	Presentation	
			laryngitis.		
			* Upper respiratory airway-epistaxis,		
			* Nasal obstruction, laryngeal obstruction,		
			cancer of the larynx cancer of the oral		
			cavity		
			* Speech defects and therapy		
			* Deafness		
			* Prevention, control and rehabilitation		
			* Hearing aids, implanted hearing devices		
			Special therapies		
			Nursing procedures		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
			Drugs used in treatment of disorders of Ear Nose and Throat Role of nurse in communicating with hearing impaired and muteness.		
II	15	*Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients with disorders of eye	Nursing management of patient with disorders of eye * Review of anatomy and physiology of the eye — * Nursing assessment-History and physical assessment * Etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical & surgical nursing management of eye disorders; Refractive errors Eyelids-infection, tumors and deformities Conjunctiva-inflammation and infection Lens-cataracts Glaucoma Disorders of the uveal tract Ocular tumours Retinal detachment Ocular emergencies and their prevention * Blindness * National blindness control program Eye Banking Eye prostheses and rehabilitationRole of Nurse - communication withvisually impaired patient, Eye camps Special therapies Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of disorders of eye	*Lecture discussion *Explain using charts, graphs *Models, films, slides *Demonstrati on *Practice session *Case discussions/ Seminar *Health education *Supervised clinical practice *Drug book/ Presentation *Visit to eye bank *Participation in eye camps	*Essay type *Short answers *Objective type *Assessment of skills with check list *Assessment of patient management problem
III	16	*Describe the etiology, pathophysiology , clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and	Nursing management of patient with Neurological disorders * Review of anatomy and physiology of the neurological system * Nursing assessment-History and physical and neurological assessment and Glasgow coma scale	*Lecture discussion *Explain using charts, graphs *Models, films, slides	*Essay type *Short answers *Objective type *Assessment of skills with

Unit Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
	management of patients with neurological disorders	* Etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical & surgical nursing management of neurological disorders * Congenital malformation * Headache * Head injuries * Spinal Injuries Paraplegia Hemiplegia Quadraplegia * Spinal cord compression - herniation of intervertebral disc * Tumours of the brain & spinal cord * Intra cranial and cerebral aneurysms * Infections: Meningitis, encephalitis, brain abscess, neurocysticercosis * Movement disorders Chorea Seizures Epilepsies * Cerebro vascular accident (CVA) * Cranial, spinal neuropathies - Bell's palsy, trigeminal neuralgia * Peripheral Neuropathies; Guillain-Barre syndrome * Myasthenia gravis * Multiple sclerosis Degenerative disease Delirium Dementia Alzheimer's disease Parkinson's disease * Management of unconscious patients and patients with stroke * Role of the nurse in communicating with patient having neurological deficit * Rehabilitation of patients with neurological deficit Role of nurse in long stay facility(institutions) and at home Special therapies	*Demonstrati on *Practice session *Case discussions/ Seminar *Health education *Supervised clinical practice *Drug book/ Presentation *Visit to rehabilitation centre	check list *Assessment of patient management problem

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
			Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of neurological disorders		
IV	16	*Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients with disorders of female reproductive system *Describe the concepts of reproductive health and family welfare programme	Nursing management of patient with disorders of female reproductive system * Review of anatomy and physiology of the female reproductive system * Nursing assessment-History and physical assessment * Breast self examination * Etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical & surgical nursing management of disorders of female reproductive system * Congenital abnormalities of female reproductive system * Sexuality and reproductive health * Sexual health assessment * Menstrual disorders; Dysmenorrhea, Premenstrual syndrome * Abnormal uterine bleeding; Menorrhagia, Metrorrhagia pelvic inflammatory disease * Ovarian and fallopian tube disorders, infections, cysts, tumours Uterine and cervical disorders, Endometriosis,, polyps, Fibroids, Cervical and uterine tumours, Uterine displacement, cystocele/Urethrocele/Rectocele * Vaginal disorders; infections, discharges, fistulas, *Vulvar Disorders: cysts, tumours * Diseases of breasts; Deformities, infections, cysts and tumours * Menopause and hormonal replacement therapy * Infertility * Contraception; Types methods, risk and effectiveness Spacing methods > Barrier methods > Intra uterine devices > Hormonal,	*Lecture discussion *Explain using charts, graphs *Models, films, slides *Demonstrati on *Practice session *Case discussions/ Seminar *Health education *Supervised clinical practice *Drug book/ Presentation	*Essay type *Short answers *Objective type *Assessment of skills with check list *Assessment of patient management problem

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
			Post conceptional methods, etc Terminal methods: Sterilization * Emergency contraception methods * Abortion - Natural, medical and surgical abortion - MTP Act * Toxic shock syndrome * Injuries and Trauma; Sexual violence Special therapies Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of gynecological disorders National family welfare programme		
V	10	*Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients with Burns reconstructive and cosmetic surgery	Nursing management of patient with Burns, reconstructive and cosmetic surgery * Review of anatomy and physiology of skin and connective tissues and various deformities * Nursing assessment-History and physical assessment and assessment of burns and fluid and electrolyte loss. Etiology, classification, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical & surgical Nursing management of burns andre-constructive and cosmetic surgery; * Types of Re-constructive and cosmetic surgery; for burns, congenital deformities, injuries and cosmetic purposes * Role of Nurse * Legal aspects * Rehabilitation * Special therapies _ Psycho social aspects Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of burns, reconstructive and cosmetic surgery	*Lecture discussion *Explain using charts, graphs *Models, films, slides *Demonstrati on *Practice session *Case discussions/ Seminar *Health education *Supervised clinical practice *Drug book/ Presentation	*Essay type *Short answers *Objective type *Assessment of skills with check list *Assessment of patient management problem
VI	10	*Describe the etiology, pathophysiology , clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and	Nursing management of patient with oncological conditions * Structure & characteristics of normal & cancer cells * Nursing assessment-History and physical assessment * Prevention, screening, early detection,	*Lecture discussion *Explain using charts, graphs *Models, films, slides	*Essay type *Short answers *Objective type *Assessment of skills with

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
		management of patients with oncology	warning signs of cancer * Epidemiology, Etiology, classification, pathophysiology staging, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical & surgical management of oncological conditions * Common malignancies of various body systems; oral larynx, lung, stomach and colon, liver, leukemias and lymphomas, breast, cervix, ovary, uterus, sarcoma, brain, renal, bladder, prostate etc * Oncological emergencies * Modalities of treatment _ Immunotherapy _ Chemotherapy _ Radiotherapy _ Surgical interventions _ Stem cell and bone marrow transplants _ Gene therapy _ Other forms of treatment * Psycho social aspects of cancer * Rehabilitation * Palliative care; symptom and pain management, nutritional support * Home care * Hospice care * Stomal therapy _ Psycho social aspects * Nursing procedures	*Demonstrati on *Practice session *Case discussions/ Seminar *Health education *Supervised clinical practice *Drug book/ Presentation	check list *Assessment of patient management problem
VII	10	*Describe organization of emergency and disaster care services * Describe the role of nurse in disaster management * Describe the role of nurse in management of common emergencies	Nursing management of patients in EMERGENCY & DISASTER situations Disaster Nursing: * Concepts and principles of Disaster Nursing * Causes and types of disaster: Natural and man made _ Earthquakes, floods, epidemics, cyclones _ Fire, explosion, accidents _ Violence, terrorism, bio chemical, war * Policies related to emergency/disaster management: International, National, Stateand Institutional * Disaster preparedness * Team, guidelines, protocols, equipments,	*Lecture discussion *Explain using charts, graphs *Models, films, slides *Demonstrati on *Practice session *Case discussions/ Seminar *Health	*Essay type *Short answers *Objective type *Assessment of skills with check list *Assessment of patient management problem

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
Unit	(Hrs)	Objectives	resources * Co - ordination and involvement of Community, various Government departments, Non Govt. organizations and international agencies. * Role of Nurse: working * Legal aspects of disaster Nursing * Impact of health after effects: Post traumatic stress disaster * Rehabilitation: Physical, Psycho social, Financial, Relocation Emergency Nursing * Concept, priorities, principles and scopeof emergency Nursing * Organization of emergency services: physical set up, staffing, equipment and supplies, protocols, concept of triage androle of triage Nurse * Co ordination and involvement of different departments and facilities * Nursing assessment * Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical surgical nursing management of patient with medical surgical emergency Principles of emergency management * Common emergencies * Respiratory emergencies * Respiratory emergencies * Cardiac emergencies * Shock and Hemorrhage * Pain * Poly trauma, road accidents, crush injuries, wound * Bites * Poisoning- food, gas, drugs & chemical poisoning * Seizures * Thermal emergencies: Heat stroke & cold injuries * Pediatric emergencies * Psychiatric emergencies * Psychiatric emergencies * Obstetrical emergencies	_	

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
VIII	10	Explain the concept and	* Violence, abuse, sexual assault * Cardio pulmonary resuscitation * Crisis intervention * Role of Nurse: Communication and interpersonal relations * Medico-legal aspects Nursing care of the elderly _ Nursing assessment - history and	*Lecture discussion *Evaluin	*Essay type *Short
		problems of aging	physical assessment Aging; Demography; Myths and realities Concepts and theories of aging Cognitive aspects of aging Normal biological aging Age related body systems changes Psychosocial aspects of aging Medications and elderly Stress and coping in older adults Common health problems and nursing management Cardiovascular, respiratory, musculoskeletal Endocrine, genito-urinary, gastrointestinal Neurological, skin and other sensory organs Psychosocial and sexual Abuse of elderly Role of nurse for care of elderly: ambulation, Nutritional, communicable, Psychosocial and spiritual Role of nurse for caregivers of elderly Role of family and formal and nonformal care givers Use of aids and prosthesis (hearing aids, dentures) Legal and ethical issues Provisions and programmes for elderly; privileges, community programs and health services; Home and institutional care	*Explain using charts, graphs *Models, films, slides *Demonstrati on *Practice session *Case discussions/ Seminar *Health education *Supervised clinical practice *Drug book/ Presentation *Visit to old age home	answers *Objective type *Assessment of skills with check list *Assessment of patient management problem

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment method
IX	10	*Describe organization of critical care units *Describe the role of nurse in management of patients critical care units	Nursing management of patient in critical care units Nursing assessment - history and physical assessment Classification Principles of critical care nursing Organization; Physical setup, policies, staffing norms Protocols, equipment and supplies Special equipments; ventilators, cardiac monitors, defibrillators Resuscitation equipments Infection control protocols Nursing management of critically ill patients Monitoring of critically ill patient CPR - Advance cardiac life support Treatments and procedures Transitional care Ethical and legal aspects Communication with patient and family Intensive care records Crisis Intervention Death and Dying -copying with Drugs used in critical care unit	*Lecture discussion *Explain using charts, graphs *Models, films, slides *Demonstrati on *Role plays *Practice session *Case discussions/ Seminar *Health education *Supervised clinical practice *Drug book/ Presentation	*Essay type *Short answers *Objective type *Assessment of skills with check list *Assessment of patient management problem
X	8	*Describe the etiology, pathophysiology , clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients with disorders of occupational and industrial health disorder	Nursing management of patients adults including elderly with occupational and Industrial disorders Nursing assessment-History and physical assessment Etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical & surgical nursing management of occupational and industrialhealth disorders Role of Nurse Special therapies, alternative therapies, Nursing procedures Drug used in treatment of occupational and industrial disorders		

Internal assessment: (25 Marks-Refer to regulations)

Three Unit test marks	45%
Two Assignment marks	25%
Model Exam	25%
Attendance	5%
Total	100%

Recommended Books:

- 1. Brunner (V), Medical Surgical Nursing, LWW, 10th Edition.
- 2. Black, Medical Surgical Nursing: Clinical Management for positive outcomes, Elsevier, 7th Edition.
- 3. Willams, Understanding Medical Surgical Nursing, Jaypee, 3rd Edition.
- 4. Timby, Introductory Medical Surgical Nursing, LWW, 9th Edition.
- 5. Lewis, Medical Surgical Nursing Assessment & Management of Clinical Problems, Elsevier 7th edition
- 6. Ignatavicius, Critical Thinking for Collaborative Care, Elsevier, 5th Edition.
- 7. Monahan, Phipp's Medical Surgical Nursing: Health & illness perspectives practice, Jaypee, 8th Edition.
- 8. Gulanick, Nursing Care Plans: Nursing Diagnosis & Interventions, Mosby, 5th edition
- 9. Lippincott's Manual of Nursing Practice, Jaypee, Edition.
- 10. Ulrich, Nursing Care Planning Guides: For adults in acute extended & Home caresettings, Elsevier,6th edition.
- 11. White, Foundations of Adulth Health Nursing, Thompson, 2nd edition.
- 12. Redfern, Nursing Older People, Churchill Livingstone, 4th edition.
- 13. Phillip, Berry & Kohn's Operating room techniques, Elsevier, 11th Edition.
- 14. Marks, Roxburgh's Common Skin Diseases, Arnold, 17th edition.
- 15. Thappa, Essential in Dermatology with MCQ's, Ahuja publishing

Medical Surgical Nursing

(Adult including Geriatrics) – II Practical

Placement : Third Year Practical – 460 hrs

Areas	Duration (in wks)	Objectives of posting	Skills to be developed	Assignments	Assessment methods
ENT	1	*Provide care of patients with ENT disorders *Counsel and educate the patient and families	*Perform examination of ear, nose and throat *Assist with diagnostic procedures *Assist with therapeutic procedures * Instillation of drops *Perform/ assist with irrigations * Apply ear bandage * Perform tracheostomy care * Teach patient and families	*Provide care to 2-3 assigned patients *Nursing care plan – 1 *Observation reports of OPD *Maintain drug book	*Assess each skill with check list *Assess performance with rating scale *Evaluation of observation report of OPD *Completion of activity record
Ophthal mology	2	*Provide care of patients withEye disorders *Counsel and educate the patient and families	*Perform examination of eye *Assist with diagnostic procedures *Assist with therapeutic procedures *Perform / assist with irrigations *Apply eye bandage *Apply eye drops/ ointments *Assist with foreign body removal *Teach patient and families	*Provide care to 2-3 assigned patients *Nursing care plan – 1 *Observation reports of OPD & eye bank *Maintain drug book	*Assess each skill with check list *Assess performance with rating scale *Evaluation of observation report of OPD/ Eye bank *Completion of activity record
Neurolo gy	2	*Provide care of patients with neurological disorders *Counsel and educate the patient and families	*Perform neurological examination *Use Glasgow coma scale *Assist with diagnostic procedures *Assist with therapeutic procedures *Teach patient and families *Participate in rehabilitation program	*Provide care to 2-3 assigned patients with neurological disorders * Care study / case presentation—1 *Maintain drug book *Health teaching - 1	*Assess each skill with check list *Assess performance with rating scale *Evaluation of care study and health teaching *Completion of activity record
Gynecol	1	*Provide care of patients with gynecological disorders *Counsel and educate the patient and families	*Assist with gynecological examination *Assist with diagnostic procedures *Assist with therapeutic procedures *Teach patient and families *Teaching self breast	*Provide care to 2-3 assigned patients *Nursing care plan – 1 *Maintain drug book	*Assess each skill with check list *Assess performance with rating scale *Evaluation of care plan

Areas	Duration	Objectives of	Skills to be developed	Assignments	Assessment
	(in wks)	posting			methods
			examination *Assist with PAP smear collection		*Completion of activity record
Burns unit	1	*Provide care of patients with Burns *Counsel and educate the patient and families	*Assessment of the burn patient - Percentage of burns -Degree of burns *Fluid and electrolyte replacement therapy - Assess - Calculate - Replace - Record intake/ output *Care of Burn wounds - Bathing - Dressing *Perform active and passive exercises *Practice medical and surgical asepsis *Counsel and teach patients and families *Participate in rehabilitation program	* Provide care to 1- 2 assigned patients *Nursing care plan – 1 *Observation reports of burns unit	*Assess each skill with check list *Assess performance with rating scale *Evaluation of care plan and observation report *Completion of activity record
Oncolog		*Provide care of patients with cancer *Counsel and educate the patient and families	*Screen for common cancers – TNM classification *Assist with diagnostic procedures - Biopsies - Pap smear - Bone marrow aspiration *Breast self examination *Assist with therapeutic procedures *Participate in various modalities of treatment - Chemotherapy - Radiotherapy - Pain management - Stomal therapy - Hormonal therapy - Immunotherapy - Gene therapy - Alternative therapy * Participate in palliative care *Counsel and teach patients families - Self breast examination - Warning signs * Participate in	* Provide care to 2-3 assigned patients *Nursing care plan – 1 *Observation reports of cancer unit	*Assess each skill with check list *Assess performance with rating scale *Evaluation of observation report *Completion of activity record

Areas	Duration (in wks)	Objectives of posting	Skills to be developed	Assignments	Assessment methods
		Trans 8	rehabilitation program		
Critical care unit	3	*Provide care to critically ill patients *Counsel patient and families for grief and bereavement	*Monitoring of patients in ICU *Maintain flow sheet *Care of patient on ventilators *Perform endotracheal suction *Demonstrates use of ventilators, cardiac monitors, etc. *Collects specimens and interprets ABG analysis * Assist with arterial puncture *Maintain CVP line *Pulse oximetry *CPR- ALS * Defibrillators * Pace makers *Bag mask ventilation *Emergency tray/ trolley – Crash cart * Administration of drugs - Infusion pump -Epidural - Intra thecal - Intracardiac *Total Parenteral therapy *Chest physiotherapy *Perform active and passive exercises *Counsel the patient and family in dealing with grieving and bereavement	* Provide care to assigned patients *Observation reports of critical care unit *Drugs book	*Assess each skill with check list *Assess performance with rating scale *Evaluation of observation report *Completion of activity record
Casualty / Emerge ncy	2	*Provide care to patients in emergency and disaster situation *Counsel patient and families for grief and bereavement	* Practice " triage" *Assist with assessment, examination, investigations and their interpretations in emergency and disaster situations *Assist in documentations * Assist in legal proceduresin emergency unit *Participate in managing crowd *Counsel patient and families in grief and bereavement	* Observation report of Emergency unit	*Assess performance with rating scale *Evaluation of observation report *Completion of activity record

Internal assessment for Practical: (100 Marks/ 50 Marks-Refer to regulations)

Continuous Evaluation of Clinical Performance	30%
Clinical assignment (Case study/ Practical record/Case book)	20%
Clinical Presentation	10%
Observational /field visit/ Health talk	10%
Model Practical Examination	30%
Total	100%

Child Health Nursing

Placement: Third year Time: Theory:90 hours
Practical:270 hours

Course Description: This course is designed for developing an understanding of the modern approach to child- care, identification, prevention and nursing management of common health problems of neonates and children.

Unit Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I 15	 Explain the modern concept of child care & Principles of child health nursing Describe national policy programs and legislation in relation to child health and welfare List major causes of death during infancy early & late childhood Describe the major functions and role of paediatric nursein caring for hospitalized child. Describe the principles of child health nursing. 	Introduction Modern concepts of childcare Internationally accepted rights of the child National policy and legislations in relationto child health and welfare National programmes related to child health and welfare Agencies related to welfare services to the children Changing trends in hospital care preventive, promotive and curative aspects of child health Child morbidity and mortality rates Difference between adult and child Hospital environment for a sick child Impact of hospitalization on childand family Grief and bereavement The role of a child health nurse in caring for a hospitalized child Principles of pre and post operative care of infants and children Child health nursing procedures	Lecture, Discussion Demonstration of common Paediatric procedures	Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
II	20	 Describe the normal growth and Development of children at different ages Identify the needs of children at different ages & provide parental guidance Identify the nutritional needs of children at different ages and ways of meeting the needs Appreciate the role of play for normal & sick children Appreciate the preventive measures and strategies for children. 	 The healthy child Principles of growth and development Factors affecting growth and development Growth and development from birth to adolescence The needs of normal children through the stages of development and parental guidance Nutritional needs of children &infants: Breast feeding, exclusive breast feeding supplementary /artificial feeding and weaning Baby friendly hospital concept Accidents :causes and prevention Value of play and selection of play materials Preventive immunization immunization programme and cold chain Preventive Peadiatrics Care of under five & under five clinics /well baby clinics 	 Lecture Discussion Developmental study of infant and children Observation study of normal and sick child Field visit to Anganwadi,child guidance clinic Film show on breast feeding Clinical practice/field 	 Short answers Objective type Assessment of field visit and developmental study reports.
III	15	 Provide care to normal &high risk neonates Perform neonatal resuscitation Recognize and manage common neonatal problems 	Nursing care of a neonate Nursing care of a normal newborn /essential newborn care Neonatal resuscitation Nursing management of a low birth baby Kangaroo mother care Nursing management of common neonatal disorders Organization of neonatal unit.	 Lecture Discussion Workshop on neonatal resuscitation Demonstration Practice session Clinical practice 	 Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Identification of common congenital malformations 		
IV	10		Integrated managementof neonatal and childhood illnesses(IMNCI)	• Lecture Discussion	 Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist
V	20	 Provide nursing care in common childhood diseases Identify measures to prevent common childhood diseases including immunization 	Nursing management in common childhood diseases Nutritional deficiency disorders Respiratory disorders and infections Gastro intestinal infections, infestations and congenital disorders Cardiovascular problems: congenital defects and Rheumatic fever ,Rheumatic heart disease Genitourinary disorders: Acute glomerulo nephritis, Nephrotic syndrome, Wilms tumor, infections and congenital disorders. Neurological infections and disorders: convulsions, Epilepsy, meningitis hydrocephalus, Spina bifida. Hematological disorders: Anemia's, Thalassemia,ITP Leukemia, Hemophilia. Endocrine disorders: Juvenile diabetes mellitus Orthopedic disorders: Clubfoot, Hip dislocation	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice session Clinical practice 	 Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Fracture Disorders of skin Eye and ears Common communicable diseasesin children, their identification nursing management in hospital and home and prevention Child health emergencies: Poisoning, Foreign bodies hemorrhage, burns drowning. Nursing care of infant and children with HIV/AIDS		
VI	10	 Manage the child with behavioral & social problems Identify the social & welfare services for challenged children 	Management of behavioral &social problems in children Management of common behavioral disorders Management of common psychiatric problems Management of challenged children: mentally, physically, socially challenged Welfare services for challenged children in India Child guidance clinic	 Lecture Discussion Field visit to child guidance clinics, School for mentally physically, socially challenged. 	 Short answers Objective type Assessment of field reports.

Internal assessment: (25 Marks -Refer to regulations)

Three Unit test marks	45%
Two Assignment marks	25%
Model Exam	25%
Attendance	5%
Total	100%

Reference Books:

- 1. Whaley & Wongs, Nursing Care of Infants & Children, Mosby, Philadelphia.
- 2. Marlow, Textbook of Paediatric Nursing, Harecourt (India) Ltd.
- 3. Nelson, Textbook of Paediatrics, Harecourt India private Ltd.
- 4. Parthasarathy, IAP Textbook of Paediatrics, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers, New Delhi.
- 5. Hockenberry, Wong's Maternal Child Nursing Care, Mosby.
- 6. Kenner (C), Comprehensive Neonatal Nursing, Saunders.
- 7. Pilltteri (A), Maternal and Child Health Nursing Care, LWW, Philadelphia,
- 8. Achar's textbook of Paediatrics, Orient Longman.
- 9. Ghai (OP), Essential Paediatrics.
- 10. Fox (JA), Primary Health Care of Infants, Children & Adolescents, Mosby.

Child Health Nursing –Practical

Placement: Third year Time: 270Hours (9weeks)

Areas	Duration wks	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment methods
Paediatric Medicine Ward	3	 Provide nursing care of children with various medical disorders Counsel and educate parents 	 Taking Paediatric history Physical examination and assessment of children Administration of oral,IM,IV medicine/Fluids Calculation of fluid requirements Prepare different strengths of IV fluid Apply restrains Administer O2 inhalation by different methods Give baby bath Feed children by Katori spoon etc. Collect specimens for common investigation Assist with common diagnostic procedures Teach mothers /parents Malnutrition Oral rehydration therapy Feeding& weaning Immunization schedule Play therapy Specific disease conditions 	 Give care to three assigned Paediatric patients Nursing care plan-I Case study /presentation –I Health talk-I 	•Assess clinical performance with rating scale •Assess each skill with checklist OSCE/ OSPE • Evaluation of case study, presentation & Health education session • Completion of activity record
Paediatric surgery ward	3	 Recognize different pediatric surgical conditions /malformations Provide pre and post operative care to children with common paediatric surgical 	 Calculate ,prepare and administer IV fluids Do bowel wash Care for ostomies: ◇ Colostomy irrigation ◇ Ureterostomy ◇ Gastrostomy ◇ Enterostomy Urinary catheterization and drainage Feeding ◇ Nasogastric 	 Give care to three assigned Paediatric patients Nursing care plan-I Case study /presentation –I 	 Assess clinical performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist OSCE/ OSPE Evaluation of case

		conditions/ Malformations. Counsel and educate parents	 ♦ Gastrostomy ♦ Jejunostomy • Care of surgical wounds ♦ Dressing ♦ Suture removal 		study, presentation & Completion of activity record
Paediatric OPD/ Immuniz ation room	1	 Perform assessment of children health development and anthropometric Perform immunization Give health education /Nutritional education 	 Assessment of children ◇ Health assessment ◇ Developmental assessment ◇ Anthropometric assessment • Immunization • Health/Nutritional education 	Developmental study-I	 Assess clinical performan ce with rating scale Completio n of activity record
Pediatric medicine and surgery ICU	1+1	Provide nursing care to critically ill children	 Care of baby in incubator/warmer Care of child on ventilator Endotracheal suction Chest physiotherapy Administer fluids with Infusion pump Total parenteral nutrition Phototherapy Monitoring of babies Cardiopulmonary resuscitation 	 Nursing care plan –I Observation report-I 	 Assess clinical performan ce with rating scale Completio n of activity record Evaluation of observatio n report

Internal assessment for Practical: (100 Marks/ 50 Marks -Refer to regulations)

Continuous Evaluation of Clinical Performance	30%
Clinical assignment (Case study/ Practical record/Case book)	20%
Clinical Presentation	10%
Observational /field visit/ Health talk	10%
Model Practical Examination	30%
Total	100%

Mental Health Nursing

Placement: Third Year

Time: Theory - 90 Hours
Practical - 270 Hours

Course Description: This course is designed for developing an understanding of the modern approach to mental health, identification, prevention and nursing management of common mental health problems with special emphasis on therapeutic interventions for individuals, family and community.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment Method
I.	5	 Describes the historical development & current trends in Mental Health Nursing Describe the epidemiology of mental health problems Describe the National Mental Health Act, programmes and Mental Health Policy Discuss the scope of Mental Health Nursing Describe the concepts of normal & abnormal behaviour 	Introduction Perspectives of Mental Health and Mental Health Nursing; Evolution of Mental Health Services, treatments and Nursing practices Prevalence and incidence of mental health problemsand disorders Mental Health Act National Mental Health Policy vis a vis National health Policy National Mental health Programme Mental Health Team Nature and scope of Mental Health nursing Role and function of Mental Health Nurse in various settings and factors affecting the levelof nursing practice. Concepts of normal and abnormal behaviour	• Lecture Discussion	Objective type Short answer Assessment of the field visit reports
II.	5	• Define the various terms used in Mental Health nursing	Principles and Concepts of Mental Health Nursing Definition: Mental Health nursing and terminologies used Classification of mental disorders: ICD Review of personality development, defense mechanisms Maladaptive behavior of individuals and groups: stress, crisis and disaster(s) Etiology: Bio – psycho –	 Lecture Discussion Explain using charts Review of personality development 	Essay typeShort answerObjective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment Method
			social factors Psychopathology of mental disorders: Reviewof structure and functionsof brain, limbic system and abnormal neuro transmission Principles of Mental Health Nursing practice Standards of Mental Health Nursing practice Conceptual models and the roles of nurse: Existential model Psycho – analytical models Behavioral models Inter personal model		
III.	8	• Describe nature, purpose, and process of assessment of mental health nursing	Assessment of Mental health status History taking Mental status examination Mini mental status examination Neurological examination: Review Investigations: Related Blood chemistry, EEG, CT, & MRI Psychological Tests Role and responsibilities of nurse	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice Session Clinical Practice 	 Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with check list
IV.	6	 Identify therapeutic communication techniques Describe therapeutic relationship Describe therapeutic impasse and its intervention 	Therapeutic communication and nurse - patient relationship Therapeutic communication: Types, techniques, characteristics Types of relationship Ethics and responsibilities Elements of nurse patient contract Review of technique of IPR – Johari window Goals, phases, tasks, therapeutic techniques Therapeutic impasse andits interventions	• Lecture Discussion • Demonstration • Role play • Process Recording	• Short answer • Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment Method
V.	14	• Explain treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders and role of the nurse	Treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders Psycho Pharmacology Psychological therapies Therapeutic community, psycho therapy – Individual: psycho- analytical, cognitive and supportive, Family, Group, Behavioural, Play, Psycho-drama, Music, Dance, Recreational and Light Therapy, Relaxation Therapies: Yoga, Meditation, Bio feedback Alternative Systems of Medication Occupational Therapy Physical Therapy: Electro Convulsive Therapy Geriatric Considerations Role of nurse in above therapies	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Group Work Practice session Clinical practice	• Essay type • Short answer • Objective type
VI. 5 Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with Schizophrenia, and other psychotic disorders		etiology, psycho- pathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with Schizophrenia, and other psychotic	Nursing management of patients with Schizophrenia, and other psychotic disorders. Classification: ICD Etiology, psychopathology, types, clinical manifestation, diagnosis Nursing Assessment-History, Physical and Mental assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders Geriatric considerations Follow up and home care and rehabilitation	 Lecture Discussion Case Discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short Answers Assessment of patient management problems

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment Method
VII.	5	• Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with mood disorders	Nursing management of patients with mood disorders Mood disorders: Bipolar affective disorder, Mania, Depression, and Dysthymia etc., Etiology, psycho – pathology, types, clinical manifestation, diagnosis Nursing assessment – History, Physical and Mental assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with mood disorders Geriatric considerations Follow up and home care and rehabilitation	• Lecture Discussion • Case discussion • Case presentation • Clinical practice	 Essay type Short Answers Assessment of patient management problems
VIII.	8	• Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with neurotic, stress related and somatization disorders	Nursing management of patients with neurotic, stress related and somatization disorders. Anxiety disorders, Phobias, Dissociation and Conversion disorders, Obsessive Compulsive Disorders, Somatoform disorders, Post TraumaticStress Disorders. Etiology, psycho – pathology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis. Nursing assessment: History, Physical and Mental assessment. Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with neurotic, stress related and somatization disorders. Geriatric considerations. Follow up and home care and rehabilitation	• Lecture Discussion • Case discussion • Case presentation • Clinical practice	 Essay type Short Answers Assessment of patient management problems
IX.	5	• Describe the etiology,	Nursing management of patients with substance	•Lecture Discussion	Essay typeShort

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content		Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment Method	
		psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with substance use disorder	use disorders Commonly used psychotropic substance: Classification, forms, routes, action, intoxication and withdrawal Etiology of dependence: Tolerance, psychological and physical dependence, withdrawal syndrome, diagnosis Nursing assessment: History, Physical and Mental assessment and drug assay Treatment (Detoxification, and abuse, and narcotic antagonist therapy and harm reduction) and nursing management of patients with substance use disorders Geriatric considerations Follow up and home care and rehabilitation	• Case discussion • Case presentation • Clinical practice	Answers • Assessment of patient management problems	
X.	4 Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with personality, sexual and eating disorders		Nursing management of patients with Personality, Sexual and eating disorders Classification of disorders Etiology, psycho — pathology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis Nursing assessment: History, Physical and Mental assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with Personality, Sexual and Eating disorders Geriatric considerations Follow up and home care and rehabilitation	 Lecture Discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short Answers Assessment of patient management problems 	
XI.	6	• Describe the etiology, psychopathology,	Nursing management of Childhood and adolescent disorders including mental deficiency:	●Lecture Discussion ● Case	Essay typeShort answersAssessment	

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment Method
		clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of childhood and adolescent disorders including mental deficiency.	 Classification Etiology, psycho – pathology, diagnosis Nursing assessment: History, Physical, Mental and IQ assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of childhood disorders including mental deficiency. Follow up and home care and rehabilitation 	discussion Case presentation Clinical practice	of patient management problems
XII.	MI. 5 Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with organic brain disorders		Nursing management of patients with Organic brain disorders Classification: ICD Etiology, psycho—pathology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis and differential diagnosis (Parkinson's and Alzheimer's) Nursing assessment: History, Physical and Mental assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with organic brain disorders Geriatric considerations Follow up and home care and rehabilitation	 Lecture Discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short Answers Assessment of patient management problems
XIII.	6 • Identify psychiatric emergencies and carry out crisis intervention		Psychiatric emergencies and crisis intervention Types of psychiatric emergencies and their management Stress adaptation model: Stress and stressors, coping, resources and mechanism Grief: Theories of grieving process, principles, techniques of counseling Types of crisis Crisis intervention:	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice Session Clinical practice 	• Short Answers • Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment Method
			principles, techniques and process Geriatric considerations Roles and responsibilities of nurse	Tacarra,	
XIV.	4	• Explain legal aspects applied in mental health settings and role of the nurse	Legal issues in mental health nursing The Mental Health Act 1987: Act, Sections, Articles and their implications etc., Indian Lunacy Act 1912 Rights of Mentally ill clients Forensic psychiatry Acts related to narcotic and psychotropic substances and illegal drug trafficking Admission and Discharge procedure Role and responsibilities of nurse	• Lecture Discussion • Case discussion	◆Short Answers ◆Objective type
XV.	4	 Describe the model of preventive psychiatry Describe community Mental Health services and role of nurses 	Community Mental Health Nursing Development of community mental health services: National Mental Health Programme Institutionalization versus De-institutionalization Model of Preventive psychiatry: Levels of Prevention Mental Health services available at the primary, secondary, tertiary levels including rehabilitation and role of nurse Mental Health Agencies: Government and Voluntary, National and International Mental Health Nursing issues for special populations: Children, Adolescence, Women, Elderly, Victims of violence and abuse,	• Lecture Discussion • Clinical /field practice • Field visit to mental health service agencies	 Short Answers Objective type Assessment of the field visit report

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objective	Content	Teaching Learning Activity	Assessment Method
			Handicapped, HIV/AIDS,		
			etc.,		

Internal assessment: (25 Marks -Refer to regulations)

Three Unit test marks	45%
Two Assignment marks	25%
Model Exam	25%
Attendance	5%
Total	100%

Reference Books:

- 1. Kapoor, Textbook of Psychiatric Nursing,
- 2. Boyd (MA), Psychiatric Nursing, LWW, London, 3rd Edition, 2005.
- 3. Bhatia (MS), Essentials of Psychiatry, CBJ publishers and distributers, NewDelhi, 3rdEdition, 2000.
- 4. Sadock (BJ), Textbook of Psychiatry, LWW, Philadelphia..
- 5. Straight A's Psychiatric and Mental Health Nursing, LWW, Philadelphia.
- 6. Fortinesh (KM), Psychiatric Nursing Care, Mosby, 4th Edition, 2000.
- 7. Shives (LS), Basic Concepts of Psychiatric Mental Health Nursing LWW, Philadelphia,7th Edition, 2005.
- 8. Mohr (WK), Psychiatric Mental Health Nursing, LWW, Philadelphia, 6th Edition, 2007.
- 9. Stuart (GW), Principles and Practice of Psychiatric Nursing, Elsevier, 8th Edition, 2005

Mental Health Nursing - Practical

Placement: Third Year Time: Practical - 270 Hours

Areas	Duration (in week)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment Methods
Psychiatric OPD	1	 Assess patients with mentalhealth problems Observe and assist in therapies Counsel and educate patient and families 	 History taking Perform mental Status Examination Assist in psychometric assessment Perform neurological examination Observe and assist therapies Teach Patient and family members 	 History taking and Mental Status Examination -2 Health Education - 1 Observation report of OPD 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with check list Evaluation of health education Assessment of observation report Completion of activity record
Child Guidance Clinic	1	 Assessment of children with various mental health problems Counsel and educate children, families and significant others 	 History taking Assist in psychometric assessment Observe and assist various therapies Teach family and significant others 	 Case work − 1 Observation report of different therapies 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with check list Evaluation of the observation report
Inpatient Ward	6	• Assessment Patients with mental health problems • To provide nursing care for patients with various mental health problem • Assist in various therapies • Counsel and educate patients,	 History taking Perform mental Status Examination Assist in psychometric assessment Record therapeutic communication Administer medication Assist in Electro Convulsive Therapy(ECT) Participate in all therapies Prepare patients 	• Give care to 2 -3 patients with various mental disorders • Case study -1 • Care plan – 2 • Clinical Presentation -1 • Process recording- 2 • Maintain drug book	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with check list Evaluation of the case study, care plan, clinical presentation, process recording Completion of activity record

Areas	Duration (in week)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment Methods
		families and significant others	for Activities of Daily Living (ADL) Conduct admission and discharge counseling Counsel and teach patients and families		
Community Psychiatry	1	 To identify patients with various mental disorders To motivate patients for early treatment and follow up To assist in follow up clinic Counsel and educate patient, family and community 	 Conduct case work Identify individuals with mental health problems Assist in mental health camps and clinics Counsel and teach family members, patients and community 	 Case work − 1 Observation report on field visits 	 Assess performance with rating scale Evaluation of case work and observation report Completion of activity record

Internal assessment for Practical: (100 Marks/ 50 Marks -Refer to regulations)

Continuous Evaluation of Clinical Performance	30%
Clinical assignment (Case study/ Practical record/Case book)	20%
Clinical Presentation	10%
Observational /field visit/ Health talk	10%
Model Practical Examination	30%
Total	100%

Nursing Research and Statistics

Placement: Third Year Time: Theory-45 Hours

Course Description: The Course is designed to enable students to develop an understanding of basic concepts of research, research process and statistics. It is further, structured to conduct/ participate in need based research studies in various settings and utilize the research findings to provide quality nursing care.

The hours for practical will be utilized for conducting individual/ group research project.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	4	 Describe the concept of research, terms, need and areas of research in Nursing Explain the steps of research process. 	Research and research process Introduction and need for nursing research Definition of Research & nursing research Steps of scientific method Characteristics of good research Steps of Research process-overview	Discussion Narrate steps of research process followed from examples of published studies	•Short answer •Objective Type
П	3	• Identify and state the research problem and objectives	Research Problem/Question Identification of problem area Problem statement Criteria of a good research problem Writing objectives	Lecture Discussion Exercise on writing statement of problem and objectives	•Short answer •Objective Type
III	3	• Review the related literature	Review of Literature Location Sources On line search; CINHAL, COCHRANE etc Purposes Method of review	Discussion Exercise on reviewing one research report/ article for a selected research problem Prepare annotated bibliography	•Short answer •Objective Type
IV	4	• Describe the research approaches and designs	Research approaches and designs Historical, survey and experimental Qualitative and Quantitative designs	 Lecture Discussion Explain types of research approaches used from examples of published and unpublished research studies with rationale. 	• Short answer • Objective Type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
V	8	 Explain the sampling process Describe the methods of data collection 	Sampling and data collection Definition of population, sample, sampling criteria, factors influencing sampling process, types of sampling techniques. Data –Why, What, from Whom When and Where to collect. Data collection methods and instruments: Methods of data collection Questioning, interviewing Questioning, interviewing Observations, record analysis and measurement Types of instruments Validity & Reliability o the Instrument Pilot study Data collection procedu	 Lecture Discussion Reading assignment on examples of dat collection tools. Preparation of sample data collection tool. Conduct group research project 	 Short Answer Objective Type
VI	4	• Analyze , Interpret and summarize the research data	Analysis of data ■ Compilation, Tabulation, classification, summarization, presentation, interpretation of data	 Lecture Discussion Preparation of sample tables. 	● Short answer ● Objectiv e Type
VII	15	 Explain the use of statistics, scales of measurement and graphical presentation of data Describe the measures of central tendency and variability and methods of correlation. 	 Introduction to statistics Definition, use of statistics, scales of measurement. Frequency distribution and graphical presentation of data Mean, Median, Mode, Standard deviation Normal probability and testsof significance Co-efficient of correlation Statistical packages and its application 	 Lecture Discussion Practice on graphical presentations Practice on computation of measures of central tendency, variability & correlation 	Short answerObjective Type
VIII	4	• Communicate and utilize the research findings.	Communication and utilization of Research Communication of research findings Verbal report Writing research report Writing scientific article/ paper Critical review of published	 Lecture Discussion Read/ presentations of a sample published/ unpublished research report. Writing group 	 Short answer Objective e Type Oral presentation Assessment of group

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			research – Utilization of	research project	research project.
			research findings		

Internal assessment: (25 Marks -Refer to regulations)

Three Unit test marks	45%
Two Assignment marks	25%
Model Exam	25%
Attendance	5%
Total	100%

Reference Books:

- 1. Polit Essentials of Nursing Research ,2009,LWW
- 2. Kothari Research Methodology,2007,Newage Publishers Jagadeesh Bio Medical Research, 2009,
- 3. Rao (S), Introduction to Biostatistics & Research methods, Riachard, 4th Edition.
- 4. Rao (V), A manual of Statistical and Anthropology, Jaypee, 2nd Edition.
- 5. Norman, Biostatistics, B.C Decker, 2nd Edition.
- 6. Rao, Applied Statistics in Health Sciences, Jaypee.

Midwifery and Obstetrical Nursing

Placement: Fourth year Time: Theory - 90 hours

Practical – 180

Course Description:

This course is designed for students to appreciate the concepts and principles of midwifery and obstetrical nursing. It helps them to acquire knowledge and skills in rendering nursing care to normal and high risk pregnant woman during antenatal, natal and post natal periods in hospitals and community settings. It also helps to develop skills in managing normal and high risk neonatesand participate in family welfare programme.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
I	3	Recognize the trends and issues in midwifery and obstetrical Nursing	Introduction to midwifery and obstetrical Nursing Introduction to concepts of midwifery and obstetrical Nursing Trends in midwifery and obstetrical nursing Historical perspectives & current trends Legal and ethical aspects in midwifery Preconception care and preparing for parenthood Role of nurse in midwifery and obstetrical care National policies and legislations in relation to maternal health and welfare Maternal morbidity, mortality and fertility rates Perinatal morbidity and mortality rates	Lecture discussion Explain using Charts and graphs	Short answers Objective type
II	8	Describe the anatomy and female reproductive system	Review of anatomy and physiology of female reproductive system and fetal development • Female pelvis — general description of the bones joints, ligaments, planes of the pelvis diameters of the true pelvis, important landmarks, and variations in pelvis shape. • Female organs of reproduction - external genitalia, internal genital organs and their	Lecture discussion Review with Charts and models	Short answers Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
			anatomical relations, musculature — blood- supply, nerves, lymphatic, pelvic cellulartissue, pelvic peritoneum		
			 Physiology of menstrual cycle Human sexuality Fetal development Conception Review of fertilization implantation (embedding of the ovum), Development of the embryo and placenta at term		
III	8	Describe the diagnosis and management of women during antenatal period	Assessment and management of pregnancy (ante-natal): Normal pregnancy Physiological changes during pregnancy. ✓ Reproductive system ✓ Cardio vascular system ✓ Respiratory system ✓ Urinary system ✓ Metabolic changes ✓ Skeletal changes ✓ Skin changes ✓ Endocrine system Psychological changes Discomforts of pregnancy ✓ Signs ✓ Differential diagnosis ✓ Confirmatory tests Ante-natal care ✓ Objectives ✓ Assessment: History and physical examination ✓ Antenatal Examination ✓ Modalities of diagnostics: invasive, noninvasive,	 Lecture discussion Demonstration Casediscussion presentation Health talk Practice session Counseling session Supervised Clinical practice 	 Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with check list Assessment of patient management problems

ultrasonic, cardio tomography, NST, CST. Signs of previous child-birth Relationship of fetus to uterus and pelvis: Lie, Attitude, Presentation, Position pervaginal examination Per vaginal examination Per vaginal examination Assessment of fetal well being Screening and assessment for high risk: Risk approach Education for child-birth Pepparation for safe-confinement Psycho-social and cultural aspects of pregnancy Adjustment to pregnancy Single parent Teenage pregnancy Substance use Adoption IV 12 Describe the physiology and stages of labour Describe the management of intra-natal period Physiology of labour Onset of labour; Onset of labour; Onset of labour; Signs and symptoms, Per vaginal examination Stages of labour First stage: physiology, signs and symptoms, per in relief and comfort in labour Second stage: physiology, signs and symptoms, mechanism of labour, duration, preparation of gelivery: Management problems	Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
episiotomy ✓ Third stage : physiology,	IV	12	physiology and stages of labour Describe the manageme nt of women during intra- natal	tomography, NST, CST. ✓ Signs of previous child-birth • Relationship of fetus to uterus and pelvis: Lie, Attitude, Presentation, Position pervaginal examination • Per vaginal examination • Assessment of fetal well being • Screening and assessment for high risk: Risk approach • Education for child-birth ✓ Preparation for safeconfinement • Psycho-social and cultural aspects of pregnancy • Adjustment to pregnancy ✓ Unwed mother ✓ Single parent ✓ Teenage pregnancy ✓ Sexual violence ✓ Substance use • Adoption Assessment and management of intra-natal period • Physiology of labour ✓ Onset of labour: causes, Signs and symptoms, Pervaginal examination • Stages of labour ✓ First stage: physiology, signs and symptoms, Duration, assessment and observation of women in labour: partogram, Pain relief and comfort in labour ✓ Second stage: physiology, signs and symptoms, mechanism of labour, duration, preparation of labour room, conduction of delivery: principles and techniques, episiotomy	 Demonstration Case discussion Case presentation Simulated practice Supervised Clinical 	 Short Assessment of skills with Assessment of skills with Assessment of Patient Management

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
			signs and symptoms, Duration, methods of placental delivery, active management of third stage oflabour. Examination placenta Examination of perineum Immediate new born care: receiving the newborn, Care of umbilical cord, Immediate assessment, including screening for congenital anomalies, Identification, Bonding, Initiate feeding, Screening and transportation of the neonate Neonatal resuscitation; initial steps and subsequent resuscitation. Active management oflabour: Induction of labour Pain relief and comfort in labour		
V	5	the physiology of puerperium Describe the manageme	Assessment and management of women during post natal period: Normal puerperium Physiology, Duration & management Postnatal assessment Promoting physical and emotional well-being Post natal diet and exercise Minor disorders of puerperium Lactation management Immunization Family dynamics after child- birth: Family welfare services; methods, counseling, Follow-up Records and reports	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Health talk Practice Session Supervised Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short Short Objective type Assessment of skills with check list Assessment of Patient Management problems
VI	6	 Describe the Assessment and manageme nt of normal neonate 	Assessment and management of normal neonates ■ Normal Neonate ✓ Physiological adaptation ✓ Initial & Daily assessment ✓ Essential newborn care; Thermal control	 Lecture discussion Demonstration Practice Session Supervised Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short answers Assessment of skills with check list Assessment of Patient

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
			 ✓ Breast feeding, prevention of infections, Immunization ✓ Minor disorders of newborn and its management ✓ Levels of Neonatal care (level I, II, & III) At primary, secondary and tertiary levels ✓ Maintenance of Reports and Records 		Management problems
VII	10	Describe the Identificati on and manageme nt of women with high risk pregnancy	 Screening and assessment: Ultrasonics, cardiotomography, NST, CST, non-invasive, invasive& Newer 	 Lecture discussion Demonstrate using videofilms, scan reports, partograph etc Case discussion/prese ntation Health talk Practice Session Supervised Clinical practice 	 Essay type Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with check list Assessment of patient management problems

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
			✓ Maintenance of Records and Report		
VIII	10	Describe manageme nt of abnormal labour And obstetrical emergencies	 Disorders in labour ✓ CPD and contracted pelvis ✓ Malpositions and malpresentations ✓ Premature labour ✓ Disorders of uterine actions precipitate labour precipitate labour prolonged labour Complications of third stage: injuries to birth canal Obstetrical emergencies and their management ✓ Presentation and prolapse of cord, ✓ Vasa praevia ✓ Amniotic fluid embolism ✓ Rupture of uterus ✓ Shoulder dystocia ✓ Obstetrical shock Obstetrical procedures and operations ✓ Induction of labour ✓ Forceps ✓ Vacuum ✓ Version ✓ Manual removal of placenta ✓ Cesarean Section ✓ Destructive operations Nursing management of women undergoing Obstetrical operations and procedures 	video films,scar	 Essay type Short Objective type Assessment of skills with check list Assessment of patient management problems
IX	4		Abnormalities during Postnatal Periods Assessment and management of woman with postnatal complications ✓ Puerperal infections ✓ Breast engorgement & UTI infections ✓ Thrombo- Embolic disorders ✓ Post- partum haemorrage ✓ Eclampsia ✓ Subinvolution	video films,scar	 Essay type Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with check list Assessment of patient management

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
			 Psychological complications ✓ Post partum Blues ✓ Post partum Depression ✓ Post partum Psychosis 		problems
X	10		Assessment and management of High risk newborn Admission of neonates in the neonatal intensive care units-protocols Nursing management of: ✓ Low birth weight babies ✓ Infections ✓ Respiratory problems ✓ Haemolytic disorders ✓ Birth injuries ✓ Malformations ✓ Monitoring of high risk neonates ✓ Feeding of high risk neonates ✓ Organization and management of neonatal intensive care units ✓ Infection control in neonatal intensive care units ✓ Maintenance of reports and records	video films,scar reports, partographetc Case discussion/prese ntation Health talk Practice Session	 Essay type Short answers Objective type Assessment of skills with check list Assessment of patient management problems
XI		Describe indication, dosage, action, side effects and nurses responsibilities in the administration of drugs used for mothers	 Pharmaco-therapeutics in obstetrics Indication, dosage, action, contra indication and side effects of drugs Effect of drugs on pregnancy, labour & puerperium, Nursing responsibilities in the administration of drug in Obstetrics ✓ Oxytocins ✓ Antihypertensives ✓ Diuretics ✓ Tocolytic Agents ✓ Anti Convulsants Analgesics and anesthetics in obstetrics. Effects of maternal medication on foetus and neonate 	 Lecture discussion Drug book Drug presentation 	 Short answers Objective type
XII	10	the	Family Welfare Programme Population trends and problems in	Lecture discussionDemonstration	Essay typeShort answers

family welfare programme Describe the Methods contraception and role nurse in Family welfare programme importance of family welfare programme importance of family welfare Describe the Methods contraception and role of nurse in Family welfare programme importance of methods of family welfare Infertility and its management Latest research in contraception Maintenance of vital statistics Role of a nurse in family welfare programme Training / Supervision / Collaboration with other functionaries in community Practice session Supervised practice Groupproject Counseling session Field visits Nassessment of skills with check list, project and field visits reports Mational family welfare programme; RCH, ICDS, MCH, Safe motherhood Organization and administration at national, state, district, block and village levels of methods of family welfare Training / Supervision / Collaboration with other functionaries in community	Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
like ANMs. LHVs, Anganwadi workers, TBAs (Traditional birth attendant - Dai)			welfare programme Describe the Methods contraception and role of nurse in Family welfare programme importance of methods of family welfare	Concepts, aims, importance and history of family welfare programme National Population: dynamics, policyand education National family welfare programme; RCH, ICDS, MCH, Safe motherhood Organization and administration at national, state, district, block and village levels Methods of contraception; spacing, temporary and permanent, Emergency contraception Infertility and its management Latest research in contraception Maintenance of vital statistics Role of national, international and voluntary organizations Role of a nurse in family welfare programme Training / Supervision / Collaboration with other functionaries in community like ANMs. LHVs, Anganwadi workers,	Supervised practice GroupprojectCounseling session	type Assessment of skills with check list, project and field visits

Internal assessment: (25 Marks -Refer to regulations)

Three Unit test marks	45%
Two Assignment marks	25%
Model Exam	25%
Attendance	5%
Total	100%

Reference Books:

- 1. Fraser (DM), MMyles Textbook of Midwives, Churchill Livingstone, 14th Edtion, 2003
- 2. Dutta (DC), Textbook of Obstetrics, New Central Book Agency.
- 3. Lowdermilk, Maternity Nursing, Mosby, 7th Edition.
- 4. Willams, Obstetrics, McGrawhill, 22nd Edition.
- 5. Bobak, Maternity Nursing Care, Elsevier.
- 6. Maternity & Child Health Nursing Care for the childbearing family, LWW, 5thedition.
- 7. Wong, Maternity Child Nursing Care, Mosby, 3rd Edition.

Midwifery and Obstetrical Nursing- Practical

Placement: Fourth year Practical: 180 hours (Fourth year)

	Durati on in Weeks	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment methods
Antenatal clinic/ OPD	1	pregnant women	 Antenatal history taking Physical examination, Recording of Weight & B.P Hb.& Urine testing for sugar and albumin Antenatal examination- abdomen and breast Immunization Assessment of risk status Teaching antenatal mothers Maintenance of Antenatal records 	*Conduct Antenatal Examinations 30 Health talk – I Case book recordings	 Verification of findings of Antenatal examinations Completion of casebook recordings
Labour room O.T.	2	 Assess woman in labour Carry out pervaginal examinations Conduct normal deliveries Perform episiotomy and suture it Resuscitate newborns Assist with Cesarean Sections MTP and other surgical procedures 	Assessment of Woman in labour Per vaginal examinations and interpretation Monitoring and caring of woman in labour Maintenance of partograph Conduct normal delivery Newborn assessment and immediate care Resuscitation of newborns Assessment of risk status of newborn Episiotomy aid suturing Maintenance of labour and birth records Arrange for and assist with Cesarean section and care for woman& baby during Cesarean Arrange for and assist with MTP and other surgical procedures	*Conduct normal deliveries – 20 *Per vaginal examinations-5 *Perform and Suture the episiotomies – 5 *Resuscitate newborns – 5 *Assist with Caesarean Sections – 2 *Witness abnormal deliveries – 5 Assist with MTP and other Surgical procedures – Case book recordings	 Assessment of clinical performance with rating scale Assessment of each skill With checklists Completion of Case book recordings
Postnatal	1	Provide	Examination and assessment of mother and	✓ Case presentation -	✓ Assessment of clinical

ward		nursing care to post natal mother and baby Counsel and teach mother andfamily for parent hood	> > > > > > > > > >	Baby Identification of deviations Care of postnatal mother and baby Perineal care Lactation. Management Breast feeding Babybath Immunization, Teaching postnatal mother: Mother craft Post natal care & Exercises Immunization	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓	Case book recordings Give care to Post natal - mothers – 20 Health talks-I Case study — 1	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓	performance Assessment of each skill With checklists Completion of Case book Recording Evaluation of case studyand presentation and health education sessions
Newborn Nursery	1	to newborn at risk		Newborn assessment Admission of neonates Feeding of neonates at risk Katori spoon, paladi, tube feeding, total parenteral nutrition Thermal management of neonates-kangaroo mother care, care of baby in incubator Monitoring and care of neonates Administering medications Intravenous therapy Assisting with diagnostic procedure Assisting with exchange transfusion Care of baby on ventilator Phototherapy Infection control protocolsin the nursery Teaching and counseling of parents Maintenance of Neonatal records	✓ ✓	Case study-1 Observation study -1	✓	Assessment of clinical performance Assessment of each skill With checklists Evaluation of observation study
Family Planning Clinic	1	Counsel for and provide family welfare services	✓ ✓	Counseling technique Insertion of IUD Teaching on use of family planning methods Arrange for and Assist with family planning operations Maintenance of records and reports	\ \ \ \	IUD insertion-5 Observation Study-1 Counseling- 2 Simulation exercise on recording and reporting - 1	✓	Assessment of each skill With checklists Evaluation of and observation study

Essential Requirements for registration as midwife

•	Antenatal examination	:	30
•	Conducting normal deliveries in Hospital/home/health centre	:	20
•	Vagina! Examination	:	5
•	Episiotomy and suturing	:	5
•	Neonatal resuscitation	:	5
•	Assist with Cesarean Section	:	2
•	Witness/Assist abnormal deliveries	:	5
•	Postnatal cases nursed in hospital/home/health centre	:	20
•	Insertion of IUD	:	5

Note: All casebooks must be certified by teacher on completion of essential requirements

Internal assessment for Practical: (100 Marks/ 50 Marks -Refer to regulations)

Continuous Evaluation of Clinical Performance	30%
Clinical assignment (Case study/ Practical record/Case book)	20%
Clinical Presentation	10%
Observational /field visit/ Health talk	10%
Model Practical Examination	30%
Total	100%

Community Health Nursing - II

Placement – Fourth Year

Time: Theory- 90 hours
Practical - 330 hours

Course Description: This Course is designed for students to practice community health nursing for the individual, family and groups at both urban and rural settings by using concept and principles of health and community health nursing.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	4	● Define concepts, scope, principles and historical development of community Health and community Health Nursing	 Introduction Definition, concept & scope of community Health and community Health Nursing Historical development of Community health Community health Nursing. Pre Independence Post Independence 	• Lecture discussion	•Essay type Short answers
II	6	• Describe health plans, policies, various health committees and health problems in India.	Health planning and policies and problems National health planning in India - Five Year Plans Various committees and commissions on health and family welfare, Central councilfor health and family welfare (CCH and FW) NRHM, NUHM, MDG, SDG National Health Policy (1983, 2002) National population policy Health problems in India Recent health policies	 Lecture discussion Panel discussion 	◆Essay Type ◆Short Answers
III	15	 Describe the system of delivery of community health services in rural and urban areas List the functions of various levels 	Delivery of community health services Planning, budgeting and material management of SCs, PHC and CHC Programme management including supervision and monitoring. Ayushman Bharath	 Lecture discussion Visits to various health delivery systems Supervised field practice 	◆Essay Type ◆Short Answers

Unit Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	and their staffing pattern Explain the components of health services Describe alternative systems of health promotion and health maintenance Describe the chain of referral system.	 Rural: Organization, staffing and functions of rural health services provided by government at: Village Sub centre Primary health centre: Conceptof Health and Wellness centre Community health centre/sub divisional Hospitals - District, State & Centre. Urban: Organization, staffing and functions of urban health services provided by government at: Slums Dispensaries Maternal and child health centres Special Clinics Hospitals Corporation / Municipality / Board. Components of health services Environmental sanitation Health education Vital statistics M.C.H - antenatal, natal, postnatal, MTP Act, female feticide act, child adoption act. Introduction to Rashtreeya Balsuraksha Karyakram (RBSK) Mother and child tracking system Safe birth checklist Postpartum visits by health worker Family welfare National health programmes School health services 	• Panel discussion	

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Occupational health Defense services Institutional Services. System of Medicine and health care Allopathy Indian System of Medicine and Homeopathy Alternative health care systems like yoga, meditation, social and spiritual healing etc. Referral system. 		
IV	25	Describe Community Health Nursing approachesand Describe the roles and responsibilities of Community health nursing personnel.	Community health nursing approaches, concepts and roles and responsibilities of nursing personnel. ❖ Approaches - Nursing theories and Nursing process - Epidemiological approach - Problem solving approach - Evidence based approach - Empowering people to care for themselves ❖ Concepts of Primary Health Care: - Equitable distribution - Community Participation - Focus on prevention - Use of appropriate technology - Multi-sectoral approach ❖ Roles and responsibilities of Community health nursing personnel in - Family health services - Information Education Communication (IEC) - Management information (MIS) - Maintenance of Records & Reports - Training and supervision of various categories of health	 Lecture discussion Demonstration Practice session Supervised field practice Participation in camps Group Project 	•Essay Type •Short Answers

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			workers - National Health programmes - Environmental sanitation - Maternal and Child health and family welfare - Organization of labour room - Treatment of minor ailments - School Health Services - Occupational Health - Organization of clinics, camps: Types, Preparation, Planning, Concept, conduct and evaluation - Waste management in the centre, clinics etc., - Home visit: Concept, Principles, Process, Techniques: Bag technique home visit. * Qualities of Community Health Nurse – Behavioral change, Communication & Soft skill * Job description of Community health nursing personnel. * Middle level health provider-Roles & Responsibilities		
V	15	Describe and appreciate the activities of community health nurse in assisting individuals and groups to promote and maintain their health	Assisting individuals and groupsto promote and maintain their health. ❖ Empowerment for self care of individual, families and groupsin - Diagnosing & Treatment skills using SOP's A. Assessment of self and family Monitoring growth and development - Mile stones - Weight measurement - Social development - Temperature and Blood pressure monitoring - Menstrual cycle	 Lecture discussion Demonstration Practice session Supervised field practice Individual / group / family / Community health education. 	•Essay Type •Short Answers

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			- Breast self examination and	Activities	
			testicles		
			- Warning signs of various		
			diseases		
			- Tests: Urine for sugar and		
			albumin, blood sugar		
			B. Seek health services for		
			- Routine checkup		
			- Immunization		
			- Counseling		
			- Diagnosis		
			- Treatment		
			- Follow up		
			C. Maintenance of Health Recordsfor		
			self and family		
			D. Continue medical care and follow		
			up in community for various		
			diseases and disabilities		
			E. Carryout therapeutic proceduresas		
			prescribed / required for self and		
			family – Drug Dispensing		
			F. Waste Management - Collection and disposal of wasteat		
			home and community		
			G. Sensitize and handle social issues		
			affecting health and development		
			for self and family		
			- Social Mobilization		
			- Women Empowerment		
			- Women and child abuse		
			- Abuse of elders		
			- Female feticide		
			- Commercial sex workers		
			- Food adulteration		
			- Substance abuse		
			H. Utilize community resources for		
			self and family		
			- Trauma services		
			- Old age homes		
			- Orphanage		
			- Homes for physically and		
			mentally challenged individuals		
			- Homes for destitute .		

Unit Time (Hrs)		Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
VI 20	 Describe National health and family welfare programmes and role of a nurse. Describe various health schemes in India. 	National health and family welfare programmes and the role of a nurse. National ARI Programme Revised National Tuberculosis (RNTCP) National Anti-Malaria Programme National Filaria control programme National Guinea worm eradication programme National Leprosy eradication programme National AIDS control programme National programme for controlof blindness Iodine deficiency disorder programme Expanded programme on immunization National family welfare programme historical development, organization, administration, Research, constraints National water supply and sanitation programme Minimum Need programme Minimum Need programme National Diabetics control programme National cancer control Programme National Nutritional Anemia prophylaxis programme Yaws Eradication Programme National Nutritional Anemia prophylaxis programme National Nutritional Anemia prophylaxis programme National mental health programme National mental health programme National mental health programme Health schemes ESI	 Lecture discussion Participation in National Programme Field visits 	●Essay Type ●Short Answers

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 CGHS Health insurance, other schemes Recent health programmes. 		
VII	5	• Explain the roles and functions of various national and international health agencies	Health Agencies ❖ International - WHO,UNFPA, UNDP, World Bank, FAO, UNICEF, DANIDA, European Commission (EC). Red cross, USAID, UNESCO,Colombo Plan, ILO,CARE etc. ❖ National - Indian Red Cross, Indian Council for child welfare, Family Planning Association of India (FPAI), Tuberculosis Association of India, Hindu KushtNivaran Sangh, Central Social Welfare Board, All India Women's conference, Blind Association of India etc.	 Lecture discussion Field visits 	• Essay Type • Short Answers

Internal assessment: (25 Marks -Refer to regulations)

Three Unit test marks	45%
Two Assignment marks	25%
Model Exam	25%
Attendance	5%
Total	100%

Bibliography:

Text book:

1. Park (JE), Text Book of Preventive and Social Medicine, Bhanarsidas Bhanot Publishers, Jabalpur, 19th Edition, 2007.

Suggested Reference:

- 1. Stanhope(M), Public Health Nursing: Population-centered Health Care in the Community, Elsevier, 7th Edition, 2008.
- 2. Rao (KS), Introduction to Community Health Nursing, S,I.Publications, Chennai, 1989.
- 3. T.N.A.I., A Community Nursing Manual, New Gian Press, New Delhi, 1989.

- 4. Allender, Community Health Nursing: Promoting & Protecting the Public's Health, Lippincott,6th Edition.
- 5. Piyush, Textbook of Preventive and social Medicine, CBS,2nd Edition.
- 6. Clark, Community Nursing, Reston Publishing Company Inc., Virginia.
- 7. Freeman, Community Health Nursing Practice, W.B.Saunders Company, Philadelphia.
- 8. Ghosh, Manual of Social and Preventive Medicine, Vijoya Publishing House, Calcutta.

Community Health Nursing - II - Practical

Time: Practical - 330

Placement –Fourth Year Hours

Areas	Duration (in week)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assignmen Method
Commu nity Health Nursing	1 week for urban ,4 week for rural	 Identify community profile Identify prevalent communicable and non-communicable diseases Diagnose health needs of Individual, families and community Plan, provide and evaluate care. Participate school health programme Participate in National health programmes Organize group for self help and involve clients in their own health activities Provide family welfare services Counsel and 	 Community health survey Community diagnosis Family care: Home adaptation of common procedures Home visit: Bag technique Organize and conduct clinics antenatal, postnatal, well baby clinic, camps etc. Screen manage and referrals for: High risk mothers and neonates Accidents and emergencies Illnesses: Physical and mental Disabilities Conduct delivery at centre / home: episiotomy and suturing Resuscitate newborn School health programme Screen, manage, refer children Collaborate with health and allied agencies Train and supervise health workers 	 Community survey report 1Family care study − 1 Project-1 Health talk-1 Case book recording 	 Assess clinical performa ce with rating scale Evaluation of community community care studing project and health tal Completion of case book recording

Areas Duration (in week)	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assignmen Method
	educate Individual, family and community Collect Vital health statistics Maintain Records & Reports	 Provide family welfare services: insertion of IUD Counsel and teach individual, family and community about: HIV,TB,Diabetes, hypertension, Mental health, adolescents,elderly health, physically, physically and mentally challenged individuals etc. Collect and calculate Vital health statistics Document and maintain. Individual, family and administrative records. Write reports-center, disease, national health programme / projects. 		

Internal assessment for Practical: (100 Marks/ 50 Marks -Refer to regulations)

Continuous Evaluation of Clinical Performance	30%
Clinical assignment (Case study/ Practical record/Case book)	20%
Clinical Presentation	10%
Observational /field visit/ Health talk	10%
Model Practical Examination	30%
Total	100%

Management of Nursing Services and Education

Placement – Fourth Year

Time: Theory – 90 hours Practical - 25

Course Description: The course is designed to enable to student to acquire understanding of management of clinical and community health nursing services, Nursing Educational programme. This is also designed to enable students to acquire understanding of the professional responsibilities, prospects and contribution to the growth of the profession.

Unit		me [rs]	Learning	Content	Teaching Learning	Assessme nt
	Th.	Pr.	Objectives		Activities	Methods
I	4		• Explain the principles and functions of management	principles and functions of Nursing: Definition, Concepts & Explain using		• Short answer s
II	5		Describe the elements and process of management	 Management Process:- Planning; mission, Philosophy, Objectives & Operational plan. Staffing: - Philosophy staffing study, norms, activities, patient Classification system, Scheduling. Human resources, Management; recruiting, selecting, development, retaining, Promoting, Super annuation etc. Budgeting: - Concept, Principles, types cost, benefit analysis and audit. Material Management: - Equipment & Supplies Directing (Leading) Process. Controlling: - Quality Management. Program evaluation Review Technique (PERT), Bench marking, Activity Plan (Gantt Chart) 	 Lecture Discussion Simulated Exercises Case studies 	• Essay type • Short answer s
III	8	20	• Describe the management of nursing services in	Management of Nursing Services in the Hospital & Community Planning: -	Lecture DiscussionDemonstra tion	Essay typeShort answer

the hospital and community Hospital (and community) Hospital & Patient care units including ward management. Emergency & Disaster Management. Human Resource Management. Recruiting selecting, development superannuation etc. Categories of nursing personnel including job, description of all levels. Patient / Population Classification Systems Patient / Population assignment — & Nursing care responsibilities. Staff development & wellfare. Budgeting proposal, projecting requirements for staff, equipment and supplies for Hospital & Patient care units. Emergency and disaster Management. Material Management; procurement, inventory control, auditing and maintenance in: Hospital & Patient care units. Emergency and disaster Management. Directing & Leading: - Delegation, Participatory Management. Assignments, Rotations, delegation, Supervision & Guidance. Implement standards, Polices, Procedures & Practices. Staff Development & Welfare. Maintenance of Discipline. Controlling: Nursing protocols manuals. Quality Assurance model, Documentation. Records— & reports performance appraisal.	Assess ment of proble m solving exercis es Assess ment of the assign ments Perfor mance evaluat ion by ward sister with
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IV	5		• Describe the concepts, theories and techniques of organization al behavior and human relations.	Organizational Behavior and Human Relations:- Concept and theories of Organizational Behaviors. Review of Channels of Communication. Leadership styles. Review of Motivation concepts and theories Group dynamics Techniques of: Communication and Interpersonal relationships. Human Relations Public Relations in Contextof Nursing. Relations with Professional associations & employees Unions & Collective bargaining.	 Lecture Discussion Role Plays Group games Self assessment Case discussion Practice session 	 Essay type Short answer s Assess ment of proble m solving
V	5	5	● Participate in planning and organizing in service education program.	 In service Education:- Nature & Scope of in service education program. Organization of in service education. Principles of adult learning. Planning for in service education program; techniques, Methods & Evaluation of staff educationprogramme Preparation of Report. 	 Lecture Discussion Plan and conduct an educational session for in service nursing personnel 	 Short answer Objecti ve type Assess the plannin g and conduct of the educati onal session
VI	10	•	• Describe management of nursing educational institutions	Management of Nursing educational institutions • Establishment of Nursing Educational institution INC norms and guidelines. • Co – ordination with:- Regulatory bodies Accreditation Affiliation Philosophy / Objectives Organization Structure Committees Physical Facilities College / School Hostel, Student	 Lecture Discussion Role plays Counseling session Group Exercises 	• Essay type • Short answer s

VII	10	•	 Describe the ethical and legal responsibilit ies of a professional nurse; Explain the nursing practice standards. 	Selection Admission Guidance & Counseling Maintaining discipline -faculty and Staff. Selection Recruitment Job description Placement, Performance appraisal Development & Welfare Budgeting. Equipment & Supplies A.V. Aids, books, Laboratory equipment, books, Journals etc. Curriculum; Planning, implementations & Evaluation. Clinical Facilities Transport Facilities Institutional Records—& reports Administrative, Faculty, Staff & Students. Nursing as a Profession. Philosophy; Nursing practice Aims—& Objectives Characteristics of Professional Nurse. Regulatory bodies; INC, SNC Acts;- constitution, functions Current trends and issues in Nursing Professional ethics Code of ethics: INC, ICN	 Lecture Discussion Case discussion Panel discussion Role plays Critical incidents Visit to INC / SNRCs 	 Short answer s Assess ment of critical inciden ts
			ies of a professional nurse; • Explain the nursing practice	Aims¬ & Objectives Characteristics of Professional Nurse. Regulatory bodies; INC, SNC Acts;- constitution, functions Current trends and issues in Nursing	 Panel discussion Role plays Critical incidents Visit to INC / 	ment of critical inciden

VIII	3	●Explain the	Professional Advancement:-	• Lecture	Short
		various	 Continuing Education 	Discussion	answer
		opportunities	 Career Opportunity 	•Review /	S
		for	 Collective bargaining 	Presentation	
		professional advancemen t.	 Membership with Professional, Organizations, national & International. 	of published articles Group work	
			 Participation in research activities. Publications, Journals, News Papers etc. 	on maintenance of bulletin board	

Internal assessment: (25 Marks - Refer to regulations)

Three Unit test marks	45%
Two Assignment marks	25%
Model Exam	25%
Attendance	5%
Total	100%

Reference Books:

- 1. Basavanthappa (BT), Nursing Administration, Jaypee Brother, New Delhi, 2002.
- 2. Stanhope(M), Public Health Nursing: Population-centered Health Care in the Community, Elsevier, 7th Edition, 2008.
- 3. T.N.A.I., A Community Nursing Manual, New Gian Offset Press, New Delhi, 1989.

VIII. Integrated Nursing Training (INTERNSHIP)

S. No	Subject	In weeks	Practical (In hrs)
1.	Midwifery and Obstetrical Nursing	9	432
2.	Community Health Nursing – II	4	192
3.	Medical Surgical Nursing (Adult and Geriatric)	5	240
4.	Child Health Nursing	3	144
5.	Mental Health Nursing	2	96
6.	Research Project*	1	45
	Total	24	1150

^{*}project work to be carried out during internship

1. MIDWIFERY AND OBSTETRICAL NURSING weeks)

Duration-432 Hours (9

Duration:192 Hours

Areas	Duration in weeks	Objectives	Skills	Assignments	Assessment methods
Labour Ward	3	Provide	Integrated	•Completionof	Assess clinical
Neonatal intensive care unit	1	comprehensive care to mothers and neonates	practice	other essential requirements •Case book	performance with rating scale
AntenatalPostnatal	2 3			recordings	Completion of case book recordings

2. COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING-II (4weeks)

Areas	Duration (in week)	Objectives	Skills	Assessment
Urban	2 weeks	 Provide comprehensive careto individual, family and community 	 Integrated practice and group project-1in each rural and urban 	 Assess clinical performance with rating scale Evaluation of project.
Rural or urban PHC / SC / CHC	2 weeks	 Provide comprehensive careto individual, familyand community as MLHP 	 Integrated practice as MLHP 	 Assess clinical performance with rating scale. Completion of log book.

Note: During the rural posting they should stay in health centers under the supervision ofteachers.

MIDDLE LEVEL HEALTHCARE PROVIDER (MLHP)

TOPICS INCORPORATED

- 1. Roles and responsibilities of middle level health care providers (MLHP)
- 2. New National health programs
- 3. AYUSHMAN BHARAT- The up gradation of sub centers into health and wellness centers, concept of comprehensive primary health care and key elements of CPHC, Services delivery and continuum of care and roles of middle level health care providers (MLHP)
- 4. Diagnosing and treatment skills essential at sub center level using standard treatment protocols as per national health programmes
- 5. Introduction to Rashtriya Bal Sureksha Karyakaram (RBSK)
- 6. Social mobilization skills
- 7. Drug dispensing
- 8. Programme management including supervision and monitoring
- 9. Investigation of an outbreak
- 10. Behavior change communication and soft skills
- 11. Integrated disease surveillance project (IDSP)
- 12. Mother and child tracking system
- 13. Chikungunya
- 14. Organization of labour room
- 15. Safe child birth checklist
- 16. Postpartum visits by health workers
- 17. Family planning 2020
- 18. National family planning programs
- 19. Food borne diseases

TOPICS REVIEWED:-

- Health planning and health care delivery system in India (IPHS guidelines)
- Health management information system (HMIS)
- Electronic medical records(EMR)
- Micro birth planning
- Adolescent counseling
- Sources of vital statistics
- Financial management, accounts and computing at sub center
- Mental health act, drug de addiction program
- Time trends in disease occurrence in epidemiology
- Infant and young child feeding and counseling
- Nutrition across lifecycle and update on National nutritional programmes
- Use of equipment
- Throat problems and febrile seizures in children
- Transportation of baby and common accidents and mishaps in labour room
- Counseling GATHER approach
- Update Biomedical waste management by specifying biomedical waste management rule2016
- Suturing of superficial wounds
- Postpartum Intra Uterine Contraceptive Device (PPIUCD)
- All the national health programmes on communicable, non communicable.

3. MEDICAL SURGICAL NURSING

weeks)

Duration: 240 Hours (5

Duration: 144 Hours

Duration: 96 Hours

Duration: 45 Hours (1week)

Area	Duration (in weeks)	Objective	Skills	Assessment
Medical ward	1	Provide comprehensive care to patients	Integrated practice	Assess clinical performance with rating scale
Surgical ward	1	with medical and surgical conditions		
Critical care unit/ICCU	1	including emergencies		
Casualty/ Emergency	1			
Operation theatre (Eye, ENT, Neuro)	1	Assist with common operations		

4. CHILD HEALTH NURSING (3weeks)

Area	Duration (weeks)	Objective	Skills	Assessment
Paediatric medicine ward/ICU	1	 Provide comprehensive careto children with medical conditions 	Integrated practice	 Assess clinical performance with rating scale
Paediatric surgery ward /ICU	1	 Provide comprehensive careto children with surgical conditions 	 Integrated practice 	• Assess clinical performance with rating scale
NICU	1	Provide intensive care to neonates	Integrated practice	 Assess clinical performance with rating scale

MENTAL HEALTH NURSING (2weeks)

Areas	Duration	Objectives	Skills	Assessment
Psychiatry Ward	2 Weeks	Provide comprehensive care to patients with mental health problems	Integrated practice	Assess clinical performance with rating scale

6. RESEARCH PROJECT

X. APPENDICES

1. QUESTION PAPER PATTERN:

B.Sc. (Nursing) DEGREE EXAMINATIONI YEAR ALL NURSING SUBJECTS

Time: 3 hrs		Maximum: 75 marks
I Essay Questions (Answer any two)		2 X15 = 30
	1. a)	(7 marks)
b)		(8 marks)
	2. a)	(7 marks)
b)		(8 marks)
	3. a)	(7 marks)
b)		(8 marks)
II Short notes (Answer any five)		5 X 5 = 25
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		
8.		
9.		
10.		
III Short answers (Answer all)		$10 \times 2 = 20$
11.		
12.		
13.		
14.		
15.		
16.		
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18.		
19.		
20.		

B.Sc. (Nursing) DEGREE EXAMINATIONI YEAR ANATOMY & PHYSIOLOGY

Time: 3 hrs Maximum: 75 marks

SECTION A (ANATOMY) -37 marks

I Essay Questions (Answer any one)		1 X 15 =15
b)	1. a)	(7 marks) (8 marks)
b)	2. a)	(7 marks) (8 marks)
II Short notes (Answer any two)		$2 \times 5 = 10$
3. 4. 5. 6.		
III Short answers (Answer all)		$6 \times 2 = 12$
7. 8. 9. 10. 11.		
SECTION B (PHYSIOLOGY)	–38 marks	
IV Essay Questions (Answer any one)		1 X 15 =15
b)	13. a)	(7 marks) (8 marks)
b)	14. a)	(7 marks) (8 marks)
V Short notes (Answer any three)		$3 \times 5 = 15$
15.15. 16.16. 17.17. 18.18. 19.19.		
VI Short answers (Answer all)		$4 \times 2 = 8$
20.20. 21.21. 22.22. 23.23.		

B.Sc. (Nursing) DEGREE EXAMINATIONII - YEAR NUTRITION AND BIOCHEMISTRY

Time: 3 hrs Maximum: 75 marks

SECTION A (NUTRITION) - 45 marks

	i i ii	
I Essay Questions (Answer any one) 1. a) b)		1 X 15 =15 (7 marks) (8 marks)
2. a) b) II Short notes (Answer any four)		(7 marks) (8 marks) 4 X 5 = 20
3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.		
III Short answers (Answer all)		$5 \times 2 = 10$
9. 10. 11. 12. 13.		
SECTION B (BIOCH	HEMISTRY) – 30 mai	rks
IV. Essay Questions (Answer any one)		1 X 10 = 10
b)	14. a)	(5 marks) (5 marks)
b)	15. a)	(5 marks) (5 marks)
V Short notes (Answer any two)		$2 \times 5 = 10$
16.16. 17.17. 18.18. 19.19.		
VI Short answers (Answer all)		5X 2 = 10
20.20. 21.21. 22.22. 23.23. 24.24.		

B.Sc. (Nursing) DEGREE EXAMINATIONI YEAR MICROBIOLOGY

I Essay Questions (Answer any two) 2 X15 = 30 b) 1. a) (7 marks) b) 2. a) (7 marks) b) (8 marks) 3. a) (7 marks) (8 marks) (8 marks) II Short notes (Answer any five) 5 X 5 = 25 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 10 X 2 = 20
b) (8 marks) 2. a) (7 marks) (8 marks) b) 3. a) (7 marks) (8 marks) II Short notes (Answer any five) 5 X 5 = 25 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. Short answers (Answer all) 10 X 2 = 20
b) (8 marks) 1. Short notes (Answer any five) (8 marks) 1. Short notes (Answer any five) (5 X 5 = 25) 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. Short answers (Answer all) 10 X 2 = 20
b) (8 marks) II Short notes (Answer any five) 5 X 5 = 25 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. Short answers (Answer all) 10 X 2 = 20
4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. Short answers (Answer all) 10 X 2 = 20
5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. Short answers (Answer all) 10 X 2 = 20
6. 7. 8. 9. 10. Short answers (Answer all) 10 X 2 = 20
7. 8. 9. 10. Short answers (Answer all) 10 X 2 = 20
8. 9. 10. Short answers (Answer all) 10 X 2 = 20
9. 10. Short answers (Answer all) 10 X 2 = 20
10. Short answers (Answer all) 10 X 2 = 20
Short answers (Answer all) 10 X 2 = 20
11
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19.

B.Sc. (Nursing) DEGREE EXAMINATIONII - YEAR PHARMACOLOGY, PATHOLOGY AND GENETICS

Time: 3 hrs Maximum: 75 marks

SECTION A (PHARMACOLOGY) - 38 marks

I Essay Questions (Answer any one)		1 X 15 =15
1. a) b)		(7 marks) (8 marks)
2. a) b)		(7 marks) (8 marks)
II Short notes (Answer any three)		3 X 5 = 15
3. 4. 5. 6. 7.		
III Short answers (Answer all)		$4 \times 2 = 8$
8. 9. 10. 11.		
SECTION B (PAHOLOGY & GENTICS)	-37 marks	
IV. Essay Questions - Pathology (Answer any one) 1 X 10 = 10		
b)	12. a)	(5 marks) (5 marks)
b)	13. a)	(5 marks) (5 marks)
V Short notes (Answer any three)		3 X 5 = 15
14. Pathology15. Pathology16. Genetics17. Genetics18. Genetics		
VI Short answers (Answer all)		6 X 2 = 12
19. Pathology 20. Pathology 21. Pathology 22. Pathology 23. Pathology 24. Genetics		

B.Sc. (Nursing) DEGREE EXAMINATIONIII - YEAR

RESEARCH AND STATISTICS

Time: 3 hrs	Maximum: 75 marks	
SI	ECTION A (RESEARCH) – 50 marks	
I Essay Questions (Answer an	y Two)	2 X 15 =30
b)	1. a)	(7 marks) (8 marks)
b)	2. a)	(7 marks) (8 marks)
b)	3. a)	(7 marks) (8 marks)
II Short notes (Answer any t	wo)	2 X 5 = 10
4. 5. 6. 7.		
III Short answers (Answer al		$5 \times 2 = 10$
8. 9. 10. 11. 12.		
	SECTION B (STATISTICS) – 25 marks	
IV. Essay Questions (Answer	any one)	1 X 15 = 15
b)	13. a)	(5 marks) (5 marks)
b)	14. a)	(5 marks) (5 marks)
V Short notes (Answer any tv	wo)	$2 \times 5 = 10$
15.15. 16.16. 17.17.		

18.18.

GUIDELINES TO OPEN B.SC.(N) College OF NURSING(ADOPTED

FROM INC WEBSITE)

- 1. The following Establishments / Organizations are eligible to establish / Open a B.Sc. (N) College of Nursing.
 - a. Central Government/State Government/Local body;
 - b. Registered Private or Public Trust;
 - c. Organizations Registered under Societies Registration Act including Missionary Organizations;
 - d. Companies incorporated under section 8 of Company's Act;
- 2. The eligible Organizations / Establishments should have their own 100 bedded Parent Hospital. Provided that in respect of Tribal and Hilly Area the requirement of own ParentHospital is exempted.
 - Tribal area Scheduled notified area; [Areas as the President of India mayby order declare to be Scheduled Areas;]
 - Hilly area North East States, Jammu & Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh & Uttarakhand.
- 3. The eligible Organizations / Establishments should obtain Essentiality Certificate / No objection Certificate from the concerned State Government where the B.Sc (N) College of Nursing is sought to be established. The particulars of the name of the College / Nursing Institution along with the name of the Trust /Society [as mentioned in Trust Deed or Memorandum of Association] as also full address shall be mentioned in No Objection Certificate/Essentiality Certificate.
- 4. After receipt of the Essentiality Certificate/ No objection Certificate, the eligible institution shall get recognition from the concerned State Nursing Council for the B.Sc. (N) programme for the particular Academic Year, which is a mandatoryrequirement.
- 5. The Indian Nursing Council shall after receipt of the above documents / proposal would then conduct Statutory Inspection of the recognized training nursing institution under Section 13 of Indian Nursing Council Act 1947 in order to assess the suitability with regard to availability of Teaching faculty, Clinical and Infrastructural facilities in conformity with Regulations framed under the provisions of Indian Nursing Council Act, 1947.

Minimum Requirement to establish B.Sc. (N) Programme

I. PHYSICAL FACILITIES

i. Building:

The College of Nursing should have a separate building. The college of Nursing should be near to its parent hospital having space for expansion in an institutional area. For a College with an annual admission capacity of 40-60 students, the constructed area of the college should be 23720 square feet. Adequate hostel/residential accommodation for students and staff should be available in addition to the above mentioned built up area of the Nursing College respectively. The details of the constructed area are given below for admission capacity of 40-60 students:

ii. Teaching Block:

Sl.No	Teaching Block	Area (Figures in Sq feet)
1.	Lecture Hall	4 @ 1080 = 4320
2.	(i) Nursing foundation lab	1500
	(ii) CHN	900
	(iii) Nutrition	900
	(iv) OBG and Paediatrics lab	900
	(v) Pre-clinical science lab	900
	(vi) Computer Lab	1500
3.	Multipurpose Hall	3000
4.	Common Room (Male & Female)	1100
5.	Staff Room	1000
6.	Principal Room	300
7.	Vice Principal Room	200
8.	Library	2400
9.	A.V. Aids Room	600
10.	One room for each Head of	800
11.	Faculty Room	2400
12.	Provisions for Toilets	1000
	Total	23720 Sqr. Ft.

Note: -

- Nursing Educational institution should be in Institutional area only and not inresidential
 area.
- If the institute has non-nursing programme in the same building, Nursingprogramme should have separate teaching block.
- Shift-wise management with other educational institutions will not be accepted.
- Separate teaching block shall be available if it is in hospital premises.
- Proportionately the size of the built-up area will increase according to the number of students admitted.
- School and College of nursing can share laboratories, if they are in same campus under same name and under same trust, that is the institution is one but offering different nursing programmes. However they should have equipments and articles proportionate to the strength of admission. And the class rooms should be available as per the requirement stipulated by Indian Nursing Council of each programme.

a. Class rooms

There should be at least four classrooms with the capacity of accommodating the number of students admitted in each class. The rooms should be well ventilated with proper lighting system. There should be built in Black/Green/White Boards. Also there should be a desk/ dais/a big table and a chair for the teacher and racks/cupboards for keeping teaching aids or any other equipment needed for the conduct of classes also should be there.

- **b.** Departments: College should have following departments,
 - Fundamentals of Nursing including Nutrition
 - Medical Surgical Nursing
 - Community Health Nursing
 - Obstetric and Gynecological Nursing
 - Child Health Nursing
 - Psychiatry and Mental Health Nursing

c. Laboratories

Nursing Foundations and Medical Surgical
Community Health Nursing
OBG and Peadiatracs
Nutrition
Computer with 10 computers
Pre Clinical Science Lab. (Biochemistry, Microbiology, Biophysics, Anatomy & Physiology)

d. Auditorium

Auditorium should be spacious enough to accommodate at least double the sanctioned/actual strength of students, so that it can be utilized for hosting functions of the college, educational conferences/ workshops, examinations etc. It should have proper stage with green room facilities. It should be well – ventilated and have proper lighting system. There should be arrangements for the use of all kinds of basic and advanced audio-visual aids.

e. Multipurpose Hall

College of Nursing should have multipurpose hall, if there is no auditorium.

f. Library

There should be a separate library for the college. The size of the Library should be of minimum 2400 sqr. Ft. It should be easily accessible to the teaching faculty and the students. Library should have seating arrangements for at least 60 students for reading and having good lighting and ventilation and space for stocking and displaying of books and journals. The library should have at least 3000 books. In a new College of Nursing the total number of books should be proportionately divided on yearly basis in four years. At least 10 set of books in each subject to facilitate for the students to refer the books. The number of journals should 15 out of which one- third shall be foreign journals and subscribed on continuous basis. There should be sufficient number of cupboards, book shelves and racks with glass doors for proper and safe storage of books, magazines, journals, newspapers and other literature.

In the library there should be provision for:

Staff reading room for 10 persons.

- Rooms for librarian and other staff with intercom phone facility
- ➤ Video and cassette / CD room (desirable)
- ➤ Internet facility.

g. Offices Requirements

a) Principal's Office

There should be a separate office for the Principal with attached toilet and provision for visitor's room. Independent telephone facility is a must for the Principal's office with intercom facility connected/linked to the hospital and hostel and a computer with internet facility. The size of the office should be 300 sqr. ft.

b) Office for Vice-Principal

There should be a separate office for the Vice-Principal with attached toilet and provision for visitor's room. Independent telephone facility is a must for Vice-principal's office with intercom facility connected/linked to the hospital and hostel and a computer with internet facility. The size of the office should be 200 sqr. ft.

c) Office for Faculty Members

There should be adequate number of office rooms in proportion to the number of teaching faculty. One office room should accommodate 2 teachers only. Separate toilet facility should be provided for the teaching faculty with hand washing facility. There should be a separate toilet for male teachers. The size of the room should be 200 sqr. ft. Separate chambers for heads of the department should be there.

d) One separate office room for the office staff should be provided with adequate toilet facility. This office should be spacious enough to accommodate the entire office staff with separate cabin for each official. Each office room should be adequately furnished with items like tables, chairs, cupboards, built –in racks and shelves, filing cabinets and book cases. Also there should be provision for typewriters, computers and telephone.

h. Common Rooms

A minimum of 3 common rooms should be provided. One for the teaching faculty, one for the student and one for the office staff. Sufficient space with adequate seating arrangements, cupboards, lockers, cabinets, built-in-shelves and racks should be provided in all the common rooms. Toilet and hand washing facilities should be made available in each room.

i. Record Room

There should be a separate record room with steel racks, built-in shelves and racks, cupboards and filing cabinets for proper storage of records and other important papers/documents belonging to the college.

i. Store room

A separate store room should be provided to accommodate the equipments and other inventory articles which are required in the laboratories of the college. This room should have the facilities for proper and safe storage of these articles and equipments like cupboards, built-in-shelves, racks, cabinets, furniture items like tables and chairs. This room should be properly lighted and well-ventilated.

k. Room for Audio-Visual Aids

This room should be provided for the proper and safe storage of size 600 sq. ft. for allthe Audio-Visual Aids.

l. Other Facilities

Students' welfare hall of size 400 sqr. ft. Indoor games hall of size 4000 ft. Safe drinking water and adequate sanitary/toilet facilities should be available for both men and women separately in the college in each floor common toilets for teachers (separate for male and female) i.e 4 toilets with Wash basins. Common toilets for students (separate for male and female) 12 with Wash Basins for 60 students.

m. Garage

Garage should accommodate a 60 seater vehicle.

n. Fire Extinguisher

Adequate provision for extinguishing fire should be available as per the localbyelaws.

o. Playground

Playground should be spacious for outdoor sports like Volleyball, football,badminton and for Athletics.

iii. Hostel Block (60 Students):

S. No.	Hostel Block	Area (Figures in Sq feet)
1.	Single Room	24000
	Double Room	
2.	Sanitary	One latrine & One Bath room
		(for 5 students) - 500
3.	Visitor Room	500
4.	Reading Room	250
5.	Store	500
6.	Recreation Room	500
7.	Dining Hall	3000
8.	Kitchen & Store	1500
	Total	30750 Sqr. Ft.

Grand Total : 23720 + 30750 = 54470 Sqr. Ft.

Note: Proportionately the size of the built-up area will increase according to the number of students admitted.

Hostel Facilities: There should be a separate hostel for the male and female students. It shouldhave the following facilities.

1. Hostel Room

It should be ideal for 2 students with the minimum 100 sq. ft. carpet area. The furniture provided should include a cot, a table, a chair, a book rack, a cupboard and a cloth rack for each student.

2. Toilet and Bathroom

Toilet and bathroom facilities should be provided on each floor of the students hostel at the rate of one toilet and one bathroom for 2-6 students. Geysers in bathroom and wash basins should also be provided.

3. Recreation

There should be facilities for indoor and outdoor games. There should be provision for T.V., radio and video cassette player.

4. Visitor's Room

There should be a visitor room in the hostel with comfortable seating, lighting and toilet facilities.

5. Kitchen & Dining Hall

There should be a hygienic kitchen and dining hall to seat at least 80% ofthe total students strength at one time with adequate tables, chairs, water coolers, refrigerators and heating facilities. Hand washing facilities must be provided.

6. Pantry

One pantry on each floor should be provided. It should have water cooler and heating arrangements.

7. Washing & Ironing Room

Facility for drying and ironing clothes should be provided in each floor.

8. Sick Room

A sick room should have a comfortable bed, linen, furniture and attached toilet. Minimum of 5 beds should be provided.

9. Room for Night Duty Nurses

Should be in a quiet area.

10. Guest Room

A guest room should be made available.

11. Warden's Room

Warden should be provided with a separate office room besides her residential accommodation.

12. Canteen

There should be provision for a canteen for the students, their guests, and allother staff members.

13. Transport

College should have separate transport facility under the control of the Principal. 50 seated bus is preferable.

14. Residential Accommodation:

Residential family accommodation for faculty, should be provided, according to their marital status. Telephone facility for the Principal at her residence must be provided. Residential accommodation with all facilities is to be provided to the Hostel Warden.

IV. CRÈCHE

There should be a crèche in the college campus.

V. Staff for the Hostel:

- 1. Warden (Female) -3: Qualification- B.Sc. Home Science or Diploma in Housekeeping/ Catering. Minimum three wardens must be there in every hostel for morning, evening and night shifts. If number of students s more than 150, one more warden/ Asst. Warden/ House keeper for every additional 50 students.
- 2. Cook-1: For every 20 students for each shift.
- 3. Kitchen & Dining Room helper- 1: For every 20 students for each shift.
- 4. Sweeper-3
- 5. Gardener-2
- 6. Security Guard/ Chowkidar-3

VI. NURSING TEACHING FACULTY

Qualifications & experience of teachers of college of Nursing

S.	POST, QUALIFICATION & EXPERIENCE
NO.	
1.	Principal cum Professor- 15 years experience with M.Sc.(N) out of which 12 yearsshould be teaching experience with minimum of 5 years in collegiate programme. Ph.D.(N) is desirable
2.	Vice- Principal cum Professor- 12 years experience with M.Sc.(N) out of which 10 years should be teaching experiencewith minimum of 5 years in collegiate programme. Ph.D.(N) is desirable
3.	Professor- 10 years experience with M.Sc.(N) out of which 7 years should be teaching experience. Ph.D.(N) is desirable
4.	Associate Professor- M.Sc. (N) with 8 years experience including 5 years teaching experience Ph.D.(N) desirable
5.	Assistant Professor- M.Sc. (N) with 3 years teaching experiencePh.D.(N) desirable
6.	Tutor- M.Sc.(N) Or B.Sc.(N)/P.B.B.Sc.(N) with 1 year experience

S. No.	Designation	B.Sc.(N) 40-60 (Students intake)	B.Sc.(N) 1-100 (Students intake)
1	Principal	1	1
2	Vice-Principal	1	1
3	Professor	0	1
4	Associate Professor	2	4
5	Assistant Professor	3	6
6	Tutor	10-18	19-28

Principal is excluded for 1:10 teacher student ratio norms (Teacher) Tutor student ratio will be1:10

(For example for 40 students intake minimum number of teacher required is 17 including Principal. The strength of tutors will be 10, and 6 will be as per sl. No.02 to 05)

S. No.	Designation	B.Sc.(N) 40-60 (students intake)	P.B.B.Sc.(N) 20-60 (students intake)
1	Professor cum PRINCIPAL	1	
2	Professor cum VICE- PRINCIPAL	1	
3	Professor	0	
4	Associate Professor	2	
5	Assistant Professor	3	2
6	Tutor	10-18	2-10

Sl. No.	Designation	B.Sc.(N) 40-60 (students intake)	P.B.B.Sc.(N) 20-60 (students intake)	M.Sc.(N) 10-25 (students intake)
1	Professor cum	1		
	PRINCIPAL			
2	Professor cum	1		
	VICE- PRINCIPAL			
3	Professor	0		1
4	Associate Professor	2		1
5	Assistant Professor	3	2	3*
6	Tutor	10-18	2-10	

^{*1:10} teacher student ratio for M.Sc.(N) if B.Sc. (N) is also offered by the institution.

M.Sc. (N) programme.

^{*}Candidates having 3 years experience after M.Sc. (N) only will be considered for

Sl.	Designation	GNM	B.Sc.(N)	P.B.B.Sc.(N)	M.Sc.(N)
No.					
1	Professor cum PRINCIPAL		1		
2	Professor cum VICE- PRINCIPAL		1		
3	Professor		0		1*
4	Associate Professor		2		1*
5	Assistant Professor		3	2	3*
6	Tutor	6-18	10-18	2-10	

^{*1:10} teacher student ratio for M.Sc.(N) if B.Sc. (N) is also offered by the institution.

^{*}Candidates having 3 years experience after M.Sc. (N) only will be Considered for M.Sc. (N) programme.

Sl.	Designation	ANM	GNM	B.Sc.(N)	P.B.B.Sc.(N)	M.Sc.(N)
No.		20-60	20-60	40-60	20-60	10-25
1	Professor cum PRINCIPAL			1		
2	Professor cum VICE- PRINCIPAL			1		
3	Professor			0		1*
4	Associate Professor			2		1*
5	Assistant Professor			3	2	3*
6	Tutor	4-12	6-18	10-18	2-10	

^{*1:10} teacher student ratio for M.Sc.(N) if B.Sc. (N) is also offered by the institution.

Part time Teachers / External Teachers**

(i)	Microbiology
(ii)	Bio – Chemistry
(iii)	Sociology
(iv)	Bio – Physics
(v)	Psychology
(vi)	Nutrition
(vii)	English
(viii)	Computer
(ix)	Hindi / Any other language
(x)	Any other – clinical disciplines
(xi)	Physical Education.

^{**(}The above teachers should have post graduate qualification with teaching experience in respective area)

^{*}Candidates having 3 years experience after M.Sc. (N) only will be considered for M.Sc. (N) programme.

NOTE:

- No part time nursing faculty will be counted for calculating total no. of faculty required for a college.
- Irrespective of number of admissions, all faculty positions (Professor to Lecturer) must be filled.
- For M.Sc.(N) programme appropriate number of M.Sc. faculty in each speciality be appointed subject to the condition that total number of teaching faculty ceiling is maintained.
- All nursing teachers must possess a basic university or equivalent qualification as laid down in the schedules of the Indian Nursing Council Act, 1947. They shall be registered under the State Nursing Registration Act.
- Nursing faculty in nursing college except tutor/clinical instructors must possess the requisite recognized postgraduate qualification in nursing subjects.
- All teachers of nursing other than Principal and Vice-Principal should spend at least 4 hours in the clinical area for clinical teaching and/or supervision of care every day.

OTHER STAFF (Minimum requirements)

(To be reviewed and revised and rationalized keeping in mind the mechanization and contract service)

Ministerial

a. Administrative Officer : 1
b. Office Superintendent : 1
c. PA to Principal : 1
d. Accountant/ Cashier : 1
• Upper Division Clerk : 2
• Lower Division Clerk : 2
• Store Keeper : 1

a. Maintenance of stores : 1b. Classroom attendants : 2

c. Sanitary staff : As per the physical spaced. Security Staff : As per the requirement

Peons/Office attendants : 4

Library

a. Librarian : 2

b. Library Attendants : As per the requirement

Hostel

a. Wardens : 2

b. Cooks, Bearers, : As per the requirement

Sanitary Staff

c. Ayas /Peonsd. Security Staff: As per the requirement: As per the requirement

e. Gardeners & Dhobi : Depends on structural (desirable)

facilities

VII. College Management Committee: Refer to INC guidelines VIII. Admission / Selection Committee: Refer to INC guidelines

IX. CLINICAL FACILITIES

- a. College of nursing should have a 100 bedded Parent Hospital
- b. Distribution of beds in differentareas/ for 40 annual intake is,

Medical : 30 Surgical : 30

Obst. & Gynaecology: 30

Pediatrics : 20

Ortho : 10

- c. Bed Occupancy of the Hospital should be minimum 75%.
- d. The size of the Hospital/Nursing Home for affiliation should not be less than beds.
- e. Other Specialties/Facilities for clinical experience required are as follows:
 - ✓ Major OT/ Minor OT
 - ✓ Dental Eye/ENT
 - ✓ Burns and Plastic
 - ✓ Neonatologywith Nursery
 - ✓ Communicable disease
 - ✓ Community Health Nursing
 - ✓ Cardiology
 - ✓ Oncology
 - ✓ Neurology/Neuro-surgery
 - ✓ Nephrology etc.
 - ✓ ICU/ICCU
- f. Affiliation of psychiatric hospital should be of minimum 50 beds.
- g. The Nursing Staffing norms in the affiliated Hospital should be as per the INC norms.
- h. The affiliated Hospital should give student status to the candidates of the nursing programme
- i. Maximum Distance between affiliated hospitals & institutions:
 - a. Institutions generallycan be in the radius of 15-30 kms. from the affiliated hospital.
 - b. Hilly & Tribal area it can be in the radius of 30-50 kms. from the affiliated hospital.
- j. 1:3 student patient ratio to be maintained.
- k. For the grant of 100 students minimum 300 bedded Parent Hospital is mandatory.

OR

For a nursing institution (manage d by trust) a "Parent Hospital" would be a hospital either owned and controlled by the trust or managed and controlled by a member of the trust. In case the owner of the hospital is a member of the Trust that the hospital would continue to function as a "Parent Hospital" till the life of the nursing institution. The undertaking would also be to the effect that the Member of the Trust would not allow the hospital to be treated" Parent/Affiliate d Hospital" to any other nursing institution and will be for minimum 30 years [ie , signed by all members of trust] to the undertaking to be submitted from the Members of the Trust.

*** END ***

^{*}Parent Hospital for a nursing institution having the same trust which has establishednursing institutions and has also established the hospital.

^{*} Refer to INC regulations as required.